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ISSUE 293

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- Nodwick

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- Two Unusual Warbands
- History of the Free Cities

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## CHAPTER THREE: FAMILIARS

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Loose Canon

Poking around on D&D-related Internet discussion lists, especially those dedicated to an official game setting like Greyhawk or the Forgotten Realms, and you’re likely to hear a lot about “canon.” Canon is best described as official material published for a given game world, the “blueprint” of common facts about a place that serves as the starting ground for all campaigns based in that setting. Canon sets the narrative rules of a given world (gunpowder doesn’t work on Toril, and so on). It is a sacrosanct set of structures into which all campaigns must fit.

Canon, my friends, is the enemy.

For professional game designers working on official products, canon is a useful tool to ensure that a book set in a specific campaign world mirrors the “reality” of other books in the same series. If Bane’s avatar was killed by Torm during the Time of Troubles in a product released in 1991, an author shouldn’t say that Bane died of the deadly Ebola virus a few years down the road.

Canon keeps things consistent. It gives fans a common point of understanding that can form the basis of countless intriguing discussions. When you buy a Forgotten Realms product, you can be sure it’s a continuation of the same setting you’ve been following for the past several years.

What’s useful (even required) of professional designers, however, really has little place at the gaming table. A DM’s job is to create a vibrant game world that engages her players and enriches the overall “plot” of the characters’ development, from low-level hopefuls to heroes of legend. Using one of the examples above, if the DM thinks it would be fun to outfit her Celenese elven militia with long-rifles and her Sea Princes frigates with massive arrays of gun emplacements, rules from on high that say guns don’t work can be ignored. If something that goes against the “official” version of a campaign world seems fun to the DM and, more importantly, if it engages her players, the DM should throw canon to the dogs and march boldly forward with her mad ideas.

No matter how crazy and off the beaten path a campaign gets, however, it should always remain true to its internal continuity. If the players have discovered through their travels that the city of Dyvers lies west of Greyhawk along the Velverdyva River, the city should still be there the next time their group passes by. Just as Wizards of the Coast has an obligation to its readers to ensure that the Forgotten Realms of next month’s release is the same Forgotten Realms of the late 1980s, Dungeon Masters have an obligation to their players to ensure that the world of their home campaign is the same place it was last Wednesday.

Running a campaign for a bunch of friends isn’t about creating a world that must be used by thousands of gamers. It’s about a small communal experience that should be fun for the handful of friends involved in the campaign. Anything outside that group of friends shouldn’t even come into play. If some blow-hard on an online message board thinks firearms have no place in D&D, let him continue to rant and rave at his monitor while you continue to roll dice with the appreciation of your friends and the wide smile of satisfaction on your face.

Erik Mona
Editor, Living GREYHAWK Journal
Scale Mail

Doing it Right
I just wanted to tell you all how much I enjoy your magazine. My friends and I have recently switched from White Wolf RPGs to the new edition of D&D. As a new DM, your magazine has really helped me put fun adventures together. I love how every issue has new prestige classes that can be adapted to any campaign (my favorites being the “Hunter of the Dead” from issue #276, and the “Stone Lord” from issue #278). I’ve just finished reading issue #290, and I must say that the death knight template is incredible! I plan to introduce a new death knight enemy to my group when we meet this weekend.

I found the background information by Gary Holian interesting to read, Rich Redman did an excellent job on the template, and Greg Staples’s illustration does a good job of inspiring fear. Will you continue to publish more death knight templates in the future?

I also enjoyed the “Rogues Gallery” from Descent into the Depths of the Earth. I hadn’t heard of this storyline before, but I’m going to have to check it out.

I look forward to your next issue. Thanks for the great work!

Robert Maciel  •  Ogden, UT

Thanks for the praise. This is as good a place as any to print one correction, however. The primary author for the death knight template was Darrin Drader. Darrin’s work was posted on an internal message board, passed around through R&D after it was considered using it in a different project, and eventually passed to us.

We’ll certainly do more articles similar to the death knights piece. However, by similar I mean cool background and monsters, not credited to the wrong author.

Not So Familiar
After being an avid reader of Dragon Magazine before getting my subscription, I keep expecting Dragon to get better with each and every issue. Instead, I open each issue only to find that every month, another familiar that I’m dying to read is missing! First “Faiths of Faerûn” begins to appear only once in a while instead of every month. Now, to my absolute horror, even “Dragonmirth” is gone! Even though no one in my group plays in the Forgotten Realms setting, we transplant the prestige classes into our own worlds. Please stop making the familiars disappear! Dragon is beginning to look less and less familiar, and that is, in my opinion, a very, very bad thing.

Jennifer Crowell  •  Vineland, NJ

Neither of the familiars you’ve mentioned are going away. “Faiths of Faerûn” has a new regular author, and the Journal (issue #294) will be appearing every other month. “Dragonmirth” comes and goes as determined by the page count of the other editorial pages in the magazine. Rest assured, if you don’t see your favorite feature one month, it’ll likely be there the next. In the meantime, you’ll hopefully enjoy the extra pages of the issue’s feature articles.

Who Was that Masked Man?
I was extremely excited when I saw the cover for Dragon #290 (December 2001). I am hoping someone could let me know who the artist is, as well as a little bit about the picture. I really like the artwork, but when I looked for the usual photo information, it wasn’t on the picture like it usually is. I was hoping there would be mention of it in issue #291, but I didn’t find one. Please, please, please take pity on a fan and let me know.

Crystal E.  •  Address withheld

Well, I guess it’s time for oversight number two. The artist’s name is Jason Engle. We left his name off of the inside cover reproduction purely by accident. Jason not only turned that excellent art over, but he did it in record time. Jason’s art has been featured in several articles, Dungeon Magazine, and other d20 products.

Half-Finished Business
In issue #287, you included an article that had a handful of the planar factions as prestige classes. You guys rock for that! You also don’t rock for this one simple fact: That was such a tease!
I mean, come on! Where are the big three (fraternity of order, mercykillers, and harmonium)? What about the gods-men or the bleakers? And where are the dustmen? I'm willing to ignore this minor oversight, but everyone knows that when you start something, you've got to finish it. Will we see this in another issue of Dragon, or maybe in an upcoming product?

William Bryan • Portland, OR

Once the first group was done, we thought readers would be better served by tackling other ideas rather than returning to the other factions. In message board discussions, the author has mentioned posting the classes online. Keep an eye on the Dragon message board at www.wizards.com to learn if that happens.

On the Level

I am thoroughly enamored of the new edition of D&D, and I have yet to find an issue of Dragon that didn't have something in it to pique my interest.

One thing I did not entirely like, however, was the "Leveled Treasures" article from issue #289. While I thought the idea was very cool, the implementation of the mechanics makes no sense to me. It clearly states that to "level" these items, one must possess all feat, spell, skill, race, and alignment requirements necessary to make a normal version of the armor, shield, or weapon, with all of its powers.

If this is read the way I believe it's meant to be, then it automatically excludes several character classes from not only more powerful items, but from even being able to "level" the item at all. How is the fighter in the opening paragraphs of the article supposed to accomplish the empowerment of his beloved +2 longsword without multiclassing over to sorcerer or wizard and acquiring the Craft Magic Arms and Armor feat as well as the necessary spells? Classes such as the aforementioned fighter, rogue, barbarian, and monk are excluded (barring diluting their abilities via multiclassing, not the best of options if you seek to excel in a single class), and partial casters like the paladin and ranger will never benefit from these rules as much as sorcerers, wizards, or clerics (and in my opinion are better served by not wasting precious feat selections on the item creation feats required).

It would be easier to simply adventure for the money needed and have a weapon commissioned. Any way you slice it, there are far better alternatives. With some minor adjustments, this system could shine as an alternative method of acquiring magic arms and armor, but the cost of feats, skills, and spells—on top of the experience and gold needed—is, in my opinion, far too high.

Adrian Ewing • Address withheld

The text you're referring to about meeting "all the feat, spell, skill, race, and alignment requirements" is actually under the heading of "Creating Leveled Items." That section describes building a leveled item from scratch, not leveling an already made item. Characters who find a leveled item need only pay experience points to activate the item's greater powers. The only exception to this is that a character can only increase an item's bonus equivalent by +1 for every two levels plus one. For example, you must be 5th level to level an item up to a +3 equivalent bonus.

Throw Them a Bone

This is in response to "Bones to Pick," the letter nitpicking the new Oriental

Game Face

Name: Dave Schuey
Alignment: Chaotic Devious
Class/Level: Bard/Carpenter 12/2
Years Gaming: 21
Favorite Monsters: Zombies
Favorite Setting: PLANESCAPT
Greatest Gaming Moment: While playing a necromancer defending a castle, I prepared the field around the keep by burying my army of 300 zombies just under the surface. That night, when the attacking army made camp, I gave the word. Talk about rude awakenings.

Show us your game face. Send a photo and a brief description of your gaming background, including your "vital statistics" (years gaming, your gaming alignment, favorite race, class, and setting) and a short description of your greatest gaming moment. Keep it all under 100 words, and you just might see your mug right here. Send us your game face by post or email to captioncontest@wizards.com.

What's so funny? Why, you are! So send your caption for this cartoon to Caption/DRAGON Magazine, P.O. Box 707, Renton, WA 98057 by April 1st, and be sure to write "issue #293" somewhere on your entry. Your caption will undergo rigorous testing by the editors, and if it passes, it just might be printed in an upcoming issue. There's no need to cut up your magazine. If you want to include the drawing, send in a photocopy.
Adventures book. The anonymous letter writer complains about several things: the restrictions on mixing eastern and western cultures, the samurai class, and featuring ninjas only as members of prestige classes.

The letter writer wonders why the designers of Oriental Adventures couldn't find a way to allow for the mixing of cultures. Why not "allow" druids and bards in an eastern game or samurai and samurai in a western game? The answer to that question is two-fold. First, a DM can do anything he likes, and Oriental Adventures makes it easy. Oriental Adventures is a D&D game, not a d20 variant, and the races, classes, spells, feats, and skills are completely compatible with a regular D&D game. The reason, I imagine, that the designers threw out druids and bards is because they didn’t feel that they had enough examples of those specific character classes in oriental myth or history to justify spending any time on converting them to Oriental Adventures. That doesn’t mean, for example, that a DM couldn’t posit an oriental bard...

As for the samurai, the letter writer complains that he is a “glorified fighter.” To that I say good. He should not be better than a fighter, just as barbarians, rangers, and paladins are not better than fighters. A samurai’s abilities are flavorful and balanced.

The letter writer is also upset that there is no ninja base class. To me not having a new ninja base class makes perfect sense. There is already a ninja base class—the rogue. The ninja spy prestige class exists for those who want to play someone who lives up to the myth.

The letter writer is not looking beyond the book. The rules make it easy to add or take away classes—so do it. A samurai’s abilities and a little roleplaying are enough to make him cool. He doesn’t need ki shouts or a find weakness ability. The rogue, as written, is already a deadly, silent assassin. Again, a little roleplaying and he gains some mystique.

Lastly, I’m not going to claim that Oriental Adventures is perfect, but a lot of thought and care went into it; that much is obvious from the finished product. Anyone who is tempted to nitpick should realize that there is no way that its designers could satisfy everyone, and for those that are unsatisfied, the designers made it an easily customizable tool. Time spent complaining could be spent changing what one doesn’t like.

Phil Calle • Tamarac, FL

Oh Crud

I can’t seem to find anywhere else to display my disgust. I have played D&D for over fifteen years. I love the game and have spent hundreds if not thousands of dollars on the books, miniatures, and so on. I even went to see that horribly disappointing movie.

The worst blow to any true, hardcore fan is this 3rd Edition. Talk about dumbing down the best roleplaying game on the face of the earth. The powers that be have taken a game that built on people’s imaginations and made you work for your reward and turned it into an idiotic, child-like version of itself. You don’t work for your reward, the new spells and psionics are silly, the prestige class is a pathetic addition, and forcing the rest of the gaming world to change everything that they have learned for twenty to twenty-five years is just plain hell.

I have seen the rise of D&D and now, I’m sad to say, I have seen the beginning of the end. All of you have shot your foot and you don’t even know it. This is one devoted TSR fan and DM of thirty players that will not buy another product and does not allow any of this crud in the game. Until they start making products that reclaim their honor and glory, I say to all that will listen that this d20 system is the destroyer of the greatest game known to roleplaying, and those who use it are not true D&D players and masters.

J. Jackson • Kansas City, MO

Dragon Lite

I was wondering if your magazine has been put on a diet recently? I’m asking because issue #291 seems to be the shortest issue of Dragon I’ve seen in a while. How come the page count is down to 114? That’s 16 pages less than the previous issue! Are there less pages of advertisement? What’s going on? I was imagining that since Living Greyhawk Journal has now merged with Dragon, we’d be getting even fatter issues. I’m disappointed to see that I
was wrong. I hope this is a one-time event and not an indicator of a trend in your magazine.

Matthew Avery • Berkeley, CA

The page count of the magazine often varies according to the number of ads we receive. We increase the page count when we have more ads than expected. Increasing the size of the issue significantly increases the cost to make it and the work to build the issue, but we do so to keep content in the magazine. For special issues, we might add pages to fit extra content. Most issues of Dragon should be 116 pages, counting both sides of the front and back covers.

And Speaking of Covers . . .

We made a significant error on the cover of issue #291. Sharp-eyed 1st graders could easily spot that we had less than nine prestige classes in the issue and more than four druid spells.

Alas, we slept through Sesame Street and missed our mistake. The two numbers were accidentally switched: issue #291 had four feral prestige classes and nine savage spells.

And we worked so hard to make those headlines alliterate too . . .

Our Error

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WINNER

“What a laughable trap. Spraying me with butter, herbs, and spices . . .”

Congratulations Sean Keller!
Yuma, AZ

RUNNER-UPS

“What? The *7 longsword of mutant goblin-spider slaying isn’t here?” – Thomas Berriorelli

“Now that you solved the puzzle of the box, you have won my hand in marriage.” – Wade D. Huggins

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caption contest winner
DRAGON Magazine #294
Humor and Gods!
It’s time for another April issue, but never fear, DRAGON Magazine #294 has plenty of fun and games, and no-nonsense game content! At long last—vehicle rules! Chariot battles and carriage chases are kids stuff; check out all the rules you need for fantastic vehicle combat. Four Greyhawk gods come to life—their full statistics presented for the first time. Check out the magic vestments and holy relics of the deities from the Player’s Handbook. Use insults and catchphrases to define your character.
Inside you’ll also find “Class Acts,” “Faiths of Faerûn,” and “Elminster’s Guide to the Realms.” And as always, you’ll find advice, tools, and tactics to improve your game! $5.99 US/$8.99 CAN • Product No. 8294

DUlDEAGNE Magazine #91
Kambranex’s Machinations
by Robert Lee
A wizard who abandoned his body to pursue his dark experiments is still going strong. His half-machine minions terrorize a mountain village, seeking new victims to join their ranks. A D&D adventure for 9th-level PCs.

Challenge of Champions IV
by Johnathan M. Richards
The sequel to the popular first three installments in this series features another ten challenges put forth by the Adventurer’s Guild to find the best adventuring groups in the land. A D&D adventure for all levels.

Sloth
by J. Bradley Schell
When wizards get sloppy, bad things happen—especially when they’re in the middle of difficult summoning rituals. A D&D adventure for 7th-level PCs.

POLYHEDRON
Shadow Chasers
Polyhedron celebrates its 150th issue with Shadowchasers, a complete d60 System mini-game designed by Star Wars Roleplaying Game impresario Bill Slavicsek. Evil creatures from a fantastic realm dwell in the shadows, and only a secretive cabal of heroes stands in their way. Will you join the fight? Shadowchasers is your first peek at the d60 Modern rules in development by Wizards of the Coast. Plus d20 industry and RPGA Network updates and more! $5.99 US/$8.99 CAN • Product No. 8294

Up on a Soapbox
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All I Need to Know I Learned from D&D
LESSON #7: Direction Sense

A Stairway to Nowhere
About half of the adventure activity in the Greyhawk campaign centered around dungeon exploration and quests. Because several of the expert players chose to negotiate dungeon levels without mapping, I resorted to many insidious tricks—as any DM worth his salt should. Among these was a simple ploy that brought much joy and boundless mirth.

While the extent of Greyhawk Castle’s dungeons was daunting, they were also an ongoing attraction to ambitious characters. As the players explored, they sought greater challenges, and usually this meant heading ever lower. Impediments to such exploration included the usual physical traps, elaborate mazes, rooms or passages where magical transference took place, and sloped corridors.

As the hardcore players became aware of such ploys, especially magical teleportation, I decided to try a mix of the ordinary to befuddle their aims. About a third of one level was given over to a special complex, and most of the other passageways through the level accessed this portion so as to invite entry. Inside, long passages sloped gradually down to a central area where a flight of stairs conveyed the wayfarer back up to the elevation of the surrounding area. However, once inside, the number of direction choices was seemingly far greater, although all eventually led back to the central declivity, the stairway back up. Better still, this stairway could be viewed by a character coming from the “other direction” as one descending to deeper portions of the dungeon labyrinth.

Shortly after I devised this insidious device, the first victim was ensnared in its toils. The doughy Lord Terik, returning from a successful solo foray, passed upward into the level. There he came upon the easily accessed “trick” area. Following a set of directional options, for example “always north or west,” Terik made the circuit several times, climbed “upward” a like number of times to a “higher level,” and only after such exertions did he alter his rule, escape the maze that led nowhere, and eventually complete his ascent to the outside.

Assuming that he had been far deeper in the dungeon than was actually the case, Terik led a party of adventurers to the special complex, and then I had the delightful experience of watching a whole group deluded into believing that they were going into the vast deeps of Castle Greyhawk, even as they went around in circles, down stairs, and up ascending passages to take the same steps downward again. After “descending” to what they felt was a near-infernal depth, they altered their route so as to explore. In due course they discovered the encounter areas in the southern portion of the level. “Odd, these monsters aren’t very tough for so deep a level.”

By this time the poker face was nearly impossible to maintain, especially when on their return they “ascended” the same flight of steps as many times as they had “descended.” It couldn’t last, though. When they returned again to the place and began an expedition meant to continue downward as far as they could, my mirth betrayed the whole scheme after about a dozen circuits. Their chagrin at being duped was quite sufficient reward for the DM who had to suffer their deprivations to monsters so lovingly placed.

There’s a two-fold moral to this anecdote. First, the DM can find amusement and delight in the simplest of things. Second, good players will display sufficient dismay as to make the DM satisfied with his success, then get back to the business of trashing the dungeon, knowing that there are only a limited number of clever deceptions available to even the most insidious DMs.
Profiles

Craftmaster

The Making of a Dungeoncrafter

AFTER TWO YEARS, Ray Winninger's "Dungeoncraft" column has become a favorite among Dragon Magazine readers. Every month (with a few exceptions), Ray outlines another building block that guides would-be DMs from concept to campaign. Many fans have discovered Ray's step-by-step process to be just the thing they need to create their own worlds or to breathe new life into their current campaigns.

"To a large extent, whether or not you have fun playing D&D is determined by the quality of the DM," he explains. "Unfortunately, DMing is hard—relatively few people are good at it. I've always felt that the best way to get more people playing the game and having more fun would be to create a concrete 'how-to' book of advice for DMs. 'Dungeoncraft' is that same concept in a slightly different form."

The thirty-four-year-old Chicago native has come a long way from his days as a competitive chess player, which led him, at the age of nine, to a local hobby shop/game store in search of opponents. There, he eventually discovered Avalon Hill games... and Dungeons & Dragons.

"It's always been my favorite game system," he readily notes. "I did tons of work for TSR, including lots of D&D work, throughout the '80s and early '90s, so I've always had an association of sorts with the D&D team."

Working in the gaming industry wasn't his plan, however. Although he designed many of his first professional RPG products for "the late, lamented FASA" while in college, Ray's plan was to pursue work in the tech sector. However, by graduation, he was taking in a healthy income writing adventures and sourcebooks for a host of game publishers.

"I never thought I'd make a career of game design—I always saw it as a hobby, albeit a lucrative one—but that's just what I did for my first five or six years out of college," he says. Although he eventually made the transition to a career in high technology, he never abandoned his passion for designing games or his association with TSR and D&D.

That consistent proximity to the most popular roleplaying game ultimately led to his current work for Dragon, which began four years ago when I was looking for a small project or two that would allow me to do a little bit of game writing as a hobby while pursuing my 'real' career in technology. I started by taking over the old RPG Reviews' column from Chris Pramas before moving on to Dungeoncraft."

"Dungeoncraft" has now guided DMs through the construction of two complete worlds from scratch and is currently closing in on the completion of setting up the Lost World campaign. (See page 40 of this issue for the largest installment of "Dungeoncraft" ever.) Even before drafting his first column of advice, Ray had quite a bit of experience building worlds this way, from the ground up.

Journeyman

"The first game I remember designing was a futuristic man to-man miniatures system that had some pretty funky mechanics," Ray recalls. "I picked up a real appreciation of interesting and elegant mechanics from the Avalon Hill games that I've studied and played to death for decades now, so I've tinkered with strange mechanics in most of my games."

It wasn't long, of course, before he tried his hand at designing material for the D&D system, an enormous campaign world that he admits might not have been his best work. "I was fourteen," he says. "In retrospect, it was a very bland, uninteresting world, but as an exercise, it taught me the value of persistence. Although no one would publish the thing, the mere fact that I forced myself to hang out a 400-page..."
to its roots and discontinue its various RPGs so that they could produce more board games and card games. It was right about the time that it was becoming clear that the RPG market was starting to get a bit glutted."

Underground found its own modest following, however, and still sells fairly well years later. "In today’s smaller market," Ray points out, "an RPG that sold as many copies as Underground would be a phenomenon." The recent revival of interest in the game flatters its designer, who says he would "love the opportunity to further refine and develop that world."

Ray Reviews
My all-time favorite published D&D setting was Al Qadim, although I liked Dark Sun quite a bit as well. "Dungeoncraft" readers have probably realized by now that I like my settings a bit quirky and distinctive.

—Ray Winninger

manuscript taught me an awful lot of valuable lessons about writing, pacing, and so forth."

His first published RPG product ("a mediocre adventure for FASA’s Doctor Who Roleplaying Game called ‘Countdown’"). didn’t exactly make him a household name, but eventually he would make a much bigger impact on the roleplaying community with the publication of his Underground RPG (see sidebar) for Mayfair Games in the mid-’gos. Set in 2021, Underground allowed players to assume the roles of superhuman, genetically enhanced soldiers fighting a patriotic war to take their society back from a corrupt government. The game spawned a healthy fan base (that continues to this day), but in the aftermath of Mayfair Games withdrawing much of its support of the game, Ray moved on to other projects.

Future Craftsman
Even as he lends DMs a hand with his "Dungeoncraft" column, Ray stands firmly behind a position he took in print in 1995: Computerized games are the future of RPGs. "In some ways, that future is now," he says. "As successful as this latest edition of D&D has been, its audience is dwarfed by the number of people who have played and enjoyed games like Zelda and Final Fantasy, both of which are direct descendants of the traditional RPGs. Computers have allowed some of the core concepts of RPGs to truly reach the mainstream." (In fact, Ray recommends Zelda and its sequel for the Nintendo 64 for RPG players looking for computer games that give the feel of a "really good RPG adventure."

Naturally, certain RPG-like computer games, despite their popularity, leave Ray cold, although he notes that games like Everquest and Ultima Online are "unquestionably getting more and more interesting every year." He anticipates a surge of breakthrough products that will be hybrids of computer games and traditional RPGs, games that perhaps "allow a DM to run a very rich D&D
At the Table: Cavern Tiles

The notes below are meant to help you use this month's poster. In general, we've noted areas that might call for a ruling from the DM and then added a suggested value in parentheses.

**Map 1: Cavern Entrance**

When using this map, consider the following:

A: Set a depth for the spring. (5 feet)
B: Decide how much the water affects Balance checks made while on the ledges inside the cave entrance. (+5 to DC)
C: Set height difference between the level of the spring inside the cavern and the outside terrain. (7 feet)
D: Set Climb DCs for rocks outside the cavern. (DC 5)

**Map 2: Narrow Bridge**

When using this map, consider the following:

E: Decide how much the bridge can hold. (500 lbs.)
F: Set Balance DCs to cross the bridge. (DC 10)
G: Set the depth of the chasm and distance to the water. (3-5 inches to the water, 30 feet to the bottom)
H: Determine the Climb DC to get out of the water. (DC 0)

**Map 3: Stalagmite Cave**

When using this map, consider the following:

I: Decide whether navigating the stalagmites requires a climb check. (Yes, DC 0)
J: Line of sight from either entrance is obstructed, creatures can lie in wait here.
K: This slope requires no Climb check to ascend, but it does count as higher ground during combat.

**Map 4: Passages & Pits**

Note that this map is actually four separate small sections.

L: Decide how deep the stairs and water go. (30 ft. down to underwater tomb)
M: Determine Balance DCs for fighting from the rocks. (DC 15)
N: Determine water depth and speed. (5 ft. then down to 10 ft. depth, 10 ft. speed)
O: Determine Climb DCs for the pit wall and depth. (DC 15, 30 ft.) Consider having the pit drop into Map 3 or Map 5.

**Map 5: Open Cavern**

When using this map, consider the following:

P: You can modify this map by placing the tiles from map 4 or map 6 over it.
Q: Determine the heights of the boulders. (5 feet)
R: Decide whether a Medium-size creature can fight on top of the boulder. (Yes)

**Map 6: Pits & Passages**

Note that this map is actually four separate small sections.

S: Determine the depth of the pit and the Climb DCs of the walls. (40 ft., DC 10)
T: This could slope, or it could represent stairs.
U: Set the Escape Artist DC to move through this section of passage. (Small: DC 5, Medium-Size: DC 10, Large: DC 20)
V: Determine Balance DC to move across the rocks. (DC 10)

**Map 7: Multi-Level**

When using this map, consider the following:

X: Set the height of this area. (15 ft. above "Y")
Y: Determine Climb DC or move penalty to go from this level to the higher sections. (Climb DC 0)
Z: Set the height of this area. (20 ft. above "Y")

**Map 8: Shallow Pool**

When using this map, consider the following:

1: Set the depth of the pool. (2 ft., halves movement rate)
2: Set the difference in height between the surface of the pools. (A few inches, little water flow.)
3: Set the depth and difficulty of getting out. (40 ft., Climb DC 0)
IN FACT, SHE THINKS ROLEPLAYING IS GEEKY AND WEIRD. SHE JUST TOLERATES IT BECAUSE SHE'S DATING MATT, BUT BASICALLY SHE THINKS IT'S DUMB.

IN FACT, IT'S PROBABLY THE MAIN SOURCE OF FRICTION BETWEEN THEM.

SO MATT INVITED HER TO SIT IN ON A GAME WITH OUR GROUP.

ISN'T THAT A GREAT IDEA?

OK, SO YOU ENTER THE LAIR OF HOT ELF SUPERBABES CHAINED UP BY THE EVIL OVERLORD... DO WE NOW?
After three days in the ruins of Caulberine, the adventurers escaped to rest in a nearby village. One of their comrades had fallen in battle, so they approached the village elder.

"Is there a temple here, and someone to call our friend back to life?"

The elder shrugged. "I wouldn't call it a temple, really. Not like that big one in Meerton. Fancy place, that. Not much call for that sort of thing here, you know—like my mother used to say, 'Heironeous never did much for the crops, nor Boccob for the lambs.'"

The party leader shifted uncomfortably. "But you have something? A chapel?"

"We have a shrine," the elder says. "My brother tends it. He'll take care of you. Just go down the road there until you see a big old apple tree."

"That's where the shrine is?"

The elder laughed. "No, that's the god."

On the peripheries of the pantheons of nearly any world are a host of minor gods: divine protectors of the land, powerful ancestors, heroes whose deeds have made them immortal, and others. They are rarely well known outside of a particular region or community; some might be worshiped only by members of a single clan or family. Their powers are not as great as those of the better-known gods, and while they usually aren't suited to being the patrons for PC clerics, they can fill in some of the gaps in your world's pantheon. They can also provide you with a whole new realm of plots and encounters.

The various small gods can be categorized into three broad groups: ancestral gods, heroes and saints, and gods of the land. You can think of each of them as a divine representation of a single powerful idea: family, community, and land, respectively. They all have their own qualities and value in a campaign.

Ancestral Gods
Ancestral gods are the revered founders of great families. They might be honored for their heroic deeds (see Heroes and Saints, below), but their primary importance is as the mythic embodiment of a family's history and values. Not every family has an ancestral god; most bloodlines are too young or too diverse in their character to develop the spiritual resonance necessary to invite such a being to watch over them. When a family becomes associated with a particular
trait—a bad temper, skill at magic, tragic romances, anything that would be remembered and repeated in stories—then their ancestral god is said to be with them.

If you want to introduce ancestral gods into your campaign, look at NPC families that have shown strong similarities of personality in the past. Is there a family known for its dragon slayers, its wizards, or even for its villains? If so, an ancestral god could provide a reason for their characteristics.

You could decide that the ancestor was an ordinary mortal, though possibly of some heroic status. Alternatively, it could have been a semi-divine being—an animal spirit, a fey creature, or even (very rarely) the avatar of a god. While it lends a clan status to be able to say that one’s family began with a god, and there is an undeniable curiosity value in claiming descent from a shapeshifting fox, the nature of one’s ancestral god should do nothing to change the abilities of the family attached to it. At best, having a fox ancestor can explain the unusual number of red-haired children born to the family, and their propensity for becoming rogues.

The only family members who can call directly upon the ancestor for aid are the adepts. In each generation, there is usually one person chosen to be the intermediary between the family and its venerated ancestor. That person is expected to learn the history of the family, the traditional prayers to the ancestor, and the right offerings to keep it pleased. In most cases, these offerings take the form of continued remembrance and dedications, but there are stories of evil ancestors who call for more sinister sacrifices to ensure continued protection.

Heroes and Saints

Heroes and saints are the small gods who are important to the community, rather than a particular landscape or family. The difference between a hero and a saint depends on the society, but generally heroes are remembered because they embody the values of their culture while saints embody the values of a particular religion. The difference between the two can be minimal (in our own world, think of St. Francis or Joan of Arc, both pious and brave), or dramatic (for instance, some of the divine emperors of Rome were neither pious nor brave). Their general function, however, can be described in similar terms.

Heroes are associated with a particular quest or an important deed that sets them apart from ordinary people and that was important enough to their culture to start a cult dedicated to their memory. The divine hero’s quest could be any sort of adventure, although the details of the story have been “smoothed out” with the passing of years. No one remembers just how the hero sprung back to life after an apparent defeat; maybe a god intervened, maybe a friendly cleric aided him with spells, or maybe it happened because the hero carried a powerful magic item. The reasons matter less than the impact of the event on the story itself, although you can craft a plot around characters trying to discover the truth behind a hero’s legend. For example:

- The legend of Malmakuta tells of a heroine’s battles against a strange army of shapeshifting ogres and credits her victory to the aid of her wondrous golden lance and her half-brother, Bandesinu. Creatures resembling the ogres of legend have started

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Example Ancestral Gods

Dalcantaea, mother of the Dalcanti clan

The Dalcanti are a respected clan of hill-dwelling barbarians, known for their skill at stalking the deer of their native woods. They credit this skill to the gifts of their ancestor, Dalcantaea, who came from the north to teach the women of the tribe of Uruv how to hunt instead of foraging for birds’ eggs like their men. She adopted the best of the hunters as her daughter and passed on the secret of deer hunting together with the clan’s name, Dalcanti. Over the centuries, the Dalcanti have preserved their ancestor’s memory by offering her the first deer of every season and the antlers of every third stag. In exchange, Dalcantaea grants spells to the family adept and warns the clan of threats to the local deer population.

Gapnagurnung the Father of Many

Travellers venturing into certain goblin-infested lands might begin to notice stakes decorated with the polished skulls of many small animals. This is a sign that they have entered the territory claimed by the Gurnung tribe, who are noted for their seemingly limitless numbers and their dedication to their ancestral god. Gapnagurnung is not an especially helpful ancestral god; the adepts serving him (and there are a surprising number of them, though none of any significant power) claim that the god did all that was required of him simply by ensuring that there were so many Gurnung goblins in the world. He does, however, provide spells to his adepts, and sometimes he warns his children of approaching danger by rattling the skulls of his offering-stakes.

Tumblemoon

The rabbits of Nimblegrove tell the local gnomes and druids that they are all descended from Tumblemoon, the divine rabbit who taught them to leap and run better than any other rabbit family. Of course the rabbits themselves have no priesthood, but there are a handful of gnomes who say their prayers to the goddess and leave offerings in the woods. One has even gone so far as to dedicate herself to Tumblemoon, and has been rewarded with the powers of an adept; she uses these talents to help the local rabbits, who show their thanks by acting as her scouts and messengers.

Ruslant the Unsleeping, Patriarch of the Valkurmos family

The wealthy Valkurmos family has maintained a strange and secret tradition for the past six centuries, one that they believe has preserved their fortune and influence. Each generation, the eldest son of the Valkurmos is chosen to be the keeper and servant of Ruslant, an ancestor whom the gods granted immortality, but whose body continued to age to the point of being a helpless shell. The task of the keeper is to entertain the restless soul and bring it news of the mortal world; in exchange, Ruslant shares some of the knowledge that he gained both in his mortal life and afterwards. Ruslant cannot as yet grant any supernatural powers to his devotees, but his abilities appear to be increasing with each generation, so it might only be a matter of time.
appearing in the area, and the player characters must try to find out whether it is Malmakuta's lance that is the key to victory, or some knowledge held by Bandesintu.

- A gnome lullaby mentions "Bamble with the ring of lies, Zamble with the ring of eyes, Zamble with the ring of lies" as a pair of clever heroes of the distant past, but little else is known about them. In one tiny village, though, there is a shrine dedicated to the two, and the keeper of the shrine has memorized the long epic poem of their deeds. The party is dispatched by a curious scholar to find this shrine and bring back the details of the poem.

A hero's cult keeps the importance of the hero's deeds alive in the community. The cult might recreate the hero's deeds through theatre and pageants, or it might encourage people to go on pilgrimages that follow the hero's travels across the land. Some cults might hold games and contests to commemorate the hero's best qualities. Activities like these are a ready source of scenarios for you as the DM: Contests of wrestling, storytelling, archery, riding, or magic can give your players a chance to test their characters' abilities for the chance at a reward. Depending on the cult, that reward might be a free spell cast by the adepts of the god, a symbolic item (a masterwork bow, a horse, or a rare scroll), or simply a year's worth of fame.

Devotion to saints is usually more sedate, but not always. On holy days, as with the festivals of hero cults, there are retellings of a saint's life to teach the story and morals of the saint to audiences. Many saints spent their mortal lives as clerics, druids, or paladins, and so the miracles associated with them are often similar to spells of divine magic. One saint's shrine might bless farmers' plows, while another provides healing, and a third helps parents find lost children. To keep saints' powers distinct from the abilities granted to ordinary clerics, try to give each saint at least one (and no more than two or three) unique or variant spells that it grants to its adepts.

Heroes and saints can be of any alignment, but since they are usually the paragons of their race, their

In Your Campaign

When adding small gods to your campaign, the first question you must answer is, "Why are they there?" This is a metaphysical question not just about the cosmology of your world (though there is certainly that to consider as well) but also about the role that these gods could play in your game. Because most of them are tied to or concerned with only a very small part of the world, they are generally not suitable for use as patron deities for adventuring clerics. Besides, they lack the power of the major gods: their servants are usually adepts rather than full-fledged clerics.

If these aren't gods for players to choose, then why have them? First, to give character to the hundreds of small villages that have developed their own traditions over the years. Rather than having every farming settlement have a shrine to Pelor, let them have gods that are unique to their needs. By writing a few sentences about the local gods, you can give an entire village personality, making each place the PCs visit memorable.

Consider the difference between these two communities: one reveres the ancient heroine who led its founders through the mountains to their new home, fighting off winter wolves and trolls to protect a handful of families; the other is dedicated to the god who manifests himself in a spring of pure water. In the first community, perseverance and hospitality have become virtues for which the people are renowned. In the second, stories of the god's healing powers are turning the small hamlet into a destination for pilgrims and a haven for alchemists, testing the patience of those who believe that the blessings of the spring are meant to be part of their personal relationship with the god. Each place has its customs shaped by its gods. As a DM, you can use those customs to lend color to the local NPCs. Better yet, you can use them as starting points for new plots.

If you like to play in a world where magic is plentiful, then these kinds of gods can act to bring divine magic into the deepest wilderness or the most humble settlement. For example:

- A god who manifests as a vast jungle tree has awakened (as the druid spell) several monkeys to be his messengers and priests. While an adventuring party is passing through the area, a monkey approaches them and demands, in broken Common, an offering for the god.

- A dwarven hero-god has a smithy as his shrine. The hero's descendants have a reputation for being able to craft powerful weapons at the shrine, weapons that have turned the tide of more than one battle. Now, however, the last descendant has gone missing, and it is up to the characters to find her.

- Rumors of a small pond that cures all ills attracts the attention of a dying merchant, who pays adventurers to lead him there. When they find it, they are told that the water is a goddess who heals only members of local families. Undeterred, the merchant tries to buy his way into a marriage, using the PCs as his negotiators.

- The hallings who visit the god Angwa (see Example Gods of the Land) entomb their revered heroes in the depths of the cave. A rogue persuades the party to help him loot the cave, telling them only that a "savage tribe" leaves its dead and its treasures there. He either does not mention or (more likely) does not realize the supernatural nature of the cave itself.
alignments often correspond to the ideal for that race.

Gods of the Land
Gods of the land are deities whose powers are tied to a particular place, usually an important feature of the landscape. Like dryads, they have a home—an ancient tree, a mountain, a waterfall, and so on—but differ in that their home is also their one and only avatar. The rowan tree that villagers decorate each spring is not a symbol of the god that protects them, it is that god. How such a thing came about is for you to decide: The god might be a cast-off avatar of a greater power, still possessed of some abilities but largely unaware of its origin. It might also have been generated by the landscape itself, awakening into divine sentience. Even though these gods only have a single avatar and could, in theory, be destroyed, it would require the destruction of every trace of the material body that they inhabit. It is unlikely that a mortal could disturb a mountain-god, and even a tree-god could regrow from a single stray seed or leaf if its old body were to be destroyed.

Most of these sorts of deities are found deep in the wilderness, known only by forest-dwelling creatures, druids, and rangers. Their existence is a matter of legend to many, and those who know about them are generally secretive and protective. The inability of such a god to move can sometimes give its devotees the impression that it is vulnerable and in need of defense. Accordingly, shrines to the gods of the land can be very well hidden. Because their keepers rely so much on concealment, a person who manages to find a shrine more often than not finds it empty and unguarded—except for the god itself. Depending on the nature of the god, the offerings found there might be simple (fruit, flowers, and interesting stones), disturbing (skulls and other bones), or tempting (a handful of uncut gems or nuggets of precious metal). Would-be thieves quickly discover that they are not alone.

A few gods of this kind have manifested closer to mortal settlements, or have had settlements grow up around them, and they are more likely to receive regular offerings. In addition to the natural offerings, a god close to a village might receive some local products as sacrifices: a keg of ale, bolts of cloth, a few weapons, or even some coins. Some offerings could be buried, and in the case of the god of a lake or river, they might be cast into the water. Shrines to these gods are an open and visible part of the settlement’s life, unless the god is of an evil alignment.

The concerns of these small gods are local. Their interest and attention rarely extends more than a few miles from their home, and they tend to pay attention only to those supplicants or devotees that are in their immediate presence. They might treat the inhabitants of the surrounding area as favorite grandchildren, or they might take little or no notice of them at all. The temperaments of the gods are an aspect of their material nature: a mountain goddess can be unimaginably slow to react to anything around her; a river god could be playful, lazy, or treacherous depending on the nature of the current.

Using the Small Gods
Gods of the land are good for quest- and exploration-style scenarios. The
Example Gods of the Land

Angwa, the Cave of Whispers
Located near the top of an isolated mountain, Angwa is both a god and a place of burial. For centuries, a tribe of halflings has made the trek up the mountainside to lay their honored dead in the Cave of Whispers, to listen to the voice of the cave in times of danger, and to ask for miracles. Angwa is a proud god and will help his people only after they make lengthy apologies for the time that has passed since their last visit and provide him with entertaining tales. He communicates through the dreams of those who sleep at the entrance to the cave and usually has only a single adept (who lives on the mountain) at any given time.

Lomeriseh, the Rainbow in the Stones
At the heart of an ancient and ruined city, now overgrown and inhabited by a tribe of primitive elves, are the remains of an intricate mosaic known as Lomeriseh. The mosaic, which stretches out over thirty yards in each direction, is made up of a seemingly abstract array of magic tiles. It is an artifact whose purpose is now forgotten, and which has achieved a level of sentience and power that allows it to influence the environment around it. The elves worship the mosaic as a god, praying to it for good weather, protection from their enemies, and healing—all of which the artifact can provide. In turn, the god is very protective of its people and will not hesitate to intervene if they are threatened.

Ydernac, Grandmother Oak
The roots of this venerable tree pierce the stones of a mountain and curl around a tiny subterranean grotto. It is there that the local dwarves go to pray for their health and ask for protection. Nearly every visible inch of Ydernac's roots are inscribed with prayers and thanks in minute dwarven runes, and her grotto is filled with offerings in the form of cleverly carved tokens of people the goddess was responsible for healing. The site is popular with dwarves from many settlements, and there are usually several adepts tending to Ydernac's shrine at any given time.

Golden Danescine
At the edge of a humble village, well away from the rest of civilization, stands a pear tree that always bears at least a handful of pears, regardless of the season. This is the god Danescine, who is quietly revered by the locals for the healing powers of his fruit. Danescine makes few demands as a god: only that the villagers live in peace and that they sing to him from time to time. These requirements are communicated by his adepts, who are always children, and who lose their gifts when they reach adulthood. The people of Danescine are quite willing to abide by the god's rules in exchange for health and long life, but they do their best to make sure that outsiders never learn of their good fortune.

Characters might hear reports of a goddess who helps those who visit her. The difficulty is finding her and convincing her that they are worthy of help.

Ancestral gods are better suited to adventures that revolve around the fate of a single family. They are the common element that binds the fortunes of a great family together, both representing their essential character and lending them strength for as long as they are united. Family-oriented stories with themes of betrayal, separation, and reconciliation can be motivated by a strong ancestral god; if the god is evil, you could have an excellent source for a horror plot.

Heroes and saints can be a source of adventures through the legends that communities tell about them. You could even run a scenario about the quest to have a village saint recognized by the local hierarchy. The process could involve anything from finding evidence of the saint's intervention in the world (through granting spells to an adept, or causing miracles directly) to bringing the saint's body back to the village for a proper burial.

Remember that while these gods lack the power of other members of the pantheon, their followers are at least as devout. The local and familiar nature of the small gods can be very comforting to their worshippers, who enjoy the feeling that there is a god in the world just for them. Although your players' characters are more likely to follow deities of greater status, who is to say that someone might not find more inspiration in the ways of a legendary hero or humble saint?
T.V. STRUCTURE

NEXT WEEK, on an All New Episode of . . .

by Robin D. Laws • illustrated by Jason A. Engle
There comes a time in every campaign when the DM is faced with a difficult choice of possible plot developments. When you come to these crossroads, it's a good idea to ask yourself: "What would happen if my campaign were a television series?"

Making your campaign more like a TV show does not mean throwing all logic and continuity out the window. It does mean that many groups would have more fun if their DMs picked up some of the more successful tricks of the so-called "show runner," the producer whose job it is (among other things) to give shape to a season of episodes and keep viewers tuned in for more.

This article shows you how to model an entire campaign on a season of episodic TV. Some of these ideas might seem a bit odd at first, but you don't have to use all of them in order to draw inspiration from the experiment.

The Series Bible

While developing a show for presentation to the networks or syndication companies, the series creator first develops a document called the "series bible," which lays out the basic premise of the show. This can be a very tight formula that every episode follows or a looser series of notes on theme and tone. Creating a bible for your campaign will help you stay focused and on-track when designing upcoming game sessions. Parts of the bible will also serve as beginning information for your players about the campaign world, helping them to create an appropriate background for their characters.

Before beginning your campaign's bible, there are a number of aspects to consider.

Formula

Your formula is a sentence or two explaining what the characters do each session. Below are three formula examples:

- **Undead Hunters**: The characters are undead hunters who track down escapees from the land of the dead, destroying them or returning them to the underworld.

- **Wasteland**: The PCs are ex-mercenaries wandering a war-torn wasteland, protecting the helpless from bandits and offering aid to survivors of the great conflict.

- **Freedom Fighters**: The PCs are freedom fighters aiming to overthrow a cruel usurper and put the rightful ruler back on the throne.

Formulas can be open-ended or goal-oriented. An open-ended formula envisions an ongoing situation, one in which the main characters keep performing the same job from week to week. There will always be a need for someone to perform this task, and for now, it's your players who do it. Cop shows, like *NYPD Blue*, are generally open-ended.

Particular detectives come and go, but there are always crimes to solve and criminals to catch. Goal-oriented shows revolve around an extended mission, which is never completely, would end the series. Often they revolve around a situation trapping the main characters: *The Fugitive*, *Quantum Leap*, *Sliders*, *Voyager*, and *Gilligan's Island* use a goal-oriented formula. You can also combine both formulas. For example, *The X-Files* started with both open-ended (investigate the paranormal) and goal-oriented (find Mulder's sister) elements.

On television, goal-oriented shows are risky. How often can you make the audience believe that the goal is on the verge of being achieved, without actually ever reaching it? This type of formula probably works better in roleplaying games than on television, because you don't need to worry about stretching your campaign out for an unknown number of years. If your campaign only lasts for six months or a year, that's fine. Once it is finished, you can always develop a follow-up series involving the same characters but with a different formula. In the formula examples above, the Undead Hunters scenario and the Wasteland scenario are open-ended. The Freedom Fighters scenario is goal-oriented; the series as we know it ends if the PCs ever reestablish the king.

Theme and Tone

Your theme is the central idea that the series explores. It should be broad and simple. Themes can be expressed as pairs of opposed ideas (civilization versus freedom), as statements (there is nothing nobler than helping your fellow man) or as questions (what is the true meaning of heroism?).

Here are some theme ideas for the three formula examples given above:

- **Undead Hunters**: Some boundaries should never be crossed.

- **Wasteland**: Can people atone for terrible things they've done in the past?

- **Freedom Fighters**: Bravery versus injustice.

The tone is the mood you want to establish: Do you want a lighthearted romp or a grisly horror show? The tone might be obvious from the theme you decided upon, or it might need further elaboration.

Let's consider the examples we've been working with. From the setting and theme we've decided on for the Wasteland example, it's probably best to give it a grim, serious tone. The other two could go a number of different ways. Let's give Freedom Fighters an old-fashioned swashbuckler feel and Undead Hunters an exaggerated, black humor tone, with over-the-top action.

It is easiest to derive your theme and tone by looking at your formula. However, you can always start with the theme and tone, and work backward to create a formula. Experiment and find the way that works best for you.

In your series bible, be sure to carefully spell out your theme and tone. This enables your players to create PCs that fit the mood you're aiming for.

Production Design

Even in its earliest stages of conception, a show's creator specifies in general terms what he wants it to look like. He hires a production designer to create sketches and, if the show goes into production, builders create sets based on the designer's drawings.

In a similar but less expensive way, flesh out the look of your imaginary television series. The more you trigger your players' visual imaginations, the easier it is to draw them into your campaign. Describe, in visual terms, one or two key locations where the characters can expect to spend much of their time. If this really were a television series, these would be the permanent sets, like the magic shop in *Buffy the Vampire Slayer* or the bridge deck in *Star Trek: Voyager*.

Once you've decided on the look of your "show," comb through comics, RPG books, videos, and fantasy novels for pre-existing images to show the players what your world looks like. If you are confident of your artistic abilities, you can do it all yourself. If not, just rely on reference materials to illustrate the look of your campaign world.
Based on the themes and tones we chose above, we could show our players some Moebius graphic novels and H.R. Giger art books for the "Undead Hunters" campaign. For the "Wasteland" campaign we could show scenes from the movies Yojimbo and Road Warrior. We decided that the "Freedom Fighters" campaign would have the feel of an old swashbuckler movie, so we could show clips of old Errol Flynn movies or one of the many film versions of The Three Musketeers.

**Character Creation**

One of the most important tasks of a television show creator is to invent vivid, interesting characters who can generate plenty of storylines and to find the ideal actors to bring those roles to life. For a game, you must turn over that all-important task to the collective creativity of your players. Give them your campaign bible, which lays out the formula, theme, tone, and production design. Then, ask them to create characters that fit the formula and make sense for your world.

Your campaign or "series" is going to be an "ensemble show." This term refers to a show that has a large cast of characters, all of whom get almost equal airtime. If you want one character to stand out as the star who leads the others, give that coveted spot to a good role-player you can count on to show up most of the time. For instance, you’ve settled on "Undead Hunters" as your campaign. Luke plays his characters enthusiastically and rarely misses a game session. You tell him to play the squad leader, with the rank of Captain in the Hell Squad. Keep in mind that choosing this option can lead to disgruntled players who feel left out and unappreciated, so even if you have one "star," be sure to give equal time to the others and focus some sessions on their characters.

Each PC must have a good reason to be hunting undead, searching for atonement in the wasteland, putting the rightful king back on the throne, and so on. Tell the players to spell this out in their characters’ backgrounds. In an episodic campaign, you want the players to think of their PCs as TV-show characters. To take things a step further, you can suggest that your players “cast” their PCs by choosing actors (or a well-known role, such as Buffy or Seven of Nine) to play their characters in your imaginary television show. For homework, you might consider asking your players to

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**UNDEAD HUNTERS CAMPAIGN EPISODE CHART**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Debut</th>
<th>Premise</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ensemble</strong></td>
<td>Xorox returns from disgrace to take over the Hell Squad as a zombie army overthrows the city.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Focus: PC #1 (leader)</strong></td>
<td>The Undead hunters track a ghost who can leap from body to body.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Focus: PC #2</strong></td>
<td>Stella’s overeager niece scores a junior position on the Hell Squad, and a pumpkin-headed monster stalks the Beggar’s Quarter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Continuity</strong></td>
<td>The PCs trace a series of murders to Chanarax, a mysterious entity who claims to be a death god incarnate.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Continuity</strong></td>
<td>Undead creatures try to assassinate the Lord Mayor, aided by a Chanarax worshiper within the city council.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Focus: PC #1 (leader)</strong></td>
<td>Xorox’s loyalties are tested when his dead brother escapes from the land of the dead.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ensemble</strong></td>
<td>The slaying of a white witch, seeming to be the work of undead, turns out to be a vigilante killing by her misguided neighbors.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Focus: PC #3</strong></td>
<td>Terele reluctantly leaves her children in the care of a new babysitter, who turns out to be the minion of a vengeful lich.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Focus: PC #4</strong></td>
<td>Xorox, Stella, and Terele kill an apparent zombie who registers as having been alive; as they face a tribunal, Junavor must find out how they were framed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Continuity</strong></td>
<td>A political faction arises in the city, which argues for the rights of the dead to be treated as citizens. The Hell Squad investigates and finds that Chanarax is behind it, but the squad can do nothing to stop its growing power.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ensemble</strong></td>
<td>An abused teenager signs a demonic pact, then goes after the Hell Squad to test his newfound powers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Focus: PC #5</strong></td>
<td>Lovelorn Delmer receives messages from a secret admirer, leading the Hell Squad into a trap.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Change of Pace</strong></td>
<td>Transported to an alternate dimension, the Hell Squad find themselves forced to mediate a dispute between a loquacious magician and an angst-ridden albino elf.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Focus: PC #1 (leader)</strong></td>
<td>Xorox is tempted by an offer to take a safe and cushy job as a security consultant; meanwhile, the city’s ectoplasmic pollution steadily worsens.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Focus: PC #2</strong></td>
<td>Stella finds the favorite performers of her childhood, a husband and wife team, living quietly in the Beggar’s Quarter, then discovers that the wife is hiding her husband’s undead status.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Focus: PC #3</strong></td>
<td>A bandit, now undead creature sent back to hell by Terele, reaches out from the grave to hire a notorious assassin to stalk and kill her.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Focus: PC #4</strong></td>
<td>Junavor poses as a student to infiltrate a ring of junior necromancers at the university.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Change of Pace</strong></td>
<td>After a series of weird events, actors portraying the Hell Squad characters in a TV series begin to suspect that their roles are more real than they thought.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ensemble</strong></td>
<td>The Hell Squad protects a pregnant woman from the forces of the undead demonologist whose child she’s about to bear.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Continuity</strong></td>
<td>Chanarax floats a balloon over the city, drenching it in a red rain that turns the living into zombies.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Continuity</strong></td>
<td>A climactic battle in Chanarax’s lair ends with a cliffhanger. The Hell Squad ends up trapped in the Underworld, with all of their undead enemies converging on them.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
find images of their chosen actor, which they can then add to their character sheets.

Plot Hooks
With character write-ups in hand, it's time for you to devise the basic storylines for your first season's worth of episodes. None of these need to be more than a few lines long; you can flesh out each adventure right before you run it.

There are three types of episodes: stand alone, continuity, and change-of-pace.

• Stand-Alone Episode: A stand-alone episode exemplifies the formula of the show and is self-contained. The viewer doesn't need to know anything about the series in order to understand it. Its conclusion ties up any hanging plot threads, and special guest characters probably won't be seen again.

• Continuity Episode: A Continuity episode introduces or advances a storyline that periodically pops up throughout the lifetime of the series. In this type of episode you might bring back a recurring villain or subtly change a regular character's basic situation. A new viewer might be confused by the latest continuity episode, but devoted fans of the series are anxious to see what happens in the grand story arc.

• Change-of-Pace Episode: Change-of-pace episodes start appearing after the show's formula is well established in viewers' minds. This type of episode plays around with the formula in surprising ways. For example, it might alter the tone by bringing a comic mood to an otherwise serious show or change the usual structure or setting. The "musical" episode of Buffy the Vampire Slayer is a change-of-pace episode, as are the episodes of Star Trek: Voyager that send their cast back in time.

Create a chart that shows the episodes you have slated for the "season," alternating between change-of-pace, stand alone, and continuity episodes as appropriate. Also, for your first season you need to create a debut episode, a slam-bang opener in which the premise and theme of your campaign take center stage, and each of the characters gets something interesting to do that demonstrates her essential nature. (See the Undead Hunters Campaign Episode Chart for an example.)

Episode Design
Each episode should begin with a teaser, a quick scene or two that establishes the central problem of the episode. If the problem is a mystery, the heroes receive their first few clues. If the episode is more action-oriented, they find out who the villain is and discover why they have to fight him. Usually the teaser scenes end with a small cliffhanger—the stakes are identified and the heroes learn what terrible thing will happen if they fail. Teasers often contain red herrings or misleading clues, allowing the writer to make surprise revelations later on in the episode.

The meat of the episode is comprised of four segments. The first three segments further develop the episode's primary storyline. Each segment ends in a cliffhanger preceding a commercial break; the idea is to keep the viewer glued to the set. The cliffhanger is often a revelation showing that the heroes face an even bigger challenge than they first thought. This could take the form of a surprise twist. For example, the heroes might discover that the real villain is someone they trusted.

The final segment builds to a climactic scene in which the heroes solve the central problem. If it's a continuity episode, enough plot threads are left dangling for the writers to pick up next time. There's still time for a further twist just before the big scene; often the heroes surprise us by revealing the true nature of their clever plan.

You might find this a useful structure to use when outlining some of the adventures in your TV-like campaign. The teaser is just like any D&d adventure introduction—it establishes a problem in need of a solution and gives the heroes motivation to do the solving. Follow the teaser with a point-form list of your first three segments, with a segment ender for each. Then complete your outline with a sentence or two describing the big finale.

For example, your outline for the first episode of "Undead Hunters" might read as follows:

• Teaser: On his way to Hell Squad headquarters, Xorox encounters a small zombie gang.

• 1st Segment: Xorox reinstated, other PCs introduced, breadth of zombie problem revealed in briefing.

• 1st Break: Their first call: Zombies have surrounded the Lord Mayor's office.

• 2nd Segment: Disperse zombies at mayor's office and investigate reason for zombie plague. Find Zelluyan the necromancer, who tells the PCs that a gate
has opened and they need the Globe of Elwar to close it again.

- and Break: Learn of sage who should know where the globe is, but he's missing from his tower, with scenes of a struggle. Searching his place, they find the globe.

- 3rd segment: Follow clues to underground complex. Fight more zombies. Find a makeshift prison containing sage.

- 3rd break: Zelluyan attacks the PCs and takes the globe. Turns out he's the bad guy who opened the gate; he can use the globe to keep it open forever. He tricked the Hell Squad into finding it when he couldn't.

- Big finale: Battle Zelluyan's undead minions as he casts a spell to open the gate.

Depending on what kind of DM you are, you can flesh out the adventure in detailed fashion or leave it as a set of notes. You'll want to have the necessary game statistics for NPCs and monsters handy, plus maps of crucial scenes.

Remember that anything you write in an adventure, TV-style or otherwise, is subject to revision depending on what the players do. They might never hit all of your segment breaks, for instance, and you shouldn't try to force them to do so. Even if you don't get to use them, you have a set of strong ideas you can use as springboards for new encounters.

Running Your Series
When the time comes to actually run the adventures based on the hooks you've developed, remember that it's more important to have a fun, exciting campaign than to replicate the exact structure of a television show. You're looking for inspiration, not limitations.

Don't expect each adventure to last exactly one session; let the players control the pacing. Don't bother trying to make the breaks fall evenly throughout your session, as they do in a TV episode; that kind of precise pacing is way too hard to replicate. If they want to pursue a storyline arising from what you thought of as a throw-away reference, take their interest and run with it. Even if they stick to your cues, there's no particular reason why one idea can't take up two sessions if that's what seems natural at the time.

You might also find it tough to maintain a strict division between continuity and stand-alone episodes.

Stay Tuned . . .
There you have it: a framework for a D&D campaign—television style. You might not win any Emmys or get a TV Guide feature with collectible covers, but you enjoy an advantage TV producers would kill for: The network can't cancel your game.
World building is a “Dungeoncraft” specialty. The regular “Dungeoncraft” column features the step-by-step construction of a D&D campaign and provides advice on how to run it. Along the way, “Dungeoncraft” goes behind the scenes as much as possible to provide you with tips and rules you can use to create your own campaigns. For the past eighteen months or so, “Dungeoncraft” has been devoted to fleshing out The Lost World, a primitive campaign setting dominated by barbarian tribes and dinosaurs. So far, the column has developed a detailed “home base” for the PCs, customized the D&D character races to the setting, and sketched out the inhabitants’ basic political and religious beliefs. Those of you who are newcomers should also know that across the last forty-odd months, “Dungeoncraft” has proposed a handful of guidelines for DMs known as the Rules of Dungeoncraft. While most of these rules seem simple on the surface, they often have subtle implications that can profoundly impact your thinking as you plan and run your games.

Newcomers are encouraged to go to http://www.wizards.com/dragon, where earlier “Dungeoncraft” columns are archived. There you can catch up on what you missed and find out how each of the six rules evolved and how they are applied.

This month starts with the Seventh Rule of Dungeoncraft, and at first blush, some of you are bound to find this one a little controversial.

The Seventh Rule of Dungeoncraft: Running a good D&D campaign is about building a world, not about building a story.

Many Dungeon Masters, particularly those who have spent a lot of time playing other roleplaying games, make the mistake of trying to devise a story instead of a world. These folks plan their plot twists, create NPCs with complex motivations, and channel the players toward dramatic, climactic
encounters. The more ambitious among them even borrow techniques from cinema and literature—like foreshadowing, cut-away scenes, and frame story narratives—to lend their adventures a sophisticated, literary air. In this way, they hope to create adventures and campaigns that are as memorable as the best fantasy novels and films. In short, their worlds are secondary to their stories; the story comes first, and the world is built to support it.

The biggest problem with this approach is that it almost always takes far too much responsibility away from the players. A good D&D campaign should allow the players to find and follow their own stories. After all, the biggest attraction of the D&D game is that it allows the players to create characters of their own and test the mettle of those characters against a series of interesting challenges. In a tightly plotted game, the players are often not allowed to do what they really want to do. Instead, they’re forced to do what the DM needs them to do in order for the over-arching plot to resolve itself according to plan.

For instance, a DM decided that a player character should be captured and brainwashed into betraying the rest of the party. The capture and betrayal would lead the party to undertake a quest for a magical artifact capable of restoring their comrade’s true personality. The DM also hoped that the betrayal would give the player of the captured PC some great opportunities for roleplaying since she had already decided that her character was betrayed by friends at an early age, and the irony of her betraying her own friends should naturally lead to all sorts of interesting soul searching.

While this story might be interesting, it was awkward to unfold within the confines of a D&D game. Right off the bat, the DM was forced to jump through several obvious and clumsy hoops to manipulate events in order to guarantee that the hapless PC was captured. The player even sensed what was happening and took a number of prudent steps to protect herself, none of which were allowed to have any effect lest the over-arching plot suffer. Later, once the PC met her fate and carried out the betrayal, the rest of the party began a lengthy debate about what to do with her. Again, the DM was forced to clumsily prod the party into accepting the quest that he had outlined, even though the PCs had identified several alternatives.

In this sort of campaign, it isn’t too long before the players justifiably start to wonder whether or not any of their decisions are really having an impact on the game. Regardless of what they decide to do, the DM always finds some way to pull them back into the script he’s already written. The worst games of this sort feel like the DM is simply reading the players a novel and occasionally asking them to roll the dice in order to get to the next chapter. (And even those dice rolls will be somehow dismissed if they don’t further the DM’s aims).

Of course, not every DM who adopts this style of play is as clumsy as the DM of the example. Some are so skilled that they can make the players believe that they are making all the decisions, even when they’re really simply following a script. Even in these rare cases, though, the spirit of the D&D game begins to crumble. The essence of D&D is that it allows the players to be who they want to be and then pit that persona against a series of interesting challenges. Since the rules were designed to empower the players and leave them with plenty of options, even the best story-oriented DMs soon end up spending a lot of time figuring out how to work around the rules instead of using the rules as a helpful tool.

After all, what makes for a fun game isn’t necessarily the same thing that makes for a good story.

None of this is to say that great and memorable stories shouldn’t arise from your D&D campaign. They can, and they will. The important difference is that you should allow the players to find their own stories. Your “plot twists” should always come as a reaction to whatever it is the players have freely decided to do. You should never reverse the process and force the players into an action in order to justify a “twist” you have already designed.

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The Birth of Realm Rules

Anyone familiar with the Birthright campaign setting designed by Rich Baker and Colin McComb should recognize that the domain rules that first appeared there serve as the foundation for this article. Changes were made to take advantage of the new edition’s skill system, but the original design remains the product of Birthright’s designers.

Which finally leads us back to the Seventh Rule of Dungeoncraft. The

THE FIRST RULE OF DUNGEONCRAFT

Never force yourself to create more than you must.
power groups that inhabit your world and figure out who might find out about the meteor, who might have an interest in it, and what those parties might decide to do. Only after you give those events a chance to play themselves out should you try to figure out what happens next. You might decide, for example, that one of the evil cults inhabiting your world is interested in acquiring the meteor to further its insidious aims. You then make a note to yourself that representatives of the cult are on their way to the crash site and wait to see how the events unfold.

Handling the Big Picture

One of the secrets of running a successful campaign is to create the illusion that your world is a living, breathing environment with a life of its own. Such campaigns rigorously follow their own internal logic. Everything that happens makes sense and stems from everything that happened before. It’s especially important to make sure that the players don’t get the feeling that the events that make up the campaign are only a result of the DM’s whims. Unless the players can identify a consistent pattern and start to grasp some of the world’s inner logic, they’ll eventually start to doubt that their own actions are genuinely shaping the game in any way. Ultimately, they’ll probably grow disinterested.

A good way to start breathing life into your game is to get prepared to regularly discuss the large-scale events that are happening across the whole of your campaign area. Is there plenty of food available? How is trade going? Are the townsfolk happy? What’s the local government up to? While resolving these basic issues is a great way to get your game world in gear, it can be tedious and time-consuming to get them right. For that reason, “Dungeoncraft” presents a set of game rules you can use to quickly handle the large-scale affairs of entire kingdoms, freeing up more of your time to worry about drawing dungeons, crashing meteors, and creating other unusual situations to stir up the pot.

Those of you who remember the Birthright campaign setting for the 2nd edition of AD&D might recall a similar set of rules for handling large scale events. Since Birthright was designed to emphasize adventures on an epic scale, those rules were considerably more ambitious than these. If you’re hoping to run a campaign in which large-scale events and international affairs take center stage, you can easily expand these rules to provide more detail and more options.

One benefit of using a consistent set of rules to help handle large-scale events is that your game world will already start to acquire an internal logic. It won’t be long before the players start to recognize a pattern and realize that you are well prepared to answer all their questions about what is happening in the world around them. As the PCs become more involved in the campaign’s larger scale events, you might even explain how these rules work and allow the players to help you resolve the “Campaign Rounds” described below. Such an opportunity might encourage them to take actions that can affect the campaign’s large events, giving them an even stronger sense of participation.

The Map and Realms

In order to use these rules, you’ll first need a map of your campaign area. Although there’s no limit to the size of the area the rules can handle, the larger the area in question, the greater the effort necessary to resolve all the appropriate events and activities. In most cases, these rules work best when used to handle an area roughly equivalent in size to a local wilderness map (roughly a circle covering some 22,500 square miles). When using these rules, it’s a good idea to arm yourself with several photocopies of your map.

Once you have your map, you should decide what “realms” are present on that map. Generally, a realm is a kingdom, country, county, tribe, or any other government that is active in the campaign area. You should then mark the location of each realm’s capitol on your map. The capitol is usually a city or stronghold, and it represents the location at which the realm’s leaders meet to conduct their business. After all the capitols are in place, you can sketch each realm’s borders.

Repeat the following process for each one of your realms.

Start by noting the location of each of the realm’s “bases.” A base is a city, town, or stronghold at which the realm maintains a military presence. The realm’s capitol is automatically considered to be a base. You should also classify each base (including the capitol) as small or large.

Once the bases are in place, note the locations of the realm’s “guarding
armies." A guarding army is a military unit that simply patrols territory and isn't housed at a base. Generally, guarding armies represent border patrols, field encampments, and constabularies. Note the location of each guarding army by writing a small "G" on the copy of the map.

Finally, draw a contiguous border around all the areas that are controlled by the realm. Obviously, all the realm's bases and guarding armies should be encircled within its borders. You can make each realm's border as big or as small as you like depending upon the needs of your campaign. Typically, realms that control a lot of territory are particularly wealthy and powerful.

Once you've defined the borders of each of your realms on the map copy, make sure that no two borders overlap.

**The Realm Control Sheet**

Once you've drawn the borders of each of your realms, you should fill out a copy of the realm control sheet for each of them. The realm control sheet is essentially a character sheet for an entire kingdom. It will help you keep track of basic information about the realm as it changes over time. Since you'll be changing a lot of the values recorded on the realm control sheets as you play, you might want to fill them out in pencil.

Start with "Population and Resources." Next to the terrain types listed in the "Population and Resources" section of the realm control sheet, fill in the number of 10-mile-by-10-mile squares of that particular terrain type that fall within the realm's border. Don't forget to fill in the number of bases inside the realm's borders on the bases line. Once you've filled in the "# of Squares" next to each terrain type, multiply each of those numbers by the listed population multiple and fill in the results in the population column. After the population column is completely full, add the values in the column to get your total population.

After you've finished calculating total population, repeat this same general procedure to determine the realm's total resources. Multiply the number of squares of each terrain type by the resource multiple for that terrain type, and add the results together to get the total resources.

Example: On the Lost World map, the evil-aligned Bruun realm's borders contain five plain 10-mile-by-10-mile squares, fourteen jungle squares, and no squares of any other terrain type. Additionally, two bases are located within the borders. The five plain squares are worth a population of 60, the fourteen jungle squares are worth a population of 42, and the two bases are worth a population of 8. Thus, the realm's total population is 110.

As for resources, the five plain squares generate a total of 5 resources, the fourteen jungle squares generate 28 resources, and the two bases don't generate any. The realm's total resources, then, is 33.

As the name implies, population is a rough measure of the number of tax-paying citizens who live within the realm's borders. Each point of population represents approximately one thousand citizens. In general, the larger the realm's population, the greater the tax revenues it collects and the easier it is for the realm to recruit soldiers. Resources, on the other hand, represent the availability of raw materials, such as stone and wood, within the realm's borders. Later you'll see that realms can use these resources to build structures and outfit armies.

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Now that the Population and Resources section is complete, it's time to calculate the realm's military strength, discontent, and hardship.

Military strength is an abstract measure of the size of the realm's armies. Like population, each point of military strength represents approximately one thousand armed soldiers. A realm's beginning military strength is equal to its total population divided by 20 (round fractions up). Realms with a population of less than 20 automatically have a military strength of 1.

Discontent is a measure of how displeased the realm's citizens are with their government. The higher the discontent of the populace, the greater the likelihood of civil disturbances, disloyalty, and low productivity among the masses. Each realm begins with a discontent of 13.

Hardship measures the general well-being of the populace. A high hardship score indicates that the population is suffering from some combination of disease, poverty, and malnutrition. Each realm begins with a hardship of 13.

Example: With a population of 110, the Bruun realm has an initial military strength of 6, meaning the Bruun can muster an army six thousand strong. The Bruun's initial discontent and hardship are both 13.

Next, fill out the realm control sheet's "Treasury and Trade" section.

Current treasury represents the approximate value of treasure held in the coffers of the realm's government. Each realm begins with a treasury equal to its population times 10,000 in gold pieces.

Tax rate measures the amount of taxes the realm's citizens are expected to pay. Tax rate is classified as either high, medium, or low. Realms with a high tax rate collect a lot of money from their citizens, while realms with a low tax rate collect little. All realms begin with a medium tax rate. Circle medium, write in the realm's total population next to the medium multiplier of 5,000, and perform the multiplication to determine the realm's income.

For now, leave the section marked "Trade Realm" blank. Later, you'll use this section to record information about the trade routes the realm establishes.

Example: Because its population is 110, the Bruun realm has a starting treasury of 1,100,000 gp. The income of the Bruun realm is 110 times 5000 or 550,000 gp.

The Third Rule of Dungeoncraft

Whenever you must decide the chance of something happening and you have no idea what that chance should be, it's always 50%.
Once you've completely filled out the trade portion of the realm control sheet, it's time to fill out some basic details about the realm.

First, select an alignment for the realm. This is essentially the equivalent to the community alignments discussed on page 137 of the Dungeon Master's Guide. The realm's alignment describes the basic tendency of the majority of its residents. It certainly shouldn't be interpreted as the alignment of every single resident of the realm—there are plenty of bad people who come from good places and vice versa. The realm alignment doesn't even necessarily reflect the alignment of the realm's ruler(s), although the two are often the same.

Next, select the Diplomacy skill modifier of the realm's ruler. If a council, senate, or some other collective rules the realm instead of a single leader, simply select one skill modifier for the entire ruling council as a whole. Mediocre leaders have a Diplomacy skill modifier of +5, outstanding leaders have a modifier of +10 (or even higher), and truly terrible leaders have a modifier of +3 or lower; select any value you feel appropriate. Should a PC ever come to lead a realm, use his Diplomacy skill modifier for the realm, and allow him to make all decisions for the realm as you resolve the campaign turns described below. Note that these rules slightly expand upon the basic Diplomacy skill described in the Player's Handbook to represent a character's ability to handle all affairs of state, not just negotiations and protocol.

After you've selected an appropriate Diplomacy skill modifier, select a Wisdom score for the realm's ruler and record the ruler's Wisdom bonus in the appropriate blank on the realm control sheet. An average ruler might have a Wisdom of 13, an exceptional ruler might have a Wisdom of 17, and a poor ruler might have a Wisdom of 9.

Select a Wilderness Lore skill modifier for the realm, representing the general ability of the realm's residents to find game and forage for food. Most cultures have a Wilderness Lore modifier of +5, but cultures that thrive in the Wilderness have a modifier of +10, and cultures composed mostly of city dwellers have a modifier of +3 or lower. Again, select any value you feel appropriate.

Once you've selected a Wilderness Lore modifier, determine the realm's Knowledge (nature) skill modifier. In this context, Knowledge (nature) represents the ability of the realm's residents to

### Encounter Modifiers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Squares</th>
<th>Modifier</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>-5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>+2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>+4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>+6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>+8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5+</td>
<td>+10%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Most cultures have a Knowledge (nature) modifier of +5, though cultures particularly skilled in agriculture might have up to a +10, while cultures that do little farming might have a modifier of +3 or below.

Finally, calculate the realm’s encounter modifier. This is the value added to the chance of a wilderness encounter occurring while traveling through the realm (see page 132 of the Dungeon Master’s Guide), and it’s a basic measure of how successful the realm is at keeping dangerous monsters and undesirables out of its territory. In other words, if a realm has an encounter modifier of +10%, the chance of a wilderness encounter while passing through a wasteland area within that realm’s borders is 15% per hour, while the chance of an encounter while passing through a heavily traveled area is 22% per hour. To calculate a realm’s encounter modifier, divide the total number of 10-mile-by-10-mile squares within the realm’s borders by its military strength (rounding fractions down) and consult the EncounterModifiers table.

Example: An alignment of neutral evil fits the Bruun Realm well. The rulers of the Bruun are notoriously inept and stubborn, so a Diplomacy skill modifier of +4 and a Wisdom score of 10 are good choices. Since the Bruun are outdoorsmen at heart and clumsy farmers, a Wilderness Lore skill modifier of +9 and a Knowledge (nature) modifier of +3 are appropriate.

To calculate the encounter modifier within the Bruun realm's borders, divide the size of the realm in squares by its military strength for a result of 3 (fractions are dropped). Thus, the encounter modifier is +6%.

Finally, you can fill out the realm control sheet’s “Realm Diplomacy” section. Here you’ll keep track of the basic diplomatic relations between this particular realm and all the other realms in the campaign area.

First, fill in the names and alignments of all the other realms in the area in the blank indicated. Then, calculate the basic ill-will between this realm and each of the others. Ill-will is a measure of how much the leaders of the two realms distrust or dislike each other.

From time-to-time, a realm will be called upon to make a Diplomacy skill check to influence a rival, using the ill-will between the two realms as the DC. Determine the initial ill-will values between the various realms in the campaign area by comparing their alignments on the Ill-Will table.

Example: The other realms in the Lost World campaign area and their alignments are listed below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Realm</th>
<th>Alignment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Jazra</td>
<td>Lawful Neutral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inundii</td>
<td>Chaotic Evil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lizardfolk</td>
<td>Lawful Good</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Janda</td>
<td>Lawful Good</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solaani</td>
<td>Neutral Good</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bruun (good)</td>
<td>Neutral Good</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vistiiri</td>
<td>Chaotic Neutral</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Since this particular Bruun realm is neutral evil, the ill-will between the evil Bruun and each of the other realms is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Realm</th>
<th>Ill-will Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Jazra</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inundii</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lizardfolk</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Janda</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solaani</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bruun (good)</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vistiiri</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Campaign Turn

Once all your realm control sheets are filled out, you’re ready to go. As your campaign unfolds, resolve the affairs of your realms by executing campaign turns. Think of a campaign turn like a combat round, only instead of lasting six seconds, it lasts for three months. Each campaign turn maps to a specific season. In other words, the first campaign turn is Spring, followed by Summer, Fall, and Winter. Like combat rounds, campaign turns are conducted in a series of phases.

Ideally, you should use this system not only as a means of figuring out what is going on in your world, but as a tool for generating ideas for adventures and encounters. If a campaign turn reveals that relations between two realms have become strained, you might want to run an adventure (or at least create some background) to explain why. Similarly, if one realm declares war on another during a campaign turn, soldiers from the various factions might be commonly encountered in the area of the fighting for the next few months. Virtually everything that happens during a campaign turn might affect the adventures you run in a similar fashion.

1. The Random Event Phase
   Start each campaign turn with the random event phase. Roll once on the Random Events table and follow the directions in the resulting entry.

   Random Events Table (d20)
   1  Plague
   2-3 Large Predator
   4-5 Natural Disaster
   6-7 Bandits
   8-13 Political Strife
   14  Birth
   15  Resources Found
   16  Controversy
   17  Foodstores Damaged
   18  Fire
   19  Campaign Specific
   20  None

   Plague: A plague strikes the selected realm. Temporarily increase the realm’s hardship by +4 until the next time the realm passes a Wilderness Lore or Knowledge (nature) check during the hardship subphase of its campaign turn—then the +4 penalty is removed. In addition, any PC (or important NPC) in the realm has a chance of contracting the plague. All appropriate characters

   Campaign Turn Phases
   1. Random Event Phase
   2. Initiative Phase
   3. Realm Turns
   a. Hardship Subphase
   b. Treasury Subphase
   c. Discontent Subphase
   d. Action Subphase
   e. Adjustment Subphase
make Fortitude saving throws (DC 15). Treat anyone who fails as though he has just succumbed a disease with a DC of 15, an incubation of 1d3 days, and damage of 1d6 Strength (see page 74 of the *Dungeon Master's Guide*).

Large Predators: A large monster or band of monsters wanders into the realm's territory—the exact details are up to the DM. Increase the realm's discontent by +3 for this campaign turn only. Hunting down this new predator might be an interesting adventure for the PCs to undertake. Should they succeed, the realm does not suffer the +3 discontent increase for the turn.

Natural Disaster: Some sort of natural disaster—a flood, storm, volcanic eruption, and so on—strikes the realm. Income from trade is halved this turn.

Bandits: Bandits, brigands, or pirates plague the selected realm. Reduce the realm's income by 25% (after all other modifications) for 1d3 campaign turns. Again, this event might form the basis of an interesting adventure for the PCs. If the PCs are able to destroy the bandits' base of operations in an adventure, the realm's income is immediately restored to normal.

Political Strife: An "international incident" occurs between the selected realm and another nearby realm. Randomly select a second realm. The first realm must make a Diplomacy skill check against a DC equal to its ill-will with the second realm. If the check fails, increase the ill-will between the two realms by +2.

Birth: A son or daughter is born to one of the realm's important political leaders. This event doesn't really affect anything that happens during the campaign turn. It merely provides the DM with fodder for campaign news.

Resources Found: The realm's forces successfully locate a new source of resources (a new mine, a new forest, and so on). Add +5 to the realm's resource total for this campaign turn only. Hunting down this new predator might be an interesting adventure for the PCs to undertake. Should they succeed, the realm does not suffer the +3 discontent increase for this campaign turn only. This is yet another event that might lead to an adventure. If the PCs somehow resolve the controversy during the course of the adventure, the realm doesn't suffer the increase.

Foodstores Damaged: A fire or disaster of some other sort damages the realm's grain silos and foodstores. Add +3 to the realm's hardship until a new foodstore is rebuilt (see the Action Subphase).

The Sixth Rule of Dungeoncraft

**Simple, easily identifiable characteristics are the best tools for portraying NPCs.**

The PCs to undertake. Should they succeed, the realm does not suffer the +3 discontent increase for the turn.

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**Bandits:** Bandits, brigands, or pirates plague the selected realm. Reduce the realm's income by 25% (after all other modifications) for 1d3 campaign turns. Again, this event might form the basis of an interesting adventure for the PCs. If the PCs are able to destroy the bandits' base of operations in an adventure, the realm's income is immediately restored to normal.

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**Resources Found:** The realm's forces successfully locate a new source of resources (a new mine, a new forest, and so on). Add +5 to the realm's resource total for this campaign turn only. Hunting down this new predator might be an interesting adventure for the PCs to undertake. Should they succeed, the realm does not suffer the +3 discontent increase for this campaign turn only. This is yet another event that might lead to an adventure. If the PCs somehow resolve the controversy during the course of the adventure, the realm doesn't suffer the increase.

**Foodstores Damaged:** A fire or disaster of some other sort damages the realm's grain silos and foodstores. Add +3 to the realm's hardship until a new foodstore is rebuilt (see the Action Subphase).

**Fire:** A fire destroys 1-4 important buildings somewhere in the realm. Increase discontent by +2 until they are all rebuilt (see the Action Subphase).

**Campaign Specific:** The DM should fill in an event specific to his own campaign in this slot. In the Lost World, a random events roll of 20 indicates that the realm has been unusually successful in rounding up wild dinosaurs to serve as mounts and beasts of burden. The realm nets 5,000 gp for its Treasury.

### 2. Initiative Phase

During this phase, check initiative for all realms in the area to determine the order in which they get to take their turns. Each realm's initiative score is equal to a d20 roll plus its leader's Wisdom modifier. The realms take their turns in initiative order unless a realm chooses to delay or ready an action.

### 3. Realm Turns Phase

Now, each realm conducts its turn in initiative order. Each realm's turn consists of several subphases.

#### 3a. Hardship Subphase

Determine the realm's effectiveness in gathering food and the general health of its citizens. Exactly how you conduct the hardship subphase generally depends upon whether it is currently a Winter/Spring campaign turn or a Summer/Fall campaign turn.

During Winter/Spring turns, the realm makes a Wilderness Lore skill check using its Hardship as the DC. Each 35,000 gp the realm spends from its treasury gives it a +1 bonus to this check.

If the check succeeds, all is well for the turn and the realm suffers no penalties. If the realm's hardship is currently greater than 13, it is reduced by one.

If the check fails, however, the realm's discontent is increased by +3 for this campaign turn only and the realm is not allowed to recruit new military forces (see Actions, below) during the turn. The realm's hardship is also increased by +1.

During Summer/Fall turns, the realm makes a Knowledge (nature) skill check using its hardship minus 5 as the DC. Each 35,000 gp the realm spends from its treasury gives it a +1 bonus to this check. The results of this check are the same as the results of the Wilderness Lore check described above.

**Non-Agricultural Realms:** Realms can choose to use their Wilderness Lore skill in place of Knowledge (nature) even during Summer/Fall turns. This option makes sense for realms with little or no agricultural skill and good Wilderness Lore scores.

#### 3b. Treasury Subphase

The realm collects revenues and adds them to its treasury.

**Taxes:** First, the realm sets its tax rate as low, medium, or high for the turn. The higher the tax rate, the more money the realm will collect, but the more discontent it will cause among the population.

For a low tax rate, multiply the realm's population by 2,000 to determine its tax income. For a medium tax rate, multiply population by 5,000, and...
multiply by 10,000 for a high tax rate. If the realm has changed its tax rate since the last turn, make sure you update its realm control sheet.

Trade: Now, the realm collects income for each of the trade routes it's opened with its neighbors. All of the realm's trade routes should be recorded on its realm control sheet. To determine the amount of revenue derived from a trade route, subtract the ill-will between the two trading realms from 22. If the result is positive, multiply it by 3,000 gp. If the result is negative, the trade route yields no revenue. If there is a road between the two realms, double the final result.

For example, suppose the ill-will between two realms is 15. A trade route between these two realms yields 45,000 gp. If a road connects the capitols of the two realms, the route yields 90,000 gp (45,000 doubled).

Pay Maintenance: Finally, the realm must pay maintenance costs (representing salaries, cost of weapons, and so on) on its standing armies. Subtract from the realm's treasury an amount equal to its military strength times 25,000 gp. At this point, the realm can voluntarily decrease its military strength in order to lower maintenance costs. If the realm doesn't have enough money in its treasury to cover the costs, it must reduce its military strength.

3c. Discontent Subphase
Next, determine the general happiness of the realm's populace. The realm's ruler makes a Diplomacy skill check against a DC equal to the realm's current discontent. This check can be modified by random events (see descriptions above) and the results of the hardship subphase previously detailed. It is also modified by the realm's population and current tax rates, according to the Discontent Modifiers table.

The realm can also apply any portion of its military strength to the check as a modifier, representing the use of troops to quell unrest and uprisings. Any military strength used here cannot be used to make war later in the turn (see Making War, below).

If the Diplomacy check succeeds and the current discontent is greater than 13, the discontent decreases by 1. If the Diplomacy check fails, increase the discontent of the realm by +2. If a realm fails this Diplomacy check three turns in a row, a rebellion arises and successfully overthrows the government. Determine new skill values and a new alignment for the realm (recalculate all the ill-will between the realm and its neighbors based on this new alignment) and cancel all existing trade routes to and from the realm. You should make a note on the realm control sheet next to the realm's discontent score every time one of these Diplomacy checks fails to help you recognize that three checks have failed in a row. Erase any existing marks when a Diplomacy check succeeds.

The DM should look to the results of a realm's most recent discontent sub-phase for important background information when running adventures set in that realm. A high discontent score means the populace generally distrusts its government, and a failed Diplomacy check indicates that various riots, strikes, and demonstrations are starting to take place. If the realm chose to use some of its military strength as a modifier to the Diplomacy check, the realm is in a state of quasi-martial law with soldiers actively patrolling most populated areas.

3d. Action Subphase
With all the administrative subphases out of the way, it's time for the realm to take action. During each action sub-phase, a realm can perform up to two of the actions listed below. (Alternatively, the realm can perform any single action twice).

Open Trade: The realm attempts to establish a trade route with a nearby realm. An attempt to establish a trade route requires an expenditure of 50,000 gp. After paying this fee, the realm makes a Diplomacy skill check against the current ill-will between itself and the target realm. If the check succeeds, the route is open.

Note that opening a trade route with a realm does not automatically give that realm a trade route with you. In other words, if the Vistiiri open a trade route with the Bruun, the Vistiiri make money from that route each turn but the Bruun do not. To make money themselves, the Bruun must successfully open a trade route with the Vistiiri.

Attempting to open a trade route with a realm that has already opened a route with you entitles you to a +3 bonus on your Diplomacy check.

Build Roads: This action allows the realm to build a road. The road costs 6,000 gp and 2 resources for each 10-mile-by-10-mile square the road spans. A road that connects the capitols of two realms doubles the value of any trade routes between those realms (see Treasury Subphase, above). Each realm can build no more than 8 squares of road in a single action (performing the build roads action twice allows a realm to build up to 16 squares of road per turn).

Build Structure: The realm can use this action to build a major structure somewhere within its borders. Building a structure requires an expenditure of money and resources based upon the type of structure being constructed. Few of these structures have any direct impact on the rules (other than canceling out the effects of certain random events), but a new structure can have a significant impact on adventures set in that realm.

The Seventh Rule of Dungeoncraft
Running a good campaign is about building a world, not building a story.
Make War: This action allows the realm to attack neighboring squares. Launching a military attack costs a realm 100,000 gp times its military strength and consumes the realm's military strength in resources.

Note that the realm can voluntarily attack with a lower military strength in order to decrease the costs of the attack. If the realm used some of its military strength to affect its Diplomacy roll during the discontent subphase earlier in the turn, it must lower the size of its attacking force by at least that amount. Any such reductions do not permanently lower the realm's military strength; they only reduce the effectiveness of the attack. A realm that wishes to make war must attack with at least a strength of 8.

Example: A realm with a military strength of 8 that used 2 points of its military strength during the discontent subphase can attack with a strength of 6 at a cost of 120,000 gp and 6 resources. If it chose, it could attack with even lesser strength—say 3, at a cost of 60,000 gp and 3 resources.

To resolve an attack, see Making War below.

Build Guarding Army: The realm builds a stronghold and deploys part of its armed forces as a guarding army. The realm pays 100,000 gp, expends 10 resources, and lowers its military strength by -1. It can now place a guarding army (see The Map and Realms above) in any square in its territory. There is no benefit from placing a second guarding army in a square that already contains one.

Conduct Diplomacy: This action can be used to improve the relations between a realm and its neighbors. To conduct diplomacy, the realm picks a target, expends 50,000 gp, and makes a Diplomacy skill check against its current ill will with that target. If the check succeeds, subtract 2 from the ill will between the realm and the target.

Hold Games or Festivals: A realm can hold public games or a religious festival to bolster the morale of its citizens. Holding games or festivals costs money but yields the realm a bonus to its discontent subphase Diplomacy check next turn. Games and festivals come in three types: simple, impressive, and elaborate.

Type  Cost  Bonus
Simple  500 gp x population +1
Impressive 1500 gp x population +2
Elaborate  3500 gp x population +5

Thus, it costs a realm with a population of 50 to hold elaborate games, but the realm receives a +5 bonus to the Diplomacy check during its next discontent subphase.

Buy/Sell Resources: A realm with spare resources during its turn can use an action to convert those resources into gold pieces that it can add to its treasury. Each unused resource point nets 5,000 gp.

Conversely, a realm that hopes to perform an action that requires more resources than it has can use its second action for the turn to temporarily purchase additional resources. Each additional point of resources costs 5,000 gp. Note that purchased resources are good for the turn of purchase only. They do not actually increase the realm's resource rating.

Build Base: The realm can establish a new base within its borders at a cost of 300,000 gp and 20 resources. Place the base in any square that doesn't already feature a base.

Move Capital: Spending 200,000 gp and 20 resources allows the realm to move its current capital to another base within its borders. The new base becomes the capital, and the old capital becomes an ordinary base.

Resources
Several of the actions a realm can take during its turn require the expenditure of resources. A realm cannot take a combination of actions that require total resources that are higher than its resources rating. Thus a realm with a resource rating of 12 cannot build a warehouse (requiring 6 resources) and recruit new soldiers (requiring 10 resources) during the same turn.

Note that resources cannot be saved up from turn to turn. Any resources not expended in a turn are gone.

Making War
The make war action allows a realm to attack neighboring 10-mile-by-10-mile squares in the hope of expanding the size of its territory. To resolve an attack, the realm rolls a 20 and adds the strength it is attacking with (see the description of the make war action above). The result is the number of "capture points" the realm earns. These points are then used to capture squares that are adjacent to territory already controlled by the realm.

Capture Table
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Terrain Square</th>
<th>Capture Point Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Plains/Desert</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forest/Jungle</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hill/Swamp</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mountain</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Capture Point Cost Modifiers
Square to be invaded . . .
Contains river +2
Contains base +2
Contains Guarding Army +7
Belongs to strong neighbor* +5
*A square that is contained within the borders of another realm with a military strength greater than that of the attacker.

Example: Let's suppose a realm is attacking with a military strength of 7. The realm rolls a 20 for a total of 27 capture points. The realm can then spend these capture points in exchange for squares along its borders. It might, for example, pick up a contiguous chunk of four plains squares and a forest square (total cost of 27 capture points). Or, it might capture an enemy plains square containing a river and a base (cost of 9 capture points) plus a plains square containing an enemy guardling army (cost of 12 capture points) plus an ordinary plains square (5 capture points) for a total cost of 26 capture points.

Each square purchased with capture points must be adjacent to the realm's borders or adjacent to another square already purchased. Realms can capture squares that are not controlled by any other realm or squares that fall within the borders of another realm. Capturing a square that belonged to another realm automatically results in a state of war between the two realms that increases the ill-will between them to no less than 25 (if the current ill-will is greater than 2 it remains the same, otherwise ill-will increases to 25).

A realm that manages to capture the capital of another realm conquers that
realm and automatically picks up all of its territory and half its treasury (effectively removing the conquered realm from play). Alternatively, the conqueror can install a friendly government of its choice in the realm. In this case, the conquered realm remains in play and gets a new government (just as though its government was overthrown during the discontent subphase). The conqueror chooses the alignment of the new government.

Note that realms with a good alignment cannot conquer territory belonging to other realms unless the DM decides such a move is adequately justified. A good-aligned realm that conquers territory owned by others without such a justification undergoes an alignment change at the DM's discretion.

Plunder: Whenever one Realm captures a base that belonged to another realm, the loser must forfeit 250,000 gp from his treasury, half of which goes to the conqueror. If the loser doesn't have the full 250,000, he loses what he can and the conqueror receives any loses in excess of 125,000.

3e. Adjustment Subphase
During this subphase, adjust the appropriate realm control sheets to reflect newly acquired (or newly lost) squares and the resulting gain in population, resources, tax income, encounter modifiers, and so on.
The Monster Manual isn't just for DMs

MONSTER CHARACTERS
So you want to play a monster? The first things you need to understand are Effective Character Levels (ECLs).

What are ECLs?
Effective Character Levels help you determine how many class levels a monster character can have and still fit in with your party of adventurers. A werewolf character can overshadow a party even if its CR plus class levels is equal to the average class level of the party. On the other hand, a half-celestial character with the exact same measurement might not be able to hit anything the party faces. ECLs help even things out.

Why Not Use CR?
The factors that go into making a good challenge and a good PC are very different. A monster is only "on the scene" for a very short while—usually just a few rounds. It shouldn't make much difference to a monster's CR if it has a spell-like ability usable at will or usable once per day. However, the distinction makes a huge difference when that creature is a PC and "on the scene" in every encounter. Further, if a powerful creature has access to a plethora of spell-like
abilities (like a balor), that really doesn't affect its CR too heavily, because it will only use three or four of them in a given encounter. But that kind of flexibility matters a lot to a PC. When we determined these ECLs, we took those factors into account.

How to Use ECLs
When building a monster character, the character's level is equal to class levels plus ECLs. Use that total to determine starting equipment (see Table 2-24: Starting Equipment for PCs above 1st Level, or Table 2-44: NPC Gear Value, both found in the Dungeon Master's Guide) and to determine the experience points needed to reach the next class level. Skill points, feats, and ability increases are based only on class levels.

Picking a Monster
First off, remember Rule 0: Your DM has the final say. Beyond that, follow these guidelines:

Choose creatures with Intelligence scores greater than 3. Creatures can not have levels in any class unless they have Intelligence scores above 1.
Choose creatures with movement speeds.
Choose creatures that can communicate with fellow party members.
Consider carefully before choosing a kind of creature that usually or always has an alignment opposed to a party member's alignment.

Notes for the Table
The table below shows ECLs for many monsters from the Monster Manual. Some notes follow some entries.
The Sahuagin's ECL is 5, unless it has four arms, in which case the ECL is 6.
Yuan-ti halfbloods have an ECL of 14, regardless of their features.

Don't play a dryad character, since such characters can't move far from their trees.
An ECL of 20 or above is a good indication that the monster is simply too powerful to make a good player character.
An animal is not an appropriate PC unless it is awakened.
An awakened octopus still can't use more than 2 weapons.
Many creatures have a third entry marked Int. That's because a low Intelligence can be a problem for a PC. That note does not appear for animals because the ECL assumes they've been awakened.
Assassin vines and various fungi don't make good PCs not only because of their low Intelligence, but also because they can't move.
# Monster ECLs

We'd like your feedback on the material in this article. The ECLs that appear in this article might appear in an upcoming D&D product. Although we're always looking for feedback on the articles we publish, this article gives you a ready-made opportunity to participate in the development of the D&D game with our R&D department. Any comments, good or bad, should be sent to scalemail@wizards.com.

### Humanoids

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Monster</th>
<th>ECL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bugbear</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dwarf</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elf</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dark</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gray</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wild</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wood</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gnoll</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gnome</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Goblin</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hobgoblin</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kobold</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lizardfolk</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Locathah</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Merfolk</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Orc</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sahugain</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(6 with 4 arms)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Troglydte</td>
<td>5</td>
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</table>

### Monstrous Humanoids

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Monster</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Centaur</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grimlock</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hag</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sea hag</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Annis</td>
<td>8</td>
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<td>Green hag</td>
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<td>Harpy</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kuo-toa</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medusa</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minotaur</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yuan-ti</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pureblood</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Halfblood</td>
<td>(regardless of features) 16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abomination</td>
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### Giants

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Etlin</td>
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<tr>
<td>Giant</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hill</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
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<td>(Elder)</td>
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<td>Stone</td>
<td>18</td>
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<tr>
<td>Frost</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fire</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
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<td>Cloud</td>
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<tr>
<td>Storm</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ogre</td>
<td>8</td>
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<tr>
<td>Merrow</td>
<td>9</td>
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### Fey

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Monster</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dryad</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(treebinding makes dryads inappropriate for PCs)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grig</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nixie</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pixie</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With dance</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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### Animal

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<td>Mule</td>
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<td>(weapons limited to 2)</td>
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<td>Dire bear</td>
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### Beasts

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<tr>
<td>Bullete (Int 2)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dinosaur</td>
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<tr>
<td>Deinonychus (Int 2)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Elasmosaurus (Int 2)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Megaraptor (Int 2)</td>
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<td>Triceratops (Int 2)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Tyrannosaurus (Int 2)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Girallon (Int 2)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Gray render (Int 3)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Griffon (Int 5)</td>
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<td>Hippogriff (Int 4)</td>
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### Magical Beasts

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<td>Blink dog</td>
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<td>Chimera</td>
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<td>Cockatrice (Int 2)</td>
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<td>Darkmantle (Int 2)</td>
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<td>Digester (Int 2)</td>
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<td>Displacer Beast</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dragone</td>
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<td>Ethereal marauder</td>
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<td>Frost worm</td>
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<td>Gargoyle</td>
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<td>Giant eagle</td>
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<td>Phase spider</td>
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<td>Remorhaz</td>
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<td>Sphinx</td>
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<td>Tarasque</td>
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<td>Winter wolf</td>
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<td>Worg</td>
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<td>Yrthak</td>
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### Shapechanger

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<td>Doppelganger</td>
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<td>Phasm</td>
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### Plant

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<tbody>
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<tr>
<td>Fungus (no move)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Violet fungus</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phantom fungus</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shambling mound</td>
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The Elemental PLANETOUCHED

Using Genasi in Your Campaign

by Sean K Reynolds • illustrated by Sam Wood

Genasi are beings that are descended from elemental-related outsiders from other planes—such as efreel, djinn, and marids—who have had children with humans. The outsider’s extraplanar abilities get passed down to their children, but over time the bloodline dilutes until it is no longer apparent in most descendants. Every few generations however, a child may be born who displays some of the special qualities of her ancestor.

There are four types of genasi, one for each element—air, earth, fire, and water. This article discusses each type, explaining their traits, personalities, and abilities, and offers advice for using them as NPCs or player characters in your campaign.

WE WANT YOUR FEEDBACK.
The feats that appear in this article might appear in an upcoming D&D product. Although we’re always looking for feedback on the articles we publish, this article gives you a ready-made opportunity to participate in the development of the D&D game with our R&D department. Any comments, good or bad, should be sent to scalemail@wizards.com.
I

f you are going to play a genasi character in a FORGOTTEN REALMS campaign, the race has some basic traits you should be aware of. Genasi possess the unusual characteristic of being an outsider native to Faerun, not a humanoid. This has three principal effects:

First, spells or effects that affect only humanoids, such as a charm person or a dominate person spell, do not affect planetouched characters.

Second, spells and effects that target extraplanar creatures might affect planetouched characters. For example, the mace of smiting and the sword of the planes are more effective against outsiders, and are correspondingly more dangerous to a planetouched character.

Finally, Faerun’s planetouched have lived on Toril long enough for Toril to become, in effect, their native plane. This means that planetouched characters can be raised or resurrected normally, whereas most outsiders cannot be brought back from the dead without the use of a miracle or wish spell.

AIR GENAS

Air genasi are fast and free-willed. Because the traits that identify an air genasi are subtle, many go unrecognized for what they are for many years and are sometimes mistaken for sorcerers, although their inherent arrogance and disregard for their appearance fools people into believing that they are charlatans at natural magic. Those that are overtly different learn quickly to disguise their nature from common folk, at least until they are able to protect themselves and strike out on their own.

Most air genasi are descended from outsiders native to the Elemental Plane of Air and humans. In Faerun, most air genasi come from bloodlines established over 9,000 years ago by the djinn that founded what is now Calimshan. A few rare air genasi derive from djinn summoned in other parts of the world, and even fewer are said to be born of a line founded by a powerful air mephit sorcerer that lived on the Great Glacier hundreds of years ago. The numbers
descended from the servants of air deities such as Akadi, Auril, and Shaundakul are unknown but likely very small. Legends also tell of elves similar to air genasi, possibly descendent from followers of the elven goddess Aeru Faerya, but it is likely that these legends are just mistaken reports of the avariel (winged elves).

Air genasi look generally human except for one or two distinguishing features related to their elemental ancestor. Some examples of these features are:

- light blue skin
- pale white skin
- white hair
- light blue hair
- a constant slight breeze in the air genasi’s presence
- flesh that is cool to the touch
- a voice that can be heard over any nonmagical wind
- sudden movement is accompanied by a whistling wind

Air genasi revel in their unusual nature, although few ever try to locate the being that founded their bloodline (as most are long dead or banished back to the Elemental Plane of Air). Because the Calimshan djinn bloodlines are so old and have suffered many crossbreedings, it is almost impossible to tell by normal means if two air genasi are from the same bloodline. As a result, all air genasi tend to treat each other as “cousins,” although in an arrogant and competitive way.

Air genasi have the same life expectancy and age categories as humans.

History

With only a few exceptions, air genasi native to Faerun are descended from the djinn that once ruled Calimshan. The djinn and djinn nobles often had human concubines, and from these unions were born half-elementals. The half-elements gained status by serving in the djinn’s armies, and their own children inherited some of their elemental nature. When the djinn masters were overthrown, many djinn, half-djinn, and air genasi were slain, driven to another plane, or bound in a magic item such as an iron flask. The surviving air genasi that were able to escape went into hiding or moved to nearby lands. Now air genasi are most common in the Lands of Intrigue, Sword Coast, and the Western Heartlands, and they have mixed enough with the local populations that at least half of them no longer resemble the people of Calimshan.

Outlook

Air genasi, like all of the elemental planetouched, are proud of their heritage,
regardless of others' opinion of them. They know they are descended from powerful beings, some of them even nobles of that type, and outside of Calishannish most people look upon such things with awe instead of fear. The air genasi are used to being flamboyant with their abilities and expect a certain amount of deference from normal folk. Air genasi view air elements as dumb brutes, but see djinn and other intelligent air-outsidors as potential rivals for attention and power.  

Because they can be of any alignment, air genasi have entered all walks of life, from paladin to necromancer to cleric to rogue, and because they consider themselves children of the sky, they tend to move about a lot over the course of their lives. Air genasi want to see and taste the air in radically different places and consider settling in one place for any length of time confining.

An air genasi’s favored class is fighter. Rather than wielding a battleaxe and sporting full plate armor, air genasi tend to become agile, rapier-wielding fighters because of their excellent Dexterity and Intelligence scores. Many develop skills as rogues or wizards, balancing their weaknesses with spells or special skills. By their nature, air genasi make poor bards, divine spellcasters, and sorcerers. Those that do practice magic favor spells involving air and electricity.

Society
Rarely is more than one air genasi born to any particular couple, however, these planetouched see each other as an extended family, and their tendency to wander means that they are more likely than not to find another of their kind at some point in their travels. Air genasi use these times to exchange news of other air genasi, usually in the form of bragging about their own deeds. Air genasi feel no need to defend other air genasi and, in fact, see another air genasi’s weakness as an affirmation of their own strength.

In a few rare cases, particularly charismatic air genasi have gathered a few dozen of their own kind to form a mercenary company, cabal of mages, or mercantile group. These individuals sometimes take air genasi children away from human parents so that they can be raised by their own kind. However, air genasi rarely stay together in groups for longer than a year, so these fosterlings usually end up being raised by one or two air genasi that stick together after the group dissolves. Still, these young genasi gain some sense of community and often go on to start their own temporary groups.

Language: Air genasi have no common language, although most learn Auran if only to feel elitist and to share secrets with each other when within earshot of non-genasi. Air genasi also usually learn the language of their parents and may pick up other languages appropriate to their region.

Relations With Other Races: Although they are arrogant about their own abilities, air genasi are smart enough to recognize the talents of the elven race (including half-elves), and they share a similar enjoyment of open, natural spaces. They consider dwarves homedwelling and narrow-minded, enjoying far too much the stoney comfort of a cavern roof above their heads. Gnomes are often regarded little better than dwarves, but the air genasi know that some gnomes love the open sky as much as the elves do, and these are tolerated.

Halflings wander as much as air genasi do, and they are welcome traveling companions to the planetouched. Half-orcs are considered clumsy and brutish but valuable allies in a fight, and so even the haughty air genasi choose their words carefully around these large half-breeds. Humans are generally accepted, although air genasi consider a typical human’s readiness to settle on an unclaimed plot of land annoying and pointless.

Air genasi consider aasimar, tieflings, and other kinds of genasi as similar in many respects to themselves. Both are touched by something out of this world, however, their “taint” isn’t as truly awesome and inspiring as the element of air. As a result, air genasi tend to treat these beings as limited but interesting distant relations.

Equipment/Exotic Weapons: Air genasi have no weapon or piece of equipment that is common to their race, because they usually lack a common background or training. However, because each has the innate ability to levitate, they are less likely to carry rope or similar climbing equipment, and most would pass over a ring of feather falling for a different piece of treasure.

Animals and Pets: Air genasi prefer birds and other flying creatures as animal companions or pets. Some air genasi acquire unusual animals such as flying squirrels, gliding snakes, or oversized insects for this purpose.

Racial Abilities: Air Genasi have the following traits:

- +2 Dexterity, +2 Intelligence, -2 Wisdom, -2 Charisma: Air genasi are quick of hand and sharp of wit, but easily distracted and arrogant.
- Medium-size.
- Air genasi base speed is 30 feet.
- Darkvision up to 60 feet.
- Levitate (Sp): Air genasi can levitate once per day as the spell cast by a 5th-level sorcerer.
- Clerical Focus: An air genasi cleric must choose a deity who grants access to the Air domain and select Air as one of his two domains.
- +1 racial bonus on saving throws against all air spells and effects. This bonus increases by +1 for every five class levels the genasi attains.
- Breathless: Air genasi do not breathe, so they are immune to drowning, suffocation, and attacks that require inhalation (such as some types of poison).
- Racial Feats: Air genasi have access to the Improved Levitation and Elemental Bloodline racial feats. (See the Planetouched Racial Feats sidebar for descriptions of these feats.)
- Outsider: Air genasi are native outsiders.
- Automatic Languages: Common, home region. Bonus Languages: Any (except secret languages, such as Druidic).
- Favored Class: Fighter.
- Level Adjustment +1: Air genasi are slightly more powerful and gain levels more slowly than most of the other common races of Faerûn. (See the Powerful Races sidebar for more information.)

EARTH GENASI
Earth genasi are patient, stubborn, and contemplative in their decision-making. Marked at birth with obvious traits reflecting their heritage, earth genasi are often shunned by others their age, but their physical gifts make them able to defend themselves against most cruel attackers. Their strength and girth mean that they sometimes become bullies, attracting sycophants out of fear and respect for their power.
At least three-quarters of the earth genasi in Faerûn are the descendants of outsiders native to the Elemental Plane of Earth and humans. The rest are descended from earth deities or servants of earth deities. Most of the elemental bloodlines originate in the North, particularly near the Spine of the World, as natural portals to the Elemental Plane of Earth form there, allowing meetings between natives of both planes. The bloodlines spring up wherever worship of earth deities is common. It is thought that the Ludwikazar clan of shield dwarves deep in the Earthspurs in Impiltur and the Tobarin family of rock gnomes in the Great Dale have elemental blood, but both are mute on the question.

Earth genasi have mostly human features except for one or two distinguishing traits related to their elemental ancestor. Some examples of these features are:
- earth-like texture to the skin
- rough facial features
- eyes that look like black pits
- eyes that look like gems
- a gravelly voice
- very large hands and feet
- iron gray hair
- the genasi sweats mud instead of water
- a metallic sheen to the genasi's skin or hair

Earth genasi, like all elemental plane-touched, are proud of their nature and abilities, but unlike air genasi who are boastful, their pride is quiet and noble. Earth genasi are pragmatic about their parentage, usually not going out of their way to learn their ancestry but not avoiding the topic either. Earth genasi have no special relationship with others of their kind, although they seem to prefer others that share their physical differences.

Earth genasi have the same life expectancy and age categories as humans.

History
Earth genasi have no common history. Most of their bloodlines derive from chance meetings between humans and earth outsiders, and even those descended from agents of earth deities are spread across the world with no common purpose. Because the outsider features often skip a generation or two, bloodlines seem to disappear for decades only to pop up again unexpectedly in a family that had forgotten its ancestry. Because earth genasi are slightly less fertile than humans, some bloodlines disappear altogether. Because of their varied origins, both planar and geographical, earth genasi can be from any human racial group.

Outlook
Proud of their heritage despite the opinions of others, earth genasi know they are born of beings touched by the might of the essence of earth. They feel a strong kinship to the earth, and as a result, they feel best when their feet are on the ground. They even prefer to go barefoot if appropriate for the weather and environment (earth genasi develop thick callouses easily and can even walk on gravel without discomfort). Earth genasi respect their earth elemental cousins for their strength but are usually indifferent to other earth elemental creatures.

Earth genasi tend to stake out a piece of land as their own and defend it stubbornly. This makes them particularly valuable homesteaders in frontier regions like the Silver Marches. A few unusual earth genasi exhibit a strange form of wanderlust; these rare earth genasi wish to plant their feet on every nation's soil before they die. Such a journey might take thirty years, but with methodical determination, certain genasi have become famous for their long-distance travels.

Most earth genasi are fighters of some sort, whether fighter, ranger, or barbarian. They usually learn styles of combat that rely on their gifts, so an earth genasi armsman is either capable of incredible bloodshed or of enduring devastating attacks and remaining unshaken. Earth genasi wizards are uncommon, but not unknown. Those that do become wizards often learn spells to enhance their fighting skills or become masters of earth magic.

Society
Earth genasi are among the most isolated of all the elemental plane-touched. They are indifferent to others of their kind, believing that each should rely on her own strength to persevere. The only time this emotional barrier is breached is when two or more genasi with the same physical

PLANETOUCHED RACIAL FEATS
Breathing Link [Genasi]
You can allow a person adjacent to you to breathe water.
Prerequisite: Base Will save +2, water genasi.
Benefit: As a free action on your turn, you may select one creature within five feet of you and give that creature the ability to breathe water as easily as you do. This ability renews automatically for that creature until you direct the ability to another creature or withdraw your power from it (a free action). The creature's ability to breathe water ends immediately if you are separated by more than five feet or if you die, at which point the creature begins to drown if it is still underwater. This ability does not hamper the creature's ability to breathe air, nor does it change the creature's ability to swim.
Special: You may select this feat more than once. Each time you take this feat, you may affect an additional creature with this ability. The affected creatures need only to remain within five feet of you (not each other). If one creature exceeds the reach of this ability, it has no effect on any other creatures you are helping.

Elemental Bloodline [Genasi]
You have taken on some of the aspects of the type of element that infuses your flesh.
Prerequisite: Base Fortitude save +5, genasi (air, earth, fire, or water).
Benefit: You gain a +4 saving throw bonus to saving throws against poison, sleep, paralysis, or stunning. You also have a 25% chance to turn a critical hit or a sneak attack into a normal hit (as if you were wearing light fortification armor). If you are wearing fortification armor or a similar item, or you have an ability with a similar effect, use the one that has the larger percentage chance.

Healing Flames [Genasi]
You can draw energy from open flames to heal yourself.
Prerequisite: Base Will save +3, fire genasi.
Benefit: When you use your control flame spell-like ability, you may instead touch the flame and heal yourself a number of hit points of damage depending upon the size of the fire.
traits meet. The superficial resemblance awakens an echo of sympathy and kinship in the earth genasi, and these similarities often lead to deep friendships and even marriages.

It is among these groups that small clans of earth genasi form, usually military-based groups such as a mercenary company, a squadron of rangers, or a gang of barbarian thugs. The bonds between these individuals can grow very strong; bands tell of entire bands of earth genasi meeting to punish a cruel lover or person responsible for the death of one of the band. Because the genasi are patient, sometimes this revenge comes about months or even years after the event, usually in a surprising and painful encounter.

Because of their strength, earth genasi are often the dominant person in their relationships. They are known to collect like-minded warriors about them, genasi or not, and carve out small baronies for themselves in isolated lands. Several leaders in the history of the Border Kingdoms have been earth genasi.

Language: There is no common language among earth genasi, and they feel no urge to learn Terran unless they are spellcasters and need to communicate with summoned elementals. An earth genasi usually learns the language of her parents and sometimes other languages spoken in her native region.

Relations With Other Races: Earth genasi get along well with gnomes and dwarves, but they find elves and half-elves too weak and puny to be taken seriously. Halflings would almost be in the same category as elves except that they show a remarkable talent for survival, which the genasi respect. Oddly, most elves and half-elves appreciate an earth genasi's ties to the land, even though the feeling is not reciprocated.

As earth genasi usually have human parents, they get along fine with humans. They have no bias for or against other kinds of planetouched, even the air genasi, who they consider flighty but skilled. Half-orcs are intriguing to earth genasi, for they have the hot blood of a much stronger race tempered with human nature, much as earth genasi do. As a result, the earth genasi consider half-orcs lesser but similar kin.

Equipment/Exotic Weapons: Earth genasi have no traditional racial weapons or equipment, although an unusually high number of them prefer to carry weapons that they themselves forged. Common weapons are implements that are useful in practical situations as well as combat, such as hammers, axes, and picks.

Animals and Pets: When earth genasi take pets or animal companions, they usually are strong and squat creatures, such as mastiffs, badgers, and bears. A few have a fondness for snakes, preferring constrictors to venomous ones.

Racial Abilities: Earth genasi have the following racial traits:
- +2 Strength, +2 Constitution, -2 Wisdom, -2 Charisma: Earth genasi are strong and tough, but somewhat oblivious and stubborn.
- Medium size.
- Earth genasi base speed is 30 feet.
- Darkvision up to 60 feet.
- Pass Without Trace (Sp): Earth genasi can pass without trace once per day as the spell cast by a 5th-level druid.
- +1 racial bonus on saving throws against earth spells and effects. This bonus increases by +1 for every five class levels the genasi attains.

- Clerical Focus: An earth genasi cleric must choose a deity who grants access to the Earth domain and select Earth as one of her two domains.
- Racial Feats: Earth genasi have access to the Stone Colossus, Stone Slide, and Elemental Bloodline racial feats. (See the Planetouched Racial Feats sidebar for descriptions of these feats.)
- Outsider: Earth genasi are native outsiders.
- Automatic Languages: Common, home region. Bonus Languages: Any (except secret languages, such as Druidic).
- Favored Class: Fighter.
- Level Adjustment +1: Earth genasi are slightly more powerful and gain levels more slowly than most of the other common races of Faerun. (See the Powerful Races sidebar for more information.)

**FIRE GENASI**

The stereotypical fire genasi is hot-blooded and quick to anger, and they have earned that reputation. Mercurial, proud, and often fearless, they are not content to sit and watch the world pass them by. Fire genasi have obvious physical traits that mark them as different from humans, and they are often the target of cruel pranks in their childhood and adolescent years. Some fire genasi are able to use their quick wits to turn the tables on their tormentors, while others find that their barbed words only make their foes more angry. Many fire genasi are destroyed as infants by their own parents, who fear that they are demonspawn.

Most fire genasi in Faerun are descended from the efreet that once ruled Calimshan. Planetouched of this derivation live all over the Lands of Intrigue, and some have traveled away from their ancestral homeland to escape the fear and prejudice that Calishites bear for genies. Chult, the Lake of Steam, and Unther also have a small number of fire genasi, for those lands bear volcanos that sometimes act as natural portals to the Elemental Plane of Fire, allowing efreet and other fiery outsiders to make contact with humans. A large family of fire-genasi-like halflings was known to live in Unther, but the war with Mulhorad has displaced them, and their current whereabouts are unknown.

Fire genasi have mostly human features except for one or two exceptional traits related to their elemental ancestor. Some examples of these features are:
- charcoal gray skin
- deep red skin
- red or orange hair that waves like flames
- eyes that glow when the genasi is angry
- unusually warm skin
- large red teeth
- a body odor that smells like smoke

Fire genasi are proud of their ancestry and consider themselves superior to normal humans, although the smarter ones don't make an issue of it. Because the efreet-descended genasi of Calimshan have almost no chance of finding their original elemental ancestor (who have long since been slain, banished, or imprisoned when their empire was overthrown), they make no effort to do so, simply enjoying the gifts their ancestor's blood has granted them. Fire genasi enjoy the company of their own kind and have been known to form elite groups of mages or fighters that hire themselves out on the basis of their skill and heritage. They also have been known to adopt the fire genasi children of human parents.
Fire genasi have the same life expectancy and age categories as humans.

History
Most fire genasi in Faerûn are the result of human-efreet unions that occurred thousands of years ago in Calimshan. These efreet rulers took human lovers, and their half-elemental offspring served their outsider parent as guards, advisors, or diplomats, eventually having children of their own, which as often as not were fire genasi. The overthrow of the genies resulted in a great slaughter and subsequent scattering of all of the planetouched in that land. Since that time, those who carry the bloodline of efreet have mixed with humans in other lands. Now fire genasi of these bloodlines might be from any human racial group and often don’t resemble the people of Calimshan at all.

Fire genasi that originate in other lands have no common history, as their bloodlines are rare and non-associated occurrences.

Outlook
Fire genasi are a proud people, knowing that they are born of great genies. They prefer to dress elegantly and flamboyantly, reveling in their differences and advertising their superior taste and abilities. Fire genasi respect their pure elemental kin, and most treat efreet and other large fire outsiders with a great deal of courtesy and respect, both out of a sense of the creature’s power and as a subtle thankfulness for their own bloodline-granted talents. Because they have such high opinions of themselves, fire genasi often elect themselves the leader and spokesperson of a group, even if they have no particular talents in those areas.

Fire genasi are impatient and don’t take well to pursuits that require a lot of time and study. They like to travel, if only to escape the presence of their enemies or of people that frustrate them. Fire genasi enjoy collecting treasure, preferring jewelry to bags of coins.

Fire genasi make smart fighters, but because of their heated bloodlust and quick tempers, most become barbarians. More fire genasi become sorcerers than wizards, even though their natural talents would indicate otherwise. Because they would much rather talk about themselves than other people, and because they have short tempers, fire genasi make poor bards. It is rare for fire genasi to become paladins, but it isn’t unknown.

Society
Fire genasi are competitive among their own kin, but it is rarely intentionally lethal. Even two fire genasi of radically different alignments or philosophies are capable of putting down their swords for a talk on elemental nature and comparative histories, and should they come to blows they are more likely to ask for and grant mercy than slay each other outright. Although they have hot tempers, arguments between fire genasi quickly burn out, although their allies or minions might suffer the smoldering aftereffects.

Other than this friendly banter, fire genasi often go for years without seeing one of their own kind. Descended from beings that have a strong, close (if argumentative) society, fire genasi still have a tendency to collect in groups when circumstances allow. Children raised by two fire genasi parents see a wide range of emotions in their parents, from phenomenal passion and epic poetry to screaming matches and thrown furniture. This is accepted as normal, and they are taught that a life not lived vigorously is not worth living.

Language: Fire genasi share no racial language, although some learn Ignan for the sake of cultivating an exotic air. A fire genasi usually learns the language of her parents and other languages spoken in her native region.

Relations With Other Races: Fire genasi consider themselves above all other races except humans because of their own human blood. Dwarves, gnomes, and halflings are too short to be friends with anyone but humans or other fire genasi.

Fire Size: Example HP
Fine Tindertwig 1
Diminutive Torch 1d3
Tiny Small campfire 1d6
Small Large campfire 2d6
Medium-Size Forge 3d6
Large Bonfire 4d6
Huge Burning shack or tree 5d6
Gargantuan Burning tavern 6d6
Colossal Burning inn 7d6

Rapid Swimming [Genasi]
You are one with the water.
Prerequisite: Base Fortitude save +2, water genasi.
Benefit: Your swim speed increases to 50 feet.
Normal: A water genasi normally has a swim speed of 30 feet.

Stone Colossus [Genasi]
You can focus a part of your power to increase the toughness of your skin.
Prerequisite: Base Fortitude save +3, earth genasi.
Benefit: When you use the attack action or full attack action in melee, you can take a penalty of as much as -5 on your attack and add the same number (up to +3) to your Armor Class as a natural armor bonus. This number may not exceed your base attack bonus. The changes to attack rolls and Armor Class last until your next action.

Stone Slide [Genasi]
You have attuned yourself to stone to such an extent that you can merge with it for a short time.
Prerequisite: Base Fortitude save +4, earth genasi.
Benefit: Instead of using your spell-like ability to pass without trace, you may instead meld into stone as per the spell cast by a 5th-level druid. Doing so uses your ability to pass without trace for the day.

Improved Levitation [Genasi]
You have learned to use part of your levitate spell-like ability at a time, allowing multiple uses with a shorter duration.
Prerequisite: Naturally able to levitate as a spell-like ability.
WATER GENASI

Water genasi are patient and independent, used to solving problems on their own and not afraid to take a lot of time doing so. At times they are like terrible storms, fierce and destructive, but most often they present a tranquil appearance despite whatever emotions run underneath their quiet surface. Water genasi are often abandoned by their human parents and raised by aquatic creatures such as sea elves, dolphins, locathah, merfolk, sahuagin, or even aboleths. Water genasi usually leave their parents upon reaching maturity, taking to the open sea in order to explore, learn, and develop their own personality and place in the world.

Most water genasi are descended from a water elemental outsider such as a marid (water genie) or triton. A rare few are born to outsider servants of the evil water goddess Umblerlee (although it is not known why these matings eventually produce water genasi instead of tieflings). Sea elves tell of a lost line of sea elf plane-touched descended from minions of Deep Sashelas, but they were thought to have been wiped out by an army of sahuagin over 500 years ago, and in any case are not true water genasi.

Water genasi look generally human except for one distinguishing feature related to their elemental ancestor. Some examples of these features are:
- lightly scaled skin
- flesh that is clammy to the touch
- blue-green skin or hair
- excessive perspiration
- hair that moves as if underwater
- blue-black eyes
- a muffled voice that sounds like it is coming from underwater

Water genasi feel that they are unique and superior to the humans that bore them, and they have little or no interest in others of their kind. Only in large communities of sea elves are more than one water genasi likely to spend much time together.

Water genasi have the same life expectancy and age categories as humans.

History

Nearly every water genasi can be traced back to a unique crossbreed between a water outsider and a human. Water genasi have no common history, and although most of them are born in or near the Sea of Fallen Stars, no known records exist of water genasi trying to build a community of their own kind, although from time to time an aquatic hero shows up in the history books, usually associated with rescuing drowning sailors or thwarting sahuagin attacks. Records also exist of water genasi villains. These villains range from pirates who love to drown their enemies to blue-haired leaders of merrow raiding parties.

Because of their varied origins, water genasi can be from any human racial group.

Outlook

Water genasi take pride in their special abilities and can be boastful of them at times. Tougher than humans and able to breathe water, these genasi sometimes view human sailors and naval merchants as vulnerable fools who are as likely to die at sea as they are to get seasick. The people of the Sea of Fallen Stars are familiar enough with the stories of water genasi to recognize them and ignore their rude behavior.

Water genasi have the best of both worlds. They can walk on land for an indefinite time (unlike sea elves, whom they secretly pity) and can always retreat to the tranquil depths of the ocean. Often loners, they sometimes establish a home in a remote underwater cave, going for years without encountering another intelligent being. They feel a kinship to other aquatic creatures, particularly tritons and water elementals, who can easily outswim the genasi.

Water genasi tend to be neutral and therefore avoid extremes in politics, opinion, or career. Some find a quiet spot to call home, others enjoy riding the currents for months, allowing the water to take them places hundreds of miles away.

Their favored class is fighter, but they often multiclass into another and shift their efforts between the two classes. In fighting, they prefer styles and weapons that unbalance, bind, or disarm their opponents.

Society

Water genasi have no society of their own, and they often adopt traits of the people who raised them. Thus, a water genasi raised by sea elves is likely to...
Believe in personal freedoms and good behavior, while one raised by sahuagin will tend to be bloodthirsty and militaristic. Water genasi from different cultures are often as radically different from one another as a quiet spring is to a raging waterfall.

Water genasi do not prefer the company of other water genasi. If anything, it makes them feel less special and less unique in the context of the other beings they live near, and so they rarely live in the same communities, and none have been known to marry. This keeps the population of repeat-generation water genasi low, with new genasi coming from new bloodlines or from a line that skipped a generation.

The water genasi’s nature makes them unlikely leaders. A water genasi is more likely to guard or support a person they respect and admire than be a person that attracts or welcomes subordinates.

Language: All water genasi born on the Sea of Fallen Stars (which is most of them) learn Common because of the heavy mercantile traffic. Many also learn Aquan in order to converse with other aquatic creatures, and water genasi that live with or near sea elves usually learn Elven as well. Those raised by sahuagin learn Sahuagin.

Spellcasting Traditions: Water genasi prefer spells that produce cold, ice, snow, and water. Water genasi spellcasters are usually clerics or druids, for they rarely have the talent for sorcery, and water ruins scrolls and spellbooks (although at least one water genasi wizard has developed a method for scribing “scrolls” made of carved shells).

Relations With Other Races: Water genasi feel closest to their adopted race and indifferent to all others. Aquatic creatures and those that can naturally breathe water are treated less coolly (unless such a creature is a natural enemy of the genasi’s adopted race, such as a sahuagin-raised genasi confronted by a triton). They hold no special animosity toward fiery creatures or fire genasi, and they see a similarity between themselves and flying creatures, although they are quick to point out that natural fliers have to come to rest on land eventually while water genasi and other sea creatures can live in the water indefinitely. They laugh at and ridicule aquaphobic creatures, and dwarves are frequently the target of their jokes and pranks.

Equipment/Exotic Weapons: Water genasi that live in the water use items favored by other aquatic races—nets instead

**Benefit:** You may use your *levitate* spell-like ability in 10-minute increments instead of all at once. The number of times per day that you may now use the ability at this shorter duration is equal to your caster level.

For example, if you are an air genasi, you normally have the ability to *levitate* once per day as a spell-like ability as if cast by a 5th-level sorcerer, allowing you to *levitate* once per day for up to 50 minutes. With this feat, you can now *levitate* five times per day, each time for up to 10 minutes.

If you could *levitate* more than once per day, multiply your caster level by the number of times per day to get the total number of shorter uses of *levitate* that you have. For example, a creature that could *levitate* two times per day as a spell-like ability as if cast by a 5th-level sorcerer would be able to *levitate* 10 (2 x 5) times per day, each time for up to 10 minutes.
of pouches, stabbing weapons instead of slashing or bludgeoning weapons, and so on. Water genasi favor magical nets and items that can be used underwater, such as a trident of warning or a horn of the tritons. The first coral dolphin figurine of wondrous power was created by a water genasi mage.

Animals and Pets: Water genasi that live in the water prefer dolphins, octopi, sharks, and other aquatic animals as pets and animal companions. Those that live on the land and in the water prefer animals that can live in both environments, such as crocodiles, otters, and some snakes and birds.

Racial Abilities: Water genasi have the following traits:
- +2 Constitution, -2 Charisma: Water genasi have high endurance, but are cold and emotionally distant.
- Medium-size.
- Water genasi base speed is 30 feet. They swim at a speed of 30 feet.
- Darkvision up to 60 feet.
- Create Water (Sp): Water genasi can create water once per day as the spell cast by a 5th-level druid.
- +1 racial bonus on saving throws against water spells and effects. This bonus increases by +1 for every 5 class levels the genasi attains.
- Water genasi breathe water as an extraordinary ability.
- Clerical Focus: A water genasi cleric must choose a deity who grants access to the Water domain and select Water as one of his two domains.
- Racial Feats: Water genasi have access to the Rapid Swimming, Elemental Bloodline, and Breathing Link racial feats. (See the Planetouched Racial Feats sidebar for descriptions of these feats.)
- Outsider: Water genasi are native outsiders.
- Automatic Languages: Common, home region. Bonus Languages: Any (except secret languages, such as Druidic).
- Favored Class: Fighter.
- Level Adjustment +1: Water genasi are slightly more powerful and gain levels more slowly than most of the other common races of Faerûn. (See the Powerful Races sidebar for more information.)

POWERFUL RACES
Genasi are significantly more powerful than the races in the Player's Handbook. To maintain the balance of power between player characters, adjustments have to be made to characters of these races so that the game remains fair and enjoyable for all involved.

All genasi have a racial trait called "Level Adjustment," which, for all types of genasi, is a 1. When creating a character of this race, add the Level Adjustment to the class levels of the creature. This determines their character level and decides how many experience points the character needs to gain a class level (see below) and how much gear the character should have (according to Table 2-24: Starting Equipment for PCs Above 1st Level in the Dungeon Master's Guide). The character level is also used to determine if a character of this race is appropriate to join an existing party. For example, if the DM would not allow a 1st-level character to join a group of 1st-level adventurers, a genasi with a level adjustment of +1 and a class level should not be allowed either.

Genasi use the normal experience chart according to their character level. They can also use an adjusted XP chart based on their level adjustment. The end result is the same. For example, Terrel the 1st-level water genasi fighter (level adjustment +1) has a character level of 2. Normally a 1st-level character begins play with 1,000 XP and needs to reach 1,000 XP to reach 2nd level, but because Terrel's character level is 2, he starts with 1,000 XP (just like a 2nd-level character) and needs to reach 3,000 XP to reach 3rd level (level adjustment +2 + 1 = 3), just like a 2nd-level character on the way to 3rd level. Terrel would pick up a third character level at 6,000 XP (level adjustment +3 + 2 = 5), a fourth at 10,000 XP (level adjustment +4 + 1 = 5), and so on—always one level behind a human with the same XP total.

This system allows a DM to give players a set XP total for their characters, and they can build characters with any race and class combination and still be about the same power level despite the overall differences between powerful and standard races. For example, Stacie decides to give each of her players 10,000 experience points to build a character. Jesse makes a 4th-level fire genasi bar-
Campaigning with Class
Customizing Your Campaign with Prestige Classes
by Andy Collins • illustrated by Mike May

Is every wizard in your game a member of the same school of thought, or do your arcane casters follow strange, hidden paths to power? Are you happy with every trained soldier in the army as a fighter, or do your mounted knights, elite archers, and veteran skirmishers need wildly varying skill sets? Are your master healers, experienced exorcists, and mighty templars all simple clerics, or do you want more diversity in your divinity? Is every rogue cut from the same cloth, or do rival guilds use unique training methods to create specialized burglars for every type of crime? Whenever your answer calls for increased specialization, you can look to the prestige class for assistance, but which prestige classes should you use?

If you want a way to make your campaign more unique, try creating a custom list of prestige classes available in your game. Not only does this pare the prodigious variety of existing classes down to a more manageable list, the task of creating the list can provide you with plenty of ideas on how to develop your campaign. This article shows you how to develop such a list with an example campaign: Bloodlines.

Making a List
When evaluating a prestige class for inclusion in your campaign, ask yourself: Does my campaign world need a specialist in this niche? Not every role in your game requires a specialist; if the class's area of expertise is little used in your world, you probably don't need to feature it. On the other hand, whenever generality threatens to obliterate significant differences in campaign roles, you can use prestige classes to emphasize such contrasts.

For instance, if all the monks in your game hail from a single monastery, you might not need the variety presented by prestige classes that favor the martial arts. On the other hand, if your game features a variety of martial arts schools and styles, the prestige class offers a golden opportunity to highlight those differences.

When starting out, don’t worry about setting yourself an arbitrary limit of prestige classes to use. Instead, let your ideas flow unhindered, moving organically from one decision to the next. You can always come back later and adjust your list.

Categorization
Most prestige classes, like the core D&D classes, fall into one (or more) of these four categories: arcane spellcasters (sorcerers and wizards, but also bards); combat specialists (barbarians, fighters, monks, paladins, and rangers); divine spellcasters (clerics and druids, but also paladins and rangers); and skill users (bards and rogues, plus some barbarians, druids, monks, and rangers). Examining each category separately can help you
focus on the areas of expertise held by characters found in your campaign. Of course, since many classes fall into more than one category, keep an open mind when evaluating each category. You might find that a decision made in one category affects choices in another.

**Arcane Spellcasters**

What role do arcane spellcasters play in your campaign? For instance, are they part of normal society, or are they shunned outcasts? Do they belong to mighty guilds, or are they loners? Do wizards make up a merchant class of magic-wielding artisans, or do they dominate society as its rightful rulers? The more plentiful and common arcane spellcasters are in your game, the more likely it is that you'll need a variety of prestige classes to specialize their roles.

In the Bloodlines campaign, arcane spellcasters play a typical role for the D&D game. There's no special mystique about their powers, and society gives magical arcana the respect they deserve. However, no large centralized guilds exist; any wizardry organization in the campaign is small or scattered. Thus, prestige classes which rely on such large organizations, such as the mage of the arcane order (T&iB), don't exist. On the other hand, if a player wants to be a loremaster (DMG), the world has room for the player to create an organization of loremasters called the League of Scrolls—a loose group of knowledge-sharing characters scattered across the continent. Since elemental

cults play a part in the world's ancient history, a few elemental savants (T&iB) still exist. Halfling wizards tend toward the arcane trickster (T&iB).

You can make similar choices for your campaign by taking a look at each prestige class and evaluating it for inclusion. Remember that you're not simply checking whether or not a character in your world would like to have the powers of the prestige class; you're evaluating whether or not the idea is something you want to incorporate into your world. The alienist (T&iB) is a great prestige class, but it has a very distinct flavor; summoning disgusting creatures from beyond reality doesn't suit a campaign based on Arthurian legend.

**Combat Specialists**

In most campaigns, combat specialists are the most plentiful character type. Fighters and their ilk form the backbone of most D&D games—while you might consider adventuring without a wizard, cleric, or rogue, few adventuring parties seriously contemplate entering the dungeon without someone providing muscle and combat prowess.

Decide what roles such characters play in the campaign. Are most fighters solders, or do they belong to guilds? Do you have orders of knighthood, schools of martial arts, or barbarian clans with their own unique outlook on combat? Do divinely inspired warriors owe their allegiance to specific faiths, or can they hail from any walk of life?

Fighters make up the bulk of the "skilled combatants" in the Bloodlines campaign, but most simply use the fighter's built-in customization (via feats) to specialize in various areas of expertise. Many professional fighters end up entering one of several different "defensive" prestige classes. For instance, trained bodyguards tend toward the devoted defender (S&F) class, while halfling outriders (S&F) protect the travelling caravans of that race. The arcane archers (DMG) accept only those of elven blood, and all who enter pledge their service to the even defense forces guarding the tiny forest kingdom of Briithone. Similarly, the dwarven defender (DMG) and stonelord (DRAGON #278) guard dwarf tribes against the goblin hordes.

**REFERENCES**

This article names many prestige classes from several products and DRAGON Magazine issues. In order to help you locate them, abbreviations appear after each prestige class's name. The meanings of these abbreviations are as follows:

- **DF** Defenders of the Faith
- **DMG** Dungeon Master's Guide
- **FR** Forgotten Realms
- **MF** Magic of Faerûn
- **MP** Manual of the Planes
- **MW** Masters of the Wild
- **S&F** Song and Silence
- **S&F** Sword and Fist
- **T&iB** Tome and Blood

Fighter-style prestige classes that focus on weapon choice, such as the lasher (S&F), master of chains (S&F), and weapon master (S&F) exist, although they generally belong to small, elite groups that guard their specialized knowledge from outsiders. For campaign reasons (see Divine Spellcasters, below), the cavalier (S&F)—an archetypal prestige class that probably finds its way into many games—doesn't exist in significant numbers. Don't be afraid to make similar choices—if a class just doesn't fit (and you don't want to build a role for it), leave it out. You can always add it in later if inspiration strikes.

Both paladins and rangers are closely affiliated with specific religious faiths in the Bloodlines campaign and thus are discussed with divine spellcasters, below. But even among those divine warriors, many follow paths similar to those set out for fighters, above. Monks and barbarians are much rarer in the Bloodlines campaign, so no prestige classes are dedicated to these characters. Barbarians hail from the Frozen North, and appear in the game only as lone wanderers far from home. Monks are all but unknown, trained in a
grounds, it would be appropriate to game features as wide a range of those character archetypes. 

Divine Spellcasters
A huge opportunity for specialization in any D&D game exists in the variety of priesthoods available. Whether your game features as wide a range of deities as presented in the Player’s Handbook or merely a handful of deities whose influence spreads far across the land, you can use prestige classes to further customize your campaign’s faiths. If a specific god is venerated above all others in war, it stands to reason that the faithful might number a few warpriests (DF) among them. Gods of freedom would certainly welcome holy liberators (DF) into the flock, while more tyrannical deities might require church inquisitors (DF) in every city. If each prestige class is associated with a limited number of deities (perhaps as few as one), this helps makes your game feel unique.

Remember also that even though their magic shares a common type, the cleric and druid occupy very different roles in most D&D games. While society counts on the cleric as healer, diplomat, and tender of souls, the druid fulfills her place in the wild, away from civilization. Don’t overlook the significance of this distinction when selecting prestige classes for your game—those appropriate to your clerics might not be suited for druids, and vice versa.

The Bloodlines campaign includes only a small number of deities. The primary human faith is that of Altius the Highfather, who provides law and order to society. The faith of Altius includes church inquisitors (DF), consecrated harriers (DF), and sacred exorcists (DF) to hunt out and eradicate evil in both the church and society at large. And even though Heironeous isn’t used in the campaign, the shining blade of Heironeous (Dragon #283) fits in with the Altian church just fine. Most paladins follow the worship of Altius, and thus pursue similar paths.

The flip side of Altius is his outcast son, Seth, who counts blackguards (DMG) among his most powerful servants. Other prestige classes that might pay allegiance to Seth include the master of shrouds (DF) or true necromancer (DF). Dwarves worship Moradin Soufforge, and their warlike society counts many templars (DF) and warpriests (DMF) among them. The elves, who follow the druidic “Old Faith” of Erynis, use holy liberators (DF) to guard their freedom against the encroachment of human settlement and fleet runners (Dragon #283) as scouts and messengers. Human rangers and druids worship the same faith, and thus tend toward similar prestige classes.

One divine prestige class that didn’t make the cut for the Bloodlines campaign is the hospitaler (DF). It’s a fine prestige class, but since none of the faiths feature pilgrimages as a crucial element, there’s no appropriate role for the class.

Skill-Users
Rouges and bards are most often associated with this category, though many other classes count skill breadth as one of their strengths. As with combat specialists, most roles filled by prestige classes in this category represent career or occupational choices, from bloodthirsty killer to happy-go-lucky outlaw to trained performer.

Specific guilds or trade organizations can provide excellent methods of including particular prestige classes. Such groups might dedicate themselves to exploration, piracy, performance arts, or simple theft. Of course, not every guild needs its own prestige class, and some classes might appear in a variety of organizations.

In the Bloodlines campaign, the hired killers known as assassins (DMG) can be found among all the races of the world. Royal heralds (Dragon Annual #5) serve the human government as spies, while shadowdancers (DMG) generally appear as solitary scouts or infiltration specialists. The guild thief (FR) fills the “urban rogue” role.

Miscellany
Don’t forget the other cultures and monsters that populate your game! If orcs occupy a prominent role in the campaign, the blessed of Gruumsh (Dragon #282e) provides a wonderful “elite” member of orc society. The tribal protector (S&F) fits in well with most humanoid or monstrous humanoid cultures, and if your game features dragons, try adding the dragon kith (Dragon #284). If you use the Psionics Handbook, the psionic characters in your game will cry out for prestigious paths (such as the truth seeker from Dragon #281), but you should also consider anti-psionic classes such as the psi-hunter (Dragon #281).

Checking it Twice
After you’ve completed your list, look for other gaps. It’s likely—in fact, it’s almost certain—that your campaign will include specialists who don’t fit into any published prestige class. Assuming you feel comfortable with design, see if you can create one or more prestige classes unique to your world. You might conjure
these up from whole cloth, or simply tweak an existing class to fit your needs.

Inform Your Players
When you’ve finished your list, share it with your players. Not only does this help them plan their characters’ careers, but it gives them a greater understanding of the various classes’ places in your world and a better understanding of the world as a whole.

Of course, don’t share everything. Maintaining a bit of mystery helps keep your players on their toes. Save a couple prestige classes to introduce at dramatic moments (such as a climactic encounter with an archvillain who displays powers that the PCs can’t readily link to a known class). But make sure you justify this secrecy. Perhaps the class hails from a distant land unfamiliar to the players, such as a ninja of the crescent moon (S&T) appearing in a European-style campaign. Alternatively, the prestige class might belong to a heretofore secret organization, such as the knight of the chalice (DF). Or maybe this is just the first character to take up the mantle of this class—after all, somebody had to be the first acolyte of the skin (T&T).

CAMPAIGNS WITH CLASS

Here are some example ways that your campaign’s theme might influence your choices of prestige classes.

AFTER THE FALL
The great metropoli are things of the past, long since crumbled into ruin. Civilization has returned to the tribal level, as small bands of humanoids eke out a bare existence in a brutal, dark world. Prestige-class characters must rely on their wits to survive in this bleak setting. Many are loners, trusting no one but themselves.

Appropriate Prestige Classes: animal lord (M&W), bane of infidels (M&W), ghostwalker (S&T), hospitaler (DF), king of the wild (M&W), mindbender (T&T), mystic wanderer (M&W), outlaw of the crimson road (S&T), temple raider of Olidammara (S&T), tribal protector (S&T).

BATTLEWORLD
Strength is power. Physical prowess leads to domination in this world, where only the mighty can rule. Such a world breeds prestige classes that focus on heightening expertise in battle (both personal combat and large-scale warfare).

Appropriate Prestige Classes: cavalier (S&T), fist of Hextor (S&T), frenzied berserker (M&W), gladiator (S&T), ravager (S&T), red avenger (S&T), tempest (M&W), templar (DF), war wizard of Cormyr (MF), warmaster (S&T), warpriest (DF), weapon master (S&T).

CITYWORLD
Cityscapes dominate the land, as the ever-burgeoning population threatens to spread from sea to shining sea. Characters who focus on urban survival thrive in this setting, particularly those able to go from gritty alleys to fancy palaces at a moment’s notice.

Appropriate Prestige Classes: arcane trickster (T&T), assassin (DMG), detective-inspector (M&W), devoted defender (S&T), duelist (S&T), divine seeker (FR), guild thief (FR), mage of the arcane order (T&T), spymaster (S&T), thief-acrobat (S&T), vigilante (S&T).

CRUSADERS
Holy warriors battle against one another in distant lands, each side laying claim to sacred territory. Prestigious characters must carve a place for themselves, either in the battles themselves or in the courts of intrigue left behind.

Appropriate Prestige Classes: forsaker (M&W), hospitaler (DF), knight of the Middle Circle (DF), knight protector of the Great Kingdom (S&T), templar (DF), warmaster (S&T), warpriest (DF).

DEADWORLD
The clerics of Deadworld lost the battle against undead a long time ago, and now lichlords and vampire kings rule huge swathes of the planet. Zombie armies march across the land, and ghouls lurk in every shadowed alley. Prestige classes in this world must be ready to deal with the undead, either as foes, allies, masters, or servants.

Appropriate Prestige Classes: hunter of the dead (DF), master of shrouds (DF), pale master (T&T), sacred exorcist (DF), temple raider of Olidammara (S&T), true necromancer (T&T).

FIENDISH INVASION
This campaign world is marked by an overabundance of fiends invading from the Lower Planes. Hordes of demons rampage across the battlefields, while crafty devils insinuate themselves into positions of power. Not only does such a world require specialized characters to deal with the threat of evil, but it fosters a greater number of prestige classes relying on the forces of evil to grant them power.

Appropriate Prestige Classes: acolyte of the skin (T&T), blackguard (DMG), church inquisitor (DF), eldritch master (DRAGON #280), fiend slayer (DRAGON #287), knight of the chalice (DF), planar champion (M&P), sacred exorcist (DF).

THE NEW WORLD
Whether newly discovered or newly open to settlement, a fresh region encourages exploration and colonization (not to mention economic domination). Prestige classes whose powers can take advantage of these opportunities will blossom. On the other hand, this expansion may discover strange characters who have never seen civilization.

Appropriate Prestige Classes: blighter (M&W), dread pirate (S&T), loremaster (DMG), royal explorer (S&T), verdant lord (M&W), wayfarer guide (T&T).

UNDERDARK CAMPAIGN
Sky? What’s a sky? This campaign takes place entirely underground, where darkness is a way of life and claustrophobia is a deadly illness. Characters must be able not only to cope with living underground, but to take advantage of the opportunities and limitations associated with the underdark.

Appropriate Prestige Classes: ancestral avenger (DRAGON #279), dungeon delver (S&T), dwarven defender (DMG), fang of Lolth (S&T), oozemaster (M&W), shadowdancer (DMG), stonelord (DRAGON #278).
To help you decide whether to include a prestige class in your campaign, answer the twenty questions listed below in regards to the class you’re considering. Tally the appropriate number of points based on each answer and consult the score chart to gauge the prestige class’s appropriateness for your campaign.

**ORGANIZATIONS AND SOCIAL GROUPS**
Many prestige classes present (or assume the existence of) a specific organization or social group that they belong to. Others may fit in to organizations that already exist.

1. If this prestige class presents a new organization, is it similar to one that you already have in your campaign?
   - Yes +1 and see 9a
   - No -2

2. If this prestige class doesn't present a new organization, would it fit well into an existing organization in your campaign world?
   - Yes +1 and see 2a
   - No -2

**CLASS OPPORTUNITIES**
Though prestige classes aim to encourage entrants from a variety of class backgrounds, most are best suited for a subset of the classes found in the Player's Handbook. Use the textual description of the prestige class, along with its requirements, to determine the answers to the following questions.

3. Does this prestige class encourage entrants from three or more character classes?
   - Yes +1
   - No +0

4. Does this prestige class encourage entrants primarily from a single character class?
   - Yes -1
   - No +0

5. Is this prestige class primarily aimed at a class or classes that are extremely common in your campaign?
   - Yes +1
   - No +0

6. Is this prestige class primarily aimed at a class or classes that are rare or unknown in your campaign?
   - Yes -1
   - No +0

7. Is this prestige class primarily aimed at a class or classes that already have many prestige class opportunities in your game?
   - Yes -2
   - No +0

8. If this prestige class doesn't present a new organization, would it fit well into the theme of your campaign world?
   - Yes +1 and see 1b
   - No -2

9. Does this prestige class present (or assume) a philosophical or religious outlook common to your campaign?
   - Yes +1
   - No +0

10. Does this prestige class present (or assume) a philosophical or religious outlook inappropriate to your campaign?
    - Yes -2
    - No +0

11. Does this prestige class present (or assume) a philosophical or religious outlook that is rare or unknown in your campaign?
    - Yes -2
    - No +0

12. Does this prestige class encourage entrants wholly or primarily from a race or culture that is significant in your campaign?
    - Yes -1
    - No +0

13. Does this prestige class encourage entrants only fit into your campaign with significant alterations to its role in the setting, or as a unique character. Consider not offering it to your players unless their characters overcome significant social or roleplaying obstacles as chosen by you.

14. Does your campaign world feature a wide variety of cultures and social backgrounds?
    - Yes +1
    - No +0

15. Does another prestige class present in your campaign already fill the role presented by this prestige class?
    - Yes -2
    - No +1

16. Does this class utilize optional rules or variants that are inappropriate for your campaign?
    - Yes -2
    - No +0

17. Does this class highlight or help justify optional rules or variants that you have included in your campaign?
    - Yes +2
    - No -2

18. When you look at this prestige class, do you immediately start dreaming of the archvillain you'll create with it?
    - Yes -1
    - No +1

19. Do you know that one or more of your players will pursue this prestige class if it is introduced in your campaign?
    - Yes +2
    - No -2

20. Would you feel comfortable offering this prestige class to the players in your campaign?
    - Yes +1
    - No -2

**SCORE CHART**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Score Range</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0 to 4</td>
<td>This prestige class will probably only fit into your campaign with significant alterations to its role in the setting, or as a unique character. Consider not offering it to your players unless their characters overcome significant social or roleplaying obstacles as chosen by you.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5 to 8 | This prestige class should fit your game, though it may be either too generic or slightly ill-fitting as is. Consider adding it with minor modifications. Be sure to inform any player selecting it that you are still testing it for appropriateness and balance. You might want to try it out as an NPC before opening it up to your players. |

9 to 14 | This prestige class fits your campaign relatively well. Consider adding it in your game, including for player use. |

15+ | This prestige class sounds perfect for your game. Strongly consider adding it, and encourage players to consider it for their characters. |
SO HOW DID WE GET LOST, AGAIN?

MUST OF THE TIME WE JUST FOLLOW OUR TRAIL OF DESTRUCTION HOME...

BUT SOMEWHERE WE CROSSED PATHS WITH A BAND OF ORCS ON SPRING BREAK. I FIGURED IT OUT WHEN I REALIZED YEARN WOULD NEVER INTENTIONALLY BURN A TAVERN WHEN LOOTING A TOWN.

EXCUSE ME, BUT WOULD YOU BE WILLING TO TAKE A SURVEY?

AND HOW WOULD YOU CHARACTERIZE YOUR TIME HERE?

WHAT'S YOUR OPINION OF THE NATIVE FLORA AND FAUNA?

NASTY, BRUTISH, AND SHORT.

TOO MANY MONOTONOUS BITS, AND TOO MANY THINGS CAN BREATHE FIRE.

I SEE.

NOW, IF YOU COULD CHANGE THE COLOR OF THE SKY...

WHAT'S GOING ON? DID WE HAVE ANOTHER FLUNKIE?

IF SO, HUMAN RESOURCES HAS A LOT TO ANSWER FOR...

OH NOOPV NSW OUT/OWOWE HOW J LTTW&M.MUW ONIWSKANET 7

SO WHEN I'M Done GAME  M3 AM OR IVAN TEM-FOM-GOD

THE NATURALLY OCCURRING BEVY ERAGES ARE PRETTY DULL.

AND THE ACCESS TO MAGIC IS AWFULLY COMPLICATED.

THE GODS CHEAT OFF OF EACH OTHER'S WORK?

SHHH!

ODD! GUYS? LET'S SETTING OFF MY DIVINITY DETECTOR SOMETHING FIERCE!

YOU'VE FOUND ME OUT.

I AM ORIYAN, NEARLY-FORMED GOD AND UNIVERSAL POWER. I'M GOING TO CREATE A WORLD IN THE UNIVERSE NEXT DOOR, AND I WANTED TO CAIBE SOME IDEAS FROM THIS WORLD.

AWAY, OUR WORLD ISN'T EXACTLY PERFECT...

I'LL SAY!

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THE GODS CHEAT OFF OF EACH OTHER'S WORK?
The Missing MINOTAUR

by Ed Greenwood • Illustrated by David Day

The Missing Minotaur of western Everlund is a newly built tavern catering to adventurers, mercenaries, treasure-hunters, explorers, and other rough folk not welcome elsewhere. Such folk eat hard, drink hard, and play hard; openly-worn weapons are the rule in the “Map House,” and so are knife-throwing games and open talk of planned lawlessness and butchery.

The Minotaur acquired its “Map House” nickname thanks to the hobby of its proprietor, a weatherbeaten retired adventurer by the name of Elsk Thavarask. “Squarejaw Thavarask” is a mapmaker—not a skilled cartographer, but simply a man who loves maps—and is slowly crafting a huge, as-detailed-as-he-can-make-it map of the known North behind his bar. Folk come in to give or sell him little scraps of map (snatches of city streets in Silverymoon and Sundabar, sketches of woodland trails and traplines, and even written notes of landmarks, water sources, and ruins), and he tacks them up beside his slowly-growing master map. Sometimes he trades away or sells pieces of these maps, but none of them ever go on display until he’s made two painstaking copies and hidden them elsewhere.

The Minotaur is a rough, late-night-roaring place, specializing in potent brews (Thavarask doesn’t hesitate to slip “knockout” poison into flagons when patrons become too rowdy or aggressive) and in becoming useful to the needs of travelers and locals alike. In Everlund, active rogues are considered to make excellent guards, because among locals active in such professions, “loyalty to the patron who hired you” is absolute.

The Black Buckler: This is a loose confederacy of mercenary warriors and rogues who help each other gain employment by paying close attention to the needs of travelers and locals alike. In Everlund, active rogues are considered to make excellent guards, because among locals active in such professions, “loyalty to the patron who hired you” is absolute.

Sarthun’s Shield: This semi-retired adventuring band of some fourteen aging human men and women love to parade, do bodyguard duty, and do work not likely to be deadly or to take them away from the environs of Everlund. They often help search for runaways or stolen goods, put on uniforms to help visiting merchants give the appearance of having large bodyguards or cadres of servants, bolster wedding or funeral processions, or help the overly timid go out at night by surrounding them with formidable personal protection. Their ranks include some capable rogues, and they’re always alert for news of treasure they can acquire to live on in theirgraying days—particularly if they can swindle it from unscrupulous passing merchants.

Tathtard’s Rose: This cold-blooded cabal of merchants is spreading with the growth of the Silver Marches. Its dozen or so members employ their most trusted personal servants as spies and agents to further the work of the Rose—which is to make its members rich, by fair means and foul. Tathtard is a furniture-maker of Silverymoon and a ruthlessly brilliant man; he prefers to work within the law whenever possible and to be secretive and subtle, simply to avoid reprisals. Long ago he decided that if a small, elite group of merchants worked together to arrange goods shortages, fix prices, direct business opportunities to each other, and share inside information they should all profit handsomely—yet never see short-term personal gain enough to be worth betraying each other. Nevio Tathtard himself, however, has secretly arranged the death of one rival in the Rose, poisoning the man’s entire household and sweeping in with his most trusted agents to plunder the rival’s hidden coffer before anyone else discovered the disaster—and he plans to serve other members of the Rose in the same way, if circumstances ever make it profitable enough.

The Master of the House

Elsk Thavarask was born in Neverwinter but spent much of his youth in Waterdeep (where his parents ran a now-vanished laundry and seamstress shop in the Castle Ward “as far away from the Palace as it’s possible to get, an’ still be in Castle Ward”). At an early age he discovered he loved coins, gems, and danger, and that he was both swift and strong. He soon joined an adventuring band and fell into a life of Sword Coast piracy—staying alive by sensing when to flee or drop out of sight (as fellows who didn’t tangled with foes beyond their handling and died).

After years of this, Thavarask grew tired of the cold, of pain, of always...
Adapting “Elminster’s Guide to the Realms” for your campaign might seem daunting to you, but it’s as easy as importing any other element from the magazine. Although the article contains many references to particular personalities and power groups in the Forgotten Realms setting, you can simply change them to suit your game.

For instance, without any knowledge of the Forgotten Realms, it should be clear that the Harpers are a large and well-informed group of secretive do-gooders, and that the Arcane Brotherhood is a similarly secretive group of evil spellcasters. Just change the names, and in your campaign, the Harpers could be a group of paladins working secretly in an evil empire and the Arcane Brotherhood could be a cult of snake worshippers hoping to usurp control of the evil empire while fending off the paladins. Alternatively, maybe the power groups are rival thieves’ guilds, both as evil and underhanded as they come.

Thavarask is a powerful NPC and a simple alignment change can make him a deadly villain. Perhaps the bar is run by a far friendlier (and less powerful) sort, and Thavarask exacts “protection money” from the proprietor. This evil Thavarask also forces the tavernkeeper to post false maps that lead the unwary into his traps. Or perhaps you don’t want to use the Missing Minotaur at all; in that case, Thavarask makes an excellent captain of the city guard or henchman to an evil sorcerer.

The poisons can be used in any game as is or with a simple name change. Changing the poisons from ingested to injury or contact poisons shouldn’t greatly affect their value, but it does increase the likelihood that player characters and NPCs will find a use for them in your game.

The map makes a great player handout when the players make the classic trip to the tavern to check on local rumors and possible employment. It’s also a fine way to show players the lay of the land before they get in the almost inevitable barroom brawl.
The Missing MINOTAUR
The skald pulled the fur cloak tighter around her body to ward off the winter chill and spread her fingers in front of the fire. A haunch of venison sizzled and blackened on a spit, filling the air with the delectable smell of cooked meat. A few members of her clan sat with her by the fire, trying to keep themselves warm. She poked the meat with a stick, and a small bit of fat hit the fire, causing it to crackle hungrily. A few seconds later, the haunting sound of a wolfs howl could be heard throughout the campsite.

"The wolves are hungry this winter," said the skald, staring deeply into the embers. "There is not much game in the woods. They might try to get into our stocks. We must be vigilant." The warriors nodded and gripped their weapons as a light snow began to fall.

The skald's eyes glazed over slightly, staring into the mesmerizing pulse of the embers in the cooking fires. She pulled the cooked venison from the flames. "We give thanks to you," she let out a bestial noise that sounded like the cry of an elk. "We thank you for giving one of your own to feed this clan." Her voice fell to a hypnotic drone as she spoke.

"We feast upon the flesh of your children, nourishing our own and denying food to . . ." She let out a feral bark. "Your adversary." Another wolf began baying on the hillside above them, but much closer.

One of the tribesmen's children pressed closer to the skald, his eyes filled with fear and awe. "Forgive me, Wise One, but what were those sounds you made? They sounded like a stag and a wolf."

The skald's eyes focused and she shook her head to clear it. She turned to look at the young boy and smiled. "Your elders have done poorly teaching your lessons, eh, Kjeld? Those were the true names, or at least as close to them as we can pronounce, of the Horned Lord and the Wolf Lord."

"The Wolf Lord is our enemy, young Kjeld, and one of our closest friends. He is the eternal foe of the Horned Lord, father to all the deer and elk in the forest. Although we fear the wolves that lurk out there in the darkness, we also know that they are part of the natural order. The Wolf Lord created the wolves in order to hunt deer; for if the Horned Lord had his way, the deer would eat all the plants in the world."

"The two lived in balance for many, many lifetimes. But one particularly harsh winter, the Wolf Lord's hunger was insatiable. No matter how much he ate, his belly still hungered for more. Wolves hunted day and night, killing as many deer as they could find, and the Wolf Lord gorged on all of the kills. The Horned Lord could not believe what was happening. He tracked down the them to help stop the Wolf Lord's children, convincing the Spirits that they would all be next once the Wolf Lord finished with all the deer."

"The Spirits listened to the plea of the Horned Lord, and they agreed that what he said was true. Suddenly, throughout the whole world, the Spirits lashed out at the packs of murderous wolves. Huge waves crashed from Sea. Storm struck with deadly bolts of lightning. Whole packs were swallowed up by Lava. The wrath of the Horned Lord was terrible, but still he was not satisfied. All the wolves that had been touched by the spirits were not killed, but changed into something terrible."

"The Horned Lord was grateful for the help of the Spirits. However, they demanded a terrible price for helping him—the creatures they created would remain on the earth . . ."

The skald's voice trailed off. A dozen glowing green eyes could be seen in the darkness and snow all around them. "...and they would hunt whatever they could find, to fill the bellies of all the Spirits of the world," she finished.

The single howl became a mesmerizing chorus of all the beasts, as they slowly advanced on the fire. The warriors instinctively made a circle around the fire, waiting for the beasts to charge. A dozen shaggy wolves glared at them. They were surrounded by a thick fog, which suddenly engulfed the campsite.

The skald began to sing a song to prepare them to meet their death . . .

The Wolf Lord is our enemy, young Kjeld, and one of our closest friends.

Wolf Lord, who sat upon a pile of bones, his stomach bloated.

"The Horned Lord demanded that the Wolf Lord put a stop to his children's killing spree. The Wolf Lord just smiled, and attacked, baring bloody fangs."

"The Horned Lord turned and fled, knowing that the Wolf Lord would follow behind. He ran with blinding speed, through forest, hill, marsh, and mountain, the Wolf Lord right behind, nipping at his heels."

"As the Horned Lord ran he yelled out and called upon the spirits of nature all around him. He called to the heart of mountains, to the foaming ocean, to the stormy skies! He asked
THUNDER WOLF
Large Magical Beast (Electricity)
Hit Dice: 8d10+24 (69 hp)
Initiative: +8 (+4 Dex, +4 Improved Initiative)
Speed: 50 ft., fly 30 ft.
AC: 18 (+4 Dex, -1 size, +5 natural)
Attacks: Bite +10 melee natural
Special Qualities: Electricity immunity, scent
Special Attacks: Breath weapon, thunder howl, trip
Skills: Hide +7, Listen +7, Move Silently +10, Spot +7
Abilities: Str 16, Dex 19, Con 17, Int 9, Wis 13, Cha 10
Saves: Fort +11, Ref +12, Will +3
Feats: Improved Initiative, Lightning Reflexes
Climate/Terrain: Temperate and warm land
Organization: Solitary, pair, or pack (2-12)
Challenge Rating: 7
Treasure: None
Alignment: Always chaotic evil
Advent: 9-12 HD (Large); 13-24 (Huge)

Thunder wolves were created by the wrath of the Storm spirit, when whole packs were struck down by weird and twisted blasts of lightning. They are unpredictable creatures, who appear only during terrible electrical storms. Thunder wolves relish in the panic caused by lightning, rain, and thunder, hunting down spooked and frightened animals and staring forest fires with their blasting lightning.

Thunder wolves look like regular wolves, with a dark gray pelting and eyes that glow an electric blue. Their fur constantly releases small sparks and jagged lines of electricity that become particularly violent when they run or attack. Thunder wolves move erratically, sprinting along for a while before stopping, then running in a completely different direction.

Thunder wolves remain active only as long as there is a thunderstorm or natural lightning. Once the storm subsides, they gradually fade away into the clouds, their howls mingling with the booms of thunder.

Because of their immunity to electricity, thunder wolves seek out other electrical creatures. In some lands, thunder wolves have an odd reputation as a good omen, because packs the howl to stun and deafen opponents before attacking en masse. One pack of thunder wolves attacks at the same time, using their howls to stun and deafen opponents before attacking en masse. A few wolves remain at a distance, attacking with their breath weapon while others close in for close combat.

Breath Weapon (Su): Line of lightning 5 feet wide, 5 feet high, and 20 feet long. Every 1d4 rounds, damage 4d6; Reflex half DC 17.

Thunder Howl (Su): Once per day, a thunder wolf can let loose a howl that sounds like crashing thunder. Those within a 100-foot radius of the thunder wolf must succeed at a Fortitude saving throw (DC 14) or be stunned for 1d4 rounds. Stunned opponents must make a second Fortitude saving throw (DC 14) or be deafened for 1d4 hours. For each additional wolf that howls at the same time, the range increases 50 feet. This is a sonic, mind-affecting attack; deafened creatures are not subject to it.

Trip (Ex): A thunder wolf that hits with a bite attack can attempt to trip the opponent as a free action (see page 139 in the Player’s Handbook) without making a touch attack or provoking an attack of opportunity. If the attempt fails, the opponent cannot react to trip the thunder wolf.

Skills: Thunder wolves receive a +1 racial bonus to Listen, Move Silently, and Spot checks, and a +2 racial bonus to Hide checks. A thunder wolf has a +4 racial bonus to Wilderness Lore checks when tracking by scent.

MIST WOLF
Large Magical Beast (Incorporeal)
Hit Dice: 6d10+18 (51 hp)
Initiative: +2 (+2 Dex)
Speed: 50 ft.
AC: 13 (-1 size, +2 Dex, +2 deflection)
Attacks: Incorporeal bite +7 melee
Damage: Incorporeal bite 1d8
Face/Reach: 5 ft. by 10 ft./5 ft.
Special Attacks: Incorporeal bite
Special Qualities: Incorporeal, obscuring mist
Skills: Hide +7, Listen +11, Spot +12
Abilities: Str -, Dex 14, Con 16, Int 10, Wis 15, Cha 15
Feats: Alertness, Iron Will
Climate/Terrain: Any swamp, hills, or plains
Organization: Solitary, pair, or pack (2-12)
Challenge Rating: 5
Treasure: None
Alignment: Always neutral evil
Advent: 7-9 HD (Large); 10-18 HD (Huge)

The first mist wolves were created when packs of wolves were swallowed up by an eerie fog. When they emerged, they were insubstantial beings that caused madness and insanity wherever they went. They are evil and sadistic creatures that enjoy causing pain, fear, and torment. Among the superstitious, it is considered a particularly ill omen to see a pack of mist wolves lurking on the edge of a forest.

Mist wolves look like regular wolves, with pelts of white and gray. They are always found in mist and fog. Their bodies sometimes seem to dissipate in the gloom, and it is difficult to tell where the fog begins and the wolf ends.

Mist wolves speak the language of wolves.

COMBAT
Mist wolves feed off the panic and horror a creature feels...
Sailors and fishermen have told stories of sea wolves baying most commonly found attacking sea elves and humans. Many moonlight reflecting off of water comes off its shaggy hide. The eyes or a sea wolf gleam like ting seaweed. It remains wet at all times, dripping seawater from its pelt regardless of how long it remains on shore. A constant stench of decaying vegetation, fish, and saltwater an insatiable hunger for flesh.

They were transformed into sea wolves—voracious killers with storms. These packs were lured to the seashore by a mesmerizing sound that came from the water. Instead of being killed, on the shore, are swallowed up by freak magical waves and are created when packs of wolves, hunting for scraps of food craggy and desolate shorelines. It is theorized that sea wolves Sea wolves are evil and vindictive creatures found along the seashore, trying to lure them into the ocean. On very rare occasions a pack of sea wolves come close to a seashore community, using their powers to drown individuals that dare to leave the safety of the village.

Sea wolves speak Aquan. Their howl sounds like the ocean crashing against rocks.

**COMBAT**

Sea wolves prefer to fight from the safety of the water, where they gain a cover bonus from hiding beneath the waves. When it senses prey, a sea wolf uses its breath weapon to send waves crashing onto the shore. Once the victim is cowering, the sea wolf pounces, trying to trip the victim and hold it underwater until it drowns.

**Breath Weapon (Su):** Every 1d4 rounds, a sea wolf can spew forth a wave of water and supernatural terror 5 feet wide and 5 feet high that travels 20 feet in a straight line before losing its force. Creatures in the area must make a Reflex save (DC 15) or be caught in the wave. Creatures of Small size or smaller that are caught in the wave are knocked prone.

Any creature caught in the wave must also make a Will saving throw (DC 14) or be frozen in fear (Cowering, see condition description on page 84 of the *Dungeon Master’s Guide*). This is a mind-affecting, fear effect.

**Trip (Ex):** A sea wolf that hits with a bite attack can attempt to trip the opponent as a free action (see page 139 in the *Player’s Handbook*) without making a touch attack or provoking an attack of opportunity. If the attempt fails, the opponent cannot react to trip the sea wolf.

**Cold Resistance (Ex):** The sea wolf ignores up to 5 points of cold damage each round.

**SEA WOLF**

Large Magical Beast (Aquatic)

Hit Dice: 4d10+12 (34 hp)

Initiative: +2 (+2 Dex)

Speed: 30 ft., swim 50 ft.

AC: 15 (+1 size, +2 Dex, +2 natural)

Attacks: Bite +7 melee

Damage: Bite 1d8+6

Face/Reach: 5 ft. by 10 ft./5 ft.

Special Attacks: Breath weapon, trip

Special Qualities: Cold resistance 5, scent

Saves: Fort +7, Ref +6, Will +2

Abilities: Str 18, Dex 15, Con 16, Int 6, Wis 13, Cha 14

Skills: Listen +10, Spot +10

Feats: Alertness

Climate/Terrain: Any aquatic

Organization: Solitary, pair, or pack (2-12)

Challenge Rating: 4

Treasure: None

Alignment: Always chaotic evil

Advancement: 5-6 HD (Large); 7-12 HD (Huge)

**SHARD WOLF**

Large Magical Beast (Earth)

Hit Dice: 6d10+24 (57 hp)

Initiative: +1 (+1 Dex)

Speed: 30 ft., burrow 30 ft.

AC: 18 (+1 size, +1 Dex, +8 natural)

Attacks: Bite +11 melee

Damage: Bite 1d8+8

Face/Reach: 5 ft. by 10 ft./5 ft.

Special Attacks: Quaking howl, trample, trip

Special Qualities: Damage reduction 10/+1, scent, tremorsense

Saves: Fort +9, Ref +6, Will +3

Abilities: Str 22, Dex 15, Con 16, Int 5, Wis 12, Cha 10

Skills: Listen +8, Spot +8

Feats: Cleave, Power Attack

Climate/Terrain: Temperate and warm land and underground

Organization: Solitary, pair, or pack (2-12)

Challenge Rating: 5

Treasure: None

Alignment: Always neutral evil

Advancement: 7-9 HD (Large); 10-18 HD (Huge)

Shard wolves are wolves that were swallowed up in fissures created by the angered Spirit of Earth. They are the incarnation of the hungry earth, devouring any living being that can be found.

**SHARD WOLF**

Large Magical Beast (Earth)

Hit Dice: 4d10+12 (34 hp)

Initiative: +2 (+2 Dex)

Speed: 30 ft., swim 50 ft.

AC: 15 (+1 size, +2 Dex, +2 natural)

Attacks: Bite +7 melee

Damage: Bite 1d8+6

Face/Reach: 5 ft. by 10 ft./5 ft.

Special Attacks: Breath weapon, trip

Special Qualities: Cold resistance 5, scent

Saves: Fort +7, Ref +6, Will +2

Abilities: Str 18, Dex 15, Con 16, Int 6, Wis 13, Cha 14

Skills: Listen +10, Spot +10

Feats: Alertness

Climate/Terrain: Any aquatic

Organization: Solitary, pair, or pack (2-12)

Challenge Rating: 4

Treasure: None

Alignment: Always chaotic evil

Advancement: 5-6 HD (Large); 7-12 HD (Huge)
A shard wolf retains the same basic shape as a regular wolf, but there the similarity ends. The fur of a shard wolf is replaced with sharp, jagged bits of stone that looks like shale or flint. A shard wolf has incredibly sharp teeth and pure black eyes that reflect light like obsidian. They are ponderous, slow, and deliberate, hunting and devouring prey with a single-minded obsession. They prefer their meat to be completely pounded to a pulp and so grind it into the rock before devouring it.

Shard wolves only appear after an earthquake or significant tremor, after which they claw their way to the surface in order to hunt and kill. To summon these creatures, evil high-level druids first cast earthquake in areas that they know shard wolves inhabit. After the damage and chaos from the quake, shard wolves emerge from the ground and terrorize the countryside until they are destroyed.

Shard wolves particularly hate animals that live underground and attack them with great zeal. Nomes and dwarves have particular problems dealing with rogue packs of shard wolves who burrow into their homes and attack anyone they find. Shard wolves have even been known to attack xorns, ember hulks, and other Underdark monsters.

Shard wolves speak Terran. Their howl sounds like boulders scraping together.

**COMBAT**

Shard wolves stalk their prey for many miles before attacking. They use their quake howls to open a fissure in the earth for their opponents to fall into, or at least knock their prey to the ground. They then charge in to trample opponents. Because most normal attacks bounce harmlessly off their pelt, shard wolves are rather careless about attacking dangerous-looking foes.

The incredibly tough and sharp claws of a shard wolf allows it to dig through the earth as fast as it can move on the surface. If it can get a victim to fall into a fissure created by its quaking howl, the shard wolf claws through the earth to attack the victim by surprise through the rock.

**Quaking Howl (Su):** Once per day, a shard wolf can let out a devastating howl that produces the effect of an earthquake spell. This effect takes the shape of a 15-foot cone originating from the shard wolf. The area within the cone is affected as though by an earthquake spell.

**Trip (Ex):** A shard wolf that hits with a bite attack can attempt to trip the opponent as a free action (see page 139 in The Player’s Handbook) without making a touch attack or provoking an attack of opportunity. If the attempt fails, the opponent cannot react to trip the shard wolf.

**Trample (Ex):** As a standard action during its turn each round, the shard wolf can literally run over an opponent at least one size category smaller than itself. A shard wolf can trample Small or smaller creatures for id8+6 points of damage. Opponents who do not make attacks of opportunity against the shard wolf can attempt a Reflex save (DC 19) to halve the damage.

**MAGMA WOLF**

**Medium-Size Magical Beast (Fire)**

**Hit Dice:** 4d6+12 (34 hp)

**Initiative:** +2 (+2 Dex)

**Speed:** 50 ft., burrow 20 ft.

**AC:** 15 (+2 Dex, +3 natural)

**Attacks:** Bite +7 melee

**Damage:** Bite id6+4 and combustion

**Face/Reach:** 5 ft. by 10 ft./5 ft.

**Special Attacks:** Combustion

**Special Qualities:** Fire subtype

**Saves:** Fort +7, Ref +6, Will +1

**Abilities:** Str 17, Dex 15, Con 16, Int 7, Wis 11, Cha 10

**Skills:** Listen +7, Spot +4, Wilderness Lore +6

**Feats:** Power Attack

**Climate/Terrain:** Temperate and warm land and underground

**Organization:** Solitary, pair, or pack (2-12)

**Challenge Rating:** 4

**Treasure:** None

**Alignment:** Always chaotic evil

**Advancement:** 5-6 HD (Medium-size); 7-12 HD (Large)

Magma wolves are evil, vicious monsters that desire only to burn living creatures to charcoal before devouring them.

Magma wolves resemble regular wolves but look as if they are composed of lava. Their black and hardened skin is cracked by bright red lines of heat. Their eyes glow with the red light of a lava vent. Their bared fangs continually ooze staggeringly hot lava, which can cause fires if they travel through flammable underbrush.

Because of their affinity to fire and burning things, magma wolves are the particular enemies of cold creatures, especially winter wolves. On the rare occasion when these two creatures meet (usually on volcanic islands in arctic conditions), they show absolutely no mercy toward each other. The landscape often shows the brunt of these combats, with plants and wildlife simultaneously burnt and frozen solid.

Magma wolves speak Ignan.

**COMBAT**

Magma wolves try to get into melee as quickly as possible, so their natural heat can burn their opponents. If they are in terrain that can catch fire, they try to create fires around their opponents before moving in to attack.

**Combustion (Ex):** Anyone a magma wolf touches must succeed at a Reflex save (DC 12) or take an additional 2d8 points of fire damage as clothes ignite or armor becomes searing hot. The damage continues for an additional 1d4+2 rounds after the magma wolf’s last successful attack. Magma wolves can also ignite flammable materials with a touch.

**Fire Subtype:** Immune to fire damage, takes double damage from cold unless a saving throw for half damage is allowed, in which case it takes half damage on a success and double damage on a failure.

**CLOUD WOLF**

**Medium-Size Magical Beast (Air)**

**Hit Dice:** 6d6+18 (51 hp)

**Initiative:** +7 (+3 Dex, +4 Improved Initiative)

**Speed:** 30 ft., fly 70 ft. (average)

**AC:** 17 (+3 Dex, +4 natural)

**Attacks:** Bite +7 melee
Damage: Bite 1d8+1
Face/Reach: 5 ft. by 10 ft./5 ft.
Special Attacks: Whirlwind howl, breath weapon
Special Qualities: Scent, spell-like abilities
Saves: Fort +8, Ref +8, Will +3
Abilities: Str 12, Dex 17, Con 17, Int 7, Wis 13, Cha 10
Skills: Hide +7, Listen +7, Move Silently +9, Spot +7, Wilderness Lore +4*
Feats: Flyby attack, Improved Initiative

Climate/Terrain: Any land
Organization: Solitary, pair, or pack (2-5)
Challenge Rating: 6
Treasure: None
Alignment: Always Chaotic Evil
Advancement: 5-6 HD (Medium-size); 7-12 HD (Large)

Cloud wolves were created by the vengeful spirit of Wind, when it picked up entire packs of wolves and carried them into the clouds. They were turned into cloud wolves, and now they prowl among the wispy trails of clouds, looking for flying prey, such as eagles, small dragons, and the occasional adventurer capable of flight.

Cloud wolves are pure white, with bright, glowing sapphire eyes. They are most often seen high in the sky “running” among the clouds in fast-moving packs. Occasionally, they come much closer to the ground, where they kick up immense windstorms. Cloud wolves prefer to remain in the air and are loath to set foot on soil. When they do, they move much slower than a normal wolf and take to the air as soon as it is possible to do so.

Cloud wolves and thunder wolves are bitter enemies and attack each other on sight. Considering that both types only appear during massive storms, conflict happens frequently. Packs of cloud and thunder wolves can sometimes be seen, snarling and biting at each other high in the black clouds above.

Cloud wolves speak Auran.

COMBAT
Cloud wolves prefer to stay in the air, blasting their opponents with their breath weapons and releasing a whirlwind howl to soften up their prey.

A group of cloud wolves often try to create a vicious windstorm, with two or more individuals closing in on the flanks of their opponent.

Breath Weapon (Su): Cone of air, 30 ft., every 1d4 rounds; damage 1d6, Reflex half DC 16. If a creature takes damage from the breath weapon, it must also make a Balance check (DC 16) or fall prone.

Whirlwind Howl (Su): Once per day, a cloud wolf can let out a howl that creates a tornado-like effect. This effect is similar in all ways to the spell whirlwind, as if cast by a 15th-level druid, except that it moves as the cloud wolf directs only for the first 4 rounds and then moves in a random, uncontrolled direction for the remainder of the duration plus 1d3 rounds. It then dissipates.

Spell-Like Abilities: At will — gust of wind; 2/day — control winds; 1/day — wind wall. These abilities are as the spells cast by a 15th-level druid.

Skills: Cloud wolves receive a +2 racial bonus to Listen, Move Silently, and Spot checks. A cloud wolf has a +4 racial bonus to Wilderness Lore checks when tracking by scent.

Cloud wolves speak Auran.
they strike quickly from the shadows. They do not worry about what other warriors might—things like honor or fighting fair, and they scoff at such ideals as childish.

Rogues most often become nightsong enforcers, although bards, fighters, and urban rangers are also common. It is not uncommon for wizards or sorcerers to undertake the intensive training required to join their ranks.

When working with others, the nightsong enforcer is the linchpin. He is the very picture of fidelity when it comes to supporting teammates on a mission. It is common for an enforcer to lead a team comprised of not only other enforcers, but fighters, spellcasters, or rogues.

Class Features
All of the following are class features of the nightsong enforcer prestige class.

Weapon and Armor Proficiency: A nightsong enforcer gains no new proficiency in weapons or armor.

Sneak Attack (Ex): If a nightsong enforcer can catch an opponent when she is unable to defend herself effectively from his attack, he can strike a vital spot for extra damage. Basically, any time the nightsong enforcer's target would be denied her Dexterity bonus to AC (whether she actually has a Dexterity bonus or not), the Nightsong enforcer's attack deals +1d6 points of damage. This extra damage increases by a +1d6 points every other level afterward (+2d6 at 3rd level, +3d6 at 5th level, +4d6 at 7th level, and +5d6 at 9th level). Should the nightsong enforcer score a critical hit with a sneak attack, this extra damage is not multiplied.

It takes precision and penetration to hit a vital spot, so ranged attacks can only count as sneak attacks if the target is 30 feet away or less.

With a sap or unarmed strike, the nightsong enforcer can make a sneak attack that deals subdual damage instead of normal damage. He cannot use a weapon that deals normal damage to deal subdual damage in a sneak attack, not even with the usual –4 penalty, because he must make optimal use of his weapon in order to execute the sneak attack.

A nightsong enforcer can only sneak attack living creatures with discernible
anatomies—undead, constructs, ooze, plants, and incorporeal creatures lack vital areas to attack. Additionally, any creature immune to critical hits is similarly immune to sneak attacks. Also, the nightsong enforcer must be able to see the target well enough to pick out a vital spot and must be able to reach a vital spot. The nightsong enforcer cannot sneak attack while striking at a creature with concealment or by striking the limbs of a creature whose vitals are beyond reach.

If a nightsong enforcer gets a sneak attack bonus from another source (such as rogue levels), the bonuses to damage stack.

Stealthy Teamwork (Su): Nightsong enforcers are trained to help each other and members of their team. At 2nd level, a nightsong enforcer always succeeds in his Spot checks to see hidden allies. This allows the nightsong enforcer to keep track of any teammates on a joint mission.

At 5th level, a nightsong enforcer can aid allies within 30 feet of himself. By taking a standard action to aid his companion, the nightsong enforcer can add a +2 competence bonus to one of the following checks: Climb, Disable Device, Escape Artist, Hide, Listen, Move Silently, and Spot.

At 9th level, a nightsong enforcer’s senses are honed so finely that he is aware of the location and status (fine, wounded, incapacitated, or dead) of all allies within 100 feet, even if they are not within sight.

Agility Training (Ex): At 4th level, a Nightsong enforcer can reduce the armor check penalty imposed on him by light armor by 1, provided that he is proficient with the armor type.

Crippling Strike (Ex): A 4th-level nightsong enforcer can sneak attack opponents with such precision that his blows weaken and hamper them. When the nightsong enforcer damages an opponent with a sneak attack, that opponent also takes 1 point of temporary Strength damage. At 10th level, the damage increases to 1d4 points of temporary Strength damage.

Scent (Ex): So highly trained and attuned are the senses of the nightsong enforcer that he can utilize the scent ability. This ability functions exactly like the scent ability described on page 10 of the Monster Manual.

Opportunist (Ex): Once per round, the nightsong enforcer can make an attack of opportunity against an opponent who has just been struck for damage in melee by another character. This attack counts as the nightsong enforcer’s attacks of opportunity for that round. Even a nightsong enforcer with the Combat Reflexes feat can’t use the opportunistic ability more than once per round.

Improved Evasion (Ex): The nightsong enforcer’s reflexes allow him to get out of harm’s way with incredible speed. This extraordinary ability works like evasion, except that while the nightsong enforcer still takes no damage on a successful Reflex save against spells such as fireball or a breath weapon, he now suffers only half damage on a failed save.

Blindsight (Su): The loth-level nightsong enforcer’s senses have transcended the normal world. Using nonvisual senses, such as sensitivity to vibrations, scent, and acute hearing, the nightsong enforcer maneuvers and fights in darkness as well as in the light. Invisibility and darkness are irrelevant, although he still can’t discern ethereal beings. The range of this ability is 30 feet. The nightsong enforcer does not need to make Spot or Listen checks to notice creatures within range of its blindsight ability, unless those creatures are actively using the Hide or Move Silently skills.

Requirements

To qualify to become a nightsong enforcer, a character must fulfill all the following criteria:

- Base Attack Bonus: +5
- Move Silently Ranks: 10
- Hide Ranks: 10
- Feats: Improved Initiative, Quick Draw

Special: The nightsong enforcer must undergo three months of intensive training and tests with the Nightsong Guild before he can actually gain the skills offered. Further, the Guild asks all members to contribute 10% of all their earnings. In return, members have access to the Guild’s extensive library, training facilities, workshops, contacts, allies and bolt-holes. Many places of business in the city offer Guild members 10% discounts on services, goods and equipment.

Class Skills

The nightsong enforcer’s class skills (and the key ability for each skill) are as follows:

- Str: Climb, Jump, Swim
- Dex: Balance, Escape Artist, Hide, Move Silently, Open Lock, Ride, Tumble
- Con: —
- Int: Decipher Script, Disable Device, Profession, Read Lips, Search, Use Magical Device
- Wis: Innueo, Intuit Direction
- Cha: Disguise, Intimidate

Skill Points at Each Additional Level: 4 + Int modifier.

The Nightsong Enforcer

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Storm Spinecastle!

Secrets of Veralos Revealed!

New Prestige Class:
Flaives of Aphasrian

no. nine. Readyiny 512 CY
Once a name that represented honor and glory in victory
to the Aerdi people, Spinecastle is now a place steeped in
infamy. Centuries ago, the land upon which this great castle
was built was the site of the largest battle in the history of
the Great Kingdom, the bloody Battle of the Shamblefield
(108 CY), in which thousands of northern Suel barbarians
clashed with legions of imperial troops. The Aerdi
eventually won the day, and the heroics of Lord Caldni Vir
(later elevated to Marquis of the Bone March) are well
recounted. But to protect the northern provinces of the
Great Kingdom from invasion through the strategic Kalmar
Pass, construction of the most vast castle the Flanaess has
ever known continued unabated. The clash left thousands of
Aerdi and Frost Barbarian corpses among the works of the
newly built fortress. So many were these dead that their
bodies were left unsanctified and often unburied—farmers
plowing nearby land regularly turned up bleached bones
centuries after the battle. Some even whispered that these
remains found their way into the original mortar of the
castle's labyrinthine walls. The blood of the Aerdi fallen
hallowed the ground in the eyes of the stout marquises who
would rule from Spinecastle for the next 450 years, but
the Fruztii pronounced a curse upon the place. A curse
which went largely ignored by the lords of the Bone March,
some say to their peril.

Many misfortunes have befallen the rulers of Spinecastle
over the years, including mysterious illnesses and death,
but none greater than the fall of its last known lord, the
Marquis Clement. The fortress was sacked by surprise in
563 CY by marauding tribes of orcs and gnolls who first
emerged from the Rakers en masse in 561 CY. These
humanoid invaders swept across the march over the next
two years and put most of its leaders to the sword.
Presumably, this included Clement and his family, who
sheltered at the impregnable Spinecastle until the final
assault by the orcs. The marquis, along with many of the
surviving nobles and richest merchants of the land, held
out hope for succor from Ratik or the North Province, but
it never came. The city of Spinecastle fell suddenly and
surprisingly to the invaders after a prolonged siege. Most
rumors at the time indicated that the castle's defenses were
pierced from within, that dark and hidden ways unknown
even to the residents of the castle were suddenly laid open
from the depths. Whispers spoke of a dark betrayal, and
this tragedy only served to confirm for some the notion
that Spinecastle was cursed. The invading orcs and gnolls
made quick work of the inhabitants who sheltered in the castle during the siege.

The savage humanoids, led by their vile shamans and bloodthirsty warchiefs, searched in vain for the hidden treasures of Spinecastle. Great wealth and magic from all over the march were certainly hidden in the vast castle by the besieged defenders, but the plunder and spoils expected by the invaders never materialized. The Euroz (orc) tribes searching the castle were soon struck by a series of horrors that drove them from the vast complex in unremitting fear. Members of missing patrols were sometimes found splayed and hung from the walls of the castle in a gory pastiche. Lone individuals were discovered hacked to pieces in solitary rooms of the castle, their heads and hands missing. Blood ran from the ceilings of chambers during the middle of war councils. Some claimed that walls and whole rooms even appeared and disappeared. Monsters, fierce enough to unnerve even the heartiest of Rakers inhabitants, were found rampaging the halls, attacking and killing whole patrols. The ores quickly abandoned the castle, retreating instead to the confines of the surrounding city, which they still hold to this day, twenty-five years later. Their shamans would no longer approach the place, which they now deemed haunted, or allow others to do so. Bloody Spinecastle seemed determined to hold fast to its secrets.

**DM’s Notes:** The vast complex at Spinecastle is built on an imposing spur of angular rock jutting from the Rakers. It guards the southern terminus of Kalmar Pass, which cuts through the mountains, forming the primary passage between the Bone March and Ratik. Spinecastle overlooks a large walled town of the same name, which is now only a shadow of its former self. The city is an armed camp inhabited mostly by orcs, brigands, and enslaved humanity totaling a few thousand souls. The vaulted castle, composed of a massive central keep and many interconnected towers, has deep dungeons dug straight into the mountains. The keep and its towers have remained uninhabited for close to three decades, though the walls look to be in good condition. They were largely untouched by the orcs during the wars, as the savage humanoids possessed few siege engines capable of harming them. The high quarter closest to the castle is lightly patrolled to prevent incursions into the castle, but the orcs are highly reluctant to follow anyone into the place should they gain access. It is widely rumored that much of the magical wealth and treasures of the Bone March still lie unclaimed within its walls. Over the years, many thieves and intrepid adventurers have pierced the armed camp of orcs surrounding the castle to brave the passages of Spinecastle. These furtive attempts to plumb the depths of the mysterious edifice have produced few successes—indeed most explorers do not return at all. On the rarest occasions, however, explorers have emerged with wondrous artifacts or sacks laden in riches. Despite the efforts of the orcs, a clandestine cottage industry has emerged, catering to the would-be treasure hunters.

The mystery surrounding the fall of Clement remains among the central issues forming the legend of the castle. The largest fortress in the Flanaess was somehow taken virtually overnight. It is almost certain that the besieged defenders of Spinecastle were betrayed from within, but how this was accomplished remains a mystery. The bodies of the marquis and his family were never found, nor was
the Key of Spinecastle, a talisman of gnarled bone worn by the lords of the place for centuries. The only surviving plans to the complex, once housed within the archives of the royal architecture school at Eastfair, have disappeared. No other copies survive. Many suspect that Grenell, now the self-styled Overking of North Kingdom, betrayed his Aerdi cousins to the north by divulging the secrets of the castle's defenses to the chieft's of the Euroz in the Rakers, with whom he is now tenuously allied. The orcs are thought to have gained access to the castle from below, through the Underdark, from ways even the former lords of Spinecastle did not know. But their sway was short-lived, for something in the castle drove them away, mad with fear.

No one knows what force penetrated Spinecastle's walls and now roams the fortress. A full exploration of Spinecastle would prove exceedingly difficult, as the hundreds of labyrinthine chambers that comprise the castle includes levels that descend deep into the foothills of the Rakers. The most common rumor in town is that some dark diabolical force from deep within the earth followed on the heels of the invading orcs into the castle from the Underdark and now inhabits the castle as its own private demesne. The appearance of heinous monsters within the walls of the edifice is surely explained by the existence of these passages laid open from below. However, a less-frequently told tale suggests that the blundering orcs disturbed a slumbering spirit of the Frutzii, which is wreaking its vengeance upon all who would invade the hallowed ground of the Frost Barbarian dead.

Veralos, Lost Citadel of the Flan

As the school Nerzadas of Rel Deven has often noted in his highly underrated (though often controversial) histories, much of the culture and heritage of the ancient Flan was wiped out or driven to the periphery of the Flanaess by the invading Aeridian and Suel tribes during the Great Migrations. These nascent conquerors pulled down ancient settlements, built new ones atop them, and in the process of settling eastern Aerik destroyed the bulk of ancient Flannish magic, art, and writings. Surely, some of these societies (such as the infamous tyrants of the Trask) were quite evil and exceedingly bellicose, leaving the invaders no choice. But this slow cultural diaspora has left modern folk with the impression that the culture of the ancient peoples of the Flanaess was quite rudimentary. Indeed, the word Flan has become synonymous with primitive, and most of what survives to the present day is myth and legend, preserved only by a proud oral tradition still practiced among certain Flannaec conclave, such as the Tenhas and the northern nomads.

One persistent legend among the Flan is that of a wondrous citadel, said to have sat near the very heart of the Flanaess in ancient times, when kingdoms of the Ur-Flan spanned the length and breadth of the subcontinent. Known as Veralos, a word meaning "aerie" in the ancient tongue of the Flan, the structure was supposedly erected somewhere near the cracked and broken ridge of the Rift Canyon, in what is now referred to as the Bandit Kingdoms. According to the oral traditions, the stronghold was the retreat of princely Ur-Flan scholars, artisans, and mystics in ancient times. It was a repository of great knowledge, learning, and contemplation, drawing disciples from many neighboring kingdoms. These highly-skilled Flan were said to have created extraordinary wonders (such as magical tablets, statuary, ensorcelled jewelry, and astounding weapons) often by commission for the lords of lands such as Sulm, Itar, Ahlissa, and Nuria. The gathered lords of the citadel even paid fealty to the Wizard-Priests of the Isles of Woe, until that fell dominion sank beneath the waves early in prehistory.

Veralos was supposedly thrown down just prior to the arrival of the migrants following the Twin Cataclysms. The legends say the inhabitants of Veralos fell victim to a curse brought on by the residents themselves, when the society was consumed by a panic caused by the oncoming and inexorable eastward march of the Aerdi tribes, who were first reported on the western shores of the Nyr Dyv in 1785. Rarer legends, common only in the Bright Desert, tell of the arrival of a prophet to the ancient citadel. Using their fear against them, he persuaded the residents of Veralos to turn to an enigmatic sinister force for succor. Dabbling in dark rites came naturally to the Ur-Flan, and some say that by rousing a sleeping power from the depths of the canyon they were ultimately destroyed, leaving their citadel and treasures unguarded.

Centuries later, as the Great Kingdom expanded to the west, the Aerdi took little interest in the badlands north of the Rift Canyon, favoring the fertile lands to the south where they settled the Shield Lands, connecting their vast east-west provinces of Nyvnd and Ferrond. No real effort was made to locate the ruins of Veralos, as many Flannish legends had proved to be spurious or highly exaggerated. Even so, the territory surrounding the Rift Canyon stretches over 400 miles around the rim and encompasses thousands of square miles. It is characterized by a harsh badlands, which has served to protect the supposed location of the lost citadel from curious eyes for centuries. According to the legends, Veralos is not a large complex, comprising no more than one hundred buildings arranged tightly together and surrounded by a wall made from the same stone that lines the canyon. With few buildings rising more than two stories and much of the stronghold built into the canyon wall itself, there are no spires to give away its location. Little else distinguishes it from the surrounding bluffs and so, if it ever existed, it has remained hidden for centuries.

The city would have probably remained lost to the mists of prehistory were it not for the efforts of a young lord from a burgeoning city south of the Nyr Dyv called Greyhawk. In 318 CY, the eccentric Zagig Yragerne led a quixotic expedition of his companions on a quest to locate the lost Flan citadel of Veralos. He was accompanied by such young personages as Murlynd and Keoghtom, who among others formed the auspicious Company of Seven. After a much-ballyhooed sendoff, they did not return to the city until almost a year after their departure. They surprisingly claimed to have not only found Veralos, but to have plundered it, producing a wagon laden with unusual treasures as proof of their success. Most of the wondrous material ended up in the private collections of the Seven,
but some of it was sold off to sorcerous societies and the rest lost in future campaigns. Their expedition single-handedly revived the legend of the lost citadel of the Flan, and while many followed in their wake to seek out the place, few succeeded. Those few who did either returned with little to show for their efforts or didn't return at all.

DM's Notes: Veralos does exist, and it is located along the northern edge of the Rift Canyon, but the land immediately surrounding the ruin is reportedly cracked and perilously dotted with sinkholes, making it difficult to approach. Mordenkainen himself has reluctantly confirmed as much on a few occasions, especially to the mage Nystul (of Flannish heritage) who took a particular interest in the place.

However, Veralos is not an uninhabited ruin waiting to be despoiled, even if its significant geographical impediments can be overcome. While Zagig reported that his expedition had been a great success, the truth of the matter was revealed by Keoghtom over a century later in a letter to the famed bard Heward. The group of explorers, who spent months tracking down the exact location of the place, only blundered upon it after taking shelter from the rapacious servants of the great dracolich Dragotha, whose lair they disturbed while seeking out the citadel. The Company of Seven were lucky to escape with their lives, for no more than half a day into their exploration of the mysterious stronghold they were attacked by pillars of dark smoke that began to form everywhere they went. These dark spirits were of a shadowy semi-corporeal form previously uncatalogued in the Flanaess. But the wily Zagig would not be driven off before risking life and limb to recover as many artifacts as he could carry. He discovered a prototype for his infamous binding cages and was able to load the partial contents of a library in which he discovered the infamous Tome of the Black Heart.

The group sped out of Veralos, racing the sunrise for their lives with death nipping at their heels.

Keoghtom had nearly forgotten his fear of that day until a century later when a dark form materialized in the forest fastness of the Celadon and confronted him in his private sanctum. The shadow attacked him by surprise, trying seemingly to tear an amulet from his chest. The powerful alchemist soon dispatched the creature, suffering only minor harm. However, his comfort was shaken and he sat down to write a letter to his confidant, Heward. Only later did he learn that the attacker was one of shadows from the old Flan citadel he had explored so long ago.

Veralos Shadows are the evil transmogrified former inhabitants of Veralos. They are highly intelligent, powerful shadows (8 HD) with the ability to teleport within darkness twice per day at any range. Once roused, the spirits pursue their quarry until they've been driven out of the citadel or are dead. They are not purposefully malicious, desiring only the recovery of lost lore stolen from their citadel. On rare occasions, they are willing to go far afield to track down their pilfered treasures.

Gary Holian co-wrote the Living Greyhawk Gazetteer and maintains Canonfire, a World of Greyhawk fansite (www.canonfire.com).

This month's interior cover depicts Mordenkainen the Archmage as seen through the eyes of artist Greg Staples.

Campaign News Will Return!

As this issue of the Living Greyhawk Journal went to press, the RPGA staff was hard at work preparing for Winter Fantasy™, the Network's premiere convention and one of the cornerstones of organized roleplaying in the United States. There's plenty to tell you about upcoming Living Greyhawk™ events and activities, so tune in next issue for a full report!
The Greyhawk Wars brought ruin to dozens of nations in the Flanaess, but few suffered as greatly as the Free State of Onnwal. Overpowered by the villainous Scarlet Brotherhood during that great struggle, only recently has the country regained a sense of normalcy, as its inhabitants arose to cast away the strictures of Suloise tyranny.

Foremost in the battle against the occupiers was the Order of the Golden Sun, Onnwal's only chivalric order. The order's elite knights, the Glaives of Azharadian, take their name and credo from Azharadian, a great general of Aerdi antiquity said to be a Child of Johydee, a man so gifted that he never lost a single battle during his long lifetime.

The knighthood forms a cult of personality within Onnwal, serving citizens of the Free State in their battles against the remnants of the Scarlet Sign.

All is not well within the order, however. A plan to integrate commoners into the ranks of what was once a purely noble institution has brought cries of concern from many corners, and claims of dark betrayals on the eve of the Brotherhood's occupation continue to haunt the organization. Whatever the future holds for the people of Onnwal, it seems clear that the Knights of Azharadian will play an important role.

To understand the present status of the Order of the Golden Sun, it is necessary to delve into the history of the man for whom the order is named—Azharadian the Great.

Even in an age in which his homeland has fallen to darkness and despair, the noble Azharadian is hailed as one of the finest generals in the history of the Great Kingdom. There is no greater testament to his skill than the fact that in his 40 years of campaigning he never lost a major battle. To many, Azharadian represents the greatness of the Aerdi during their halcyon days. As a man, his integrity and honor were beyond reproach. An ardent reverer of Heironeous, the general recorded his thoughts and lessons from his campaigns late in life in *The Strictures of Azharadian*, a work which forms the creed of the Order of the Golden Sun.

Azharadian's war captains had the utmost respect for him. Their accounts often mention his idiosyncrasies. At times he could seem aloof and distracted, while other times he spoke resoundingly and empathized with his men. Time and time again he was able to rally the common man to take up arms and fight for the Golden Sun of Aerdy, even when they seemed close to faltering. Azharadian was also a magnificent general, able to second-guess his opponent's moves before they themselves had made them.

Azharadian's life ended on the soil of Onnwal, far removed from his home and family in Rel Astra. Historians claim it was a disease of the lungs that claimed him, but the folktale “The General and the Reaper” is a more

**THE STRICTURES OF AZHARADIAN**

*The Strictures of Azharadian* contains both the general's personal writings on warfare, strategy, and the philosophy of war and the commentaries of his captains and distinguished glaives of the past. The *Strictures* are considered the template for the perfect glaive, and the volume is studied extensively by all members of the order. It is worth noting that while the *Strictures* themselves are succinct, several of the more scholarly knights over the years have written lengthy commentaries spanning several tomes.

A chapter dealing with “The Virtues of the Ideal Warrior” is held up as a code of conduct to which all the glaives of the order must adhere.

**Compassion**—In battle and in peace, never stand idle when the innocent cry out for aid. It is your duty and your honor as one of superior lineage to protect the weak and champion that which is right.

**Honor the Brethren**—Treat your fellow knights as if they shared your family's blood. We are all brothers in battle. If one of the brethren requests sanctuary, provide it.

**Valor**—Valor is the hand that gathers the flame of selfish courage and cools it with the beliefs that we share. To demand valor of oneself is to lead the way for others to find it in their hearts.

**Humility**—Ever at our heels is one of the greatest foes of all—hubris. Though our deeds may be great and our history worthy, one must be wary of the begetter of pride and discontent. To find humility you must bear witness to the pride in your spirit. Only after such an examination can you call forth the winds of humility.

**Justice**—Justice is an elusive quality that does not shine in the fog of war. One must always judge with a level eye and with conviction in the pursuit of truth.

**Atonement**—For those who have truly strayed too far from the path of these strictures, the only way your soul shall find salvation is through the blade of your own axe.
romantic account of Azharian’s fight against death itself to win his final campaign in Onnwal. Upon his death, the general’s body was returned to Rel Astra, where his tomb remains to this day. His war banner and axe, however, remained in Onnwal. The renowned axe Bardinar (“Glaive of Victory” in Old Oeridian) is said to be interred inside a large pillar raised on the site of Azharian’s death in tribute to the general, while the banner remained in the keeping of his captains.

A Rising Sun

Upon their return to Rel Astra with their general’s body, Azharian’s four war captains were each given generous land grants in Onnwal; their families and retainers became the Great Houses of Onnwal. The families and comrades of the ennobled captains were to form the core not only of Onnwal’s Great Noble Houses, but also of the Order of the Golden Sun, a chivalrous order dedicated to preserving the principles by which Azharian had lived. Founded in the year 600 or on the site of Azharian’s death at the edge of the Headlands, the order takes its name from the Golden Sun of Aerdy that formed the centerpiece of Azharian’s heraldry.

The order was never popular outside Onnwal, with the more established Knight Protectors of the Great Kingdom viewing them as a little more a fringe cult blindly devoted to a dead (albeit extremely impressive) military genius. Nevertheless, the captains of Azharian and their descendants kept alive the traditions of their deceased paragon. From its inception, the ranks of the Glaives were restricted to those of noble blood. A second group, the Glaives Cohort, was founded to cater initially for the ennobled captains were to form the core not only of Onnwal’s Great Noble Houses, but also of the Order of the Golden Sun, a chivalrous order dedicated to preserving the principles by which Azharian had lived. Founded in the year 600 or on the site of Azharian’s death at the edge of the Headlands, the order takes its name from the Golden Sun of Aerdy that formed the centerpiece of Azharian’s heraldry.

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In 447 CY, the Glaives were key players in the rebellion against the Szek, Trevellyn of Hexpools, a crony of the oppressive Naelax Herzog of South Province. It was they who marched upon the Szek’s palace in Scant and seized it from Trevellyn’s bodyguards, signaling the end of Aerdi rule in Onnwal. When Parmus Destron, the first ruler of a free and independent Onnwal, ascended to the throne, he did not forget the role of the Order of the Golden Sun. In return for the prestige and honors he lavished upon them, the knights swore oaths that bound their fates to that of the Szek of Onnwal forevermore.

A Splintered Sun

During the Greyhawk Wars, the order fought with distinction on the plains of Idee. Just prior to the fall of Onnwal in 584 CY, the Glaives were summoned to a conclave in the chapterhouse of the Order in Scant’s Bastion of the Golden Sun. On the eve of the meeting, however, Scarlet Brotherhood assassins struck at Onnwal’s leaders, including Glaive Superior Jian Relaster, master of the order. Those knights gathered at the Bastion of the Golden Sun found themselves assailed by advance parties of Brotherhood forces bent on disabling the city’s seaward defences. By dawn the surviving members of the Glaives and the Cohort had been trapped in the temple of Heironeous inside the Bastion. They could only look in despair as the red-sailed ships of the Scarlet Sign passed unaccosted beneath Scant’s defences and began to land troops in the Inner Harbor. They fought grimly to the last man. The fate of Azharian’s Banner, upon which all new glaives swore their oaths, is unknown, but it is feared that it was destroyed by the Brotherhood.

By the time of the Brewfest Rebellion in 586 CY, only six glaives remained alive, all having been outside Scant during its fall for various reasons. The Cohort suffered similar losses, with fewer than a dozen surviving. The Golden Sun entered a dark period, splintered by suspicion and mistrust. The most senior surviving glaive, Gellen Cadwale, Duke-apparent of the Azure Coast, should be the undisputed head of the order. However, Cadwale was the one who bore the writ recalling the glaives to their doom in Scant. Cadwale is deeply concerned that the order is on the verge of extinction, and he has proposed that the conditions for membership be extended to accept commoners in an effort to bolster their numbers.

Halrend Lorendrenn, Baron of Dunheern and a decorated hero of the Greyhawk Wars, openly denounces Cadwale as a traitor to the order and the Free State. The surviving members of the order have become polarized between the two leaders, with Glaive Virtuous Tiren Farness and Glaive Valorous Baernen Keldas backing the duke and the younger Glaive Martels Milos Faskel and Dorlan Maldrenn backing Baron Halrend. Each knight has questioned the other’s reason for being outside the city at the time, and there is a conviction that one among the two front-runners must be a traitor. This corrosive mistrust has split the surviving knights into two camps and has prevented the election of a new Glaive Superior.

The Glaive Cohort

The Glaive Cohort consists of priests of the Invincible One, men-at-arms from the households of the noble glaives and those aspiring to the ranks of the glaives. Most members of the Cohort have earned their places through their deeds. Cohorts act to support the knighthood, in battle as well as in spiritual and moral matters. Most possess riding skill and keep a strong horse. Armor serves as an important point of pride to members of the Cohort, who often bedeck themselves in elaborate chain or full plate. The Cohort greatly values members with martial skill, particularly those with affinity for the battleaxe and lance.

Glaive Errant of the Cohort

Supplicants to the Glaives of Azharian make up a large part of the Glaive Cohort, chosen to undertake the training and trials to officially enter the greater knighthood. Such squires are called Glaives Errant of the Cohort, and have until recently consisted only of members of the nobility. Each glaive errant typically serves one of the knights as a squire. In exchange for being bound to a full glaive by an oath of fealty, the glaive errant is taught the ways of the order by the his mentor.
Given that this protocol was until recently primarily used for exchanging young and promising noblemen in an attempt to broaden their horizons and enrich bonds between Onnwal’s noble families, service in the Glaive Errant has resulted in many life-long friendships between former squires and their sponsors, resulting in stronger ties between the nobility. Few can predict how the inclusion of commoners will affect this old tradition.

Candidates for the order are considered members of the Glaives Cohort from the time they are proposed to the time they are dubbed. They can therefore wear the symbol of the Cohort and must conform to the standards of behavior that govern the activity of all members of the order.

**Fillars of the Order**

**Three Glaives of Azharadian**

The following NPCs might very well shape the future of the order, and each plays an important role in the politics of modern Onnwal.

**Duke-Apparent Gellen Cadwale**

(Pal 6/Gla 8), Glaive Virtuous

(AL LG; Str 16, Dex 16, Con 16, Int 15, Wis 17, Cha 18)

Of medium build and standing just under six feet tall, Gellen Cadwale appears to have aged beyond his 42 years. Subtly whitening steely gray hair rests atop what seems to be a constantly furrowed brow. Always a serious man, Gellen’s eyes of late seem to stare warily into the distance. To an outward observer, Gellen bears the mark of one who carries the fate of the world upon his weary shoulders.

Gellen bore the recall order that many consider the coincidental death knell of the order. Accordingly, many question his loyalty to the knighthood and to Onnwal itself, seeing secret schemes in the timing of his order. Gellen’s detractors claim that the occupation of Onnwal is the best thing that ever happened to him. The view has some merit—Gellen emerged from the occupation as the senior-most surviving Glaive of Azharadian, and with the death of his brother, Duke Ansend, he gained the ducal coronet of the Azure Coast.

Gellen appears deeply concerned that the order stands on the brink of extinction, a conviction that propelled him to suggest extending membership in the order to commoners, an extremely unpopular proposal in some quarters.

Despite his controversial position and rumors of dangerous self-aggrandizement, Gellen has managed to garner the support of two other senior knights, Glaive Virtuous Tiren Farness and Glaive Valorous Baernen Kelldas.

**Halrend Lorenndren**

(Pal 6/Gla 5), Glaive Valorous

(AL LG; Str 18, Dex 15, Con 13, Int 11, Wis 15, Cha 17)

A tall, striking man of strong build and prominent Oeridian features, Halrend Lorenndren has the bearing and posture of a professional soldier, an occupation for which House Lorenndren has a strong tradition. Indeed, the family crest bears a golden lightning bolt, symbolizing its dedication to the ideals of Heironeous and Azharadian. Halrend fought with distinction in Iide during the Greyhawk Wars. It was only because he and his banner were cut off from Irongate while raiding into the South Province that he was not present at the slaughter in Scant.

Lorenndren is convinced that Gellen is a traitor to the order and refuses to acknowledge his claim to the position of Glaive Superior. Privately, he agrees that the order needs new blood, but he opposes Gellen’s proposals to extend membership to commoners on the grounds that it is a ploy to recruit more supporters and thus gain the leadership of the order (a position which he, of course, covets for himself). The Glaives Martial Dorian Maldrenn and Milos Faskel, as well as the majority of the surviving Glaives Cohort, support him.

**Milos Faskel**

(Fr 6/Gla 1), Glaive Martial

(AL LG; Str 18, Dex 10, Con 15, Int 11, Wis 10, Cha 16)

A young man of 25 years, the dashing Milos Faskel strikes a fetching pose with his curly blond hair and athletic build. The youngest among the knights who survived the slaughter in Scant, Milos makes up for any lack in battle-tactics and experience with an overabundance of enthusiasm and energy.

The son of Lord Kalderon, Baron of the High Headland, Milos is no stranger to tragedy—his family has seen plenty of it since the advent of the Greyhawk Wars. His father came to power after Milos’ uncle, the former baron, was lured to Scant and slain by the Brotherhood. The family holdings at Notil were seized by the Brotherhood’s savage humanoid army, forcing his entire family into hiding. During the occupation, the house joined forces with House Keldas in an attempt to thwart the plans of the Brotherhood while evading capture. Rumors circulate that the alliance may have been more than temporary—according to several within the Order of the Golden Sun, Milos is soon to wed Lady Natalia Keldas in a union that will bring the two powerful houses even closer.

**New Prestige Class**

The Glaive of Azharadian

The knights of Onnwal’s Order of the Golden Sun are known as the Glaives of Azharadian, taking their name from that of one of the greatest generals in the history of the Aerdi people. The knighthood consists of three ranks, ascending in importance and influence from the general Glaives Martial to the journeymen Glaives Valorous and ultimately to the Glaives Virtuous, who comprise the most puissant warriors in the order. The foremost Glaive of Azharadian (typically a scion of one of Onnwal’s four Great Noble Houses) is known as the Glaive Superior.

The knighthood follows the tenets of Heironeous, so most members take up an active opposition of evil through honorable combat and good works throughout Onnwal. Ever since the nation fell under the thumb of the Scarlet Brotherhood during the Greyhawk Wars, the Glaives of Azharadian have worked to free their homeland from the clutches of tyranny.

Prospective knights must be sponsored by a glaive in good standing and seconded by any member of the Order of the Golden Sun (who need not be a knight). A candidate can be granted the title of knight only by the Glaive Superior at a conclave of no fewer than four other knights or priests of
Heironymous, preferably members of the Glaives Cohort (see above). At the ceremony, the candidate must swear an oath of allegiance to the Order of the Golden Sun, to the Free State of Onnwal, and to the nation's rightful and just ruler, Szek Jan Destron. A second oath is sworn to Heironymous to uphold honor, justice, and the ideals and traditions of the order as outlined in the Strictures of Azharadian. Before Onnwal's occupation, such ceremonies were commonly held under the Sacred Banner of the Golden Sun, once flown by Azharadian himself. Since the fall of Scant and the presumed destruction of the banner, the knighthood has taken to using a convincing replica for this purpose.

Glaives of Azharadian are expected to at least wear chainmail in the field, and since until recently all members of the knighthood were nobles, full plate predominates. Skill with a battleaxe or longsword is required, to honor the Archpaladin, and familiarity with the lance is greatly appreciated (axe-users greatly outnumber sword-wielders in the knighthood, in part because Azharadian himself used a battleaxe). All candidates to the order must know how to ride a horse. Full knights bear shields emblazoned with the arms of the Order of the Golden Sun—the flaming Aerdi sun surmounted by a silver hand gripping a lightning bolt with the slogan “Unvanquished even in death” written in Old Aeridian beneath the image.

Not surprisingly, paladins dominate the order (they may multiclass freely as a Glaive of Azharadian). Fighters, who have the greatest potential for mastering the axe, and particularly powerful clerics of the Invincible One round out the order. Members of other classes, though uncommon, occasionally become Glaives of Azharadian.

Hit Die: d8

**Requirements**

To qualify to become a glaive of Azharadian, a character must fulfill all the following criteria.

**Base Attack Bonus:** +6.
**Language:** Old Aeridian.
**Handle Animal:** 3 ranks.
**Knowledge (religion):** 3 ranks.
**Ride:** 6 ranks.
**Feats:** Leadership, Weapon Focus (battleaxe or longsword).
**Alignment:** Lawful neutral or lawful good.
**Other:** Must worship Heironymous. Also, would-be glaives must have done a great deed in the eyes of the Order of the Golden Sun (usually some exceptional service to the Free State of Onnwal), garnering the sponsorship of two members of the order. They also must pass the first trial of membership, known as the Trial Martial (see sidebar).

**Class Skills**

The glaive of Azharadian's class skills (and the key ability for each skill) are: Climb (Str), Diplomacy (Cha), Handle Animal (Wis), Heal (Wis), Knowledge (history) (Int), Knowledge (religion) (Int), Ride (Dex), and Jump (Str).

**Skill Points at Each Level:** 2 + Int modifier.

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**Class Features**

**Weapon and Armor Proficiency:** Glaives of Azharadian are proficient in the use of all simple and martial weapons and all armor, and with shields.

**Martial Axe (Ex):** Glaives of Azharadian receive a +1 morale bonus to attacks made with battleaxes or longswords, providing the glaive has the Weapon Focus feat related to that weapon.

**Unvanquished Even in Death (Su):** Through inner strength and faith in Heironymous, glaives of Azharadian can draw upon a reservoir of power in the most dire situations. Once per day, when the glaive's hit point total is brought between 0 and -9, the glaive's body becomes charged with vigor, granting him a burst of reserve energy (glaives brought to -10 or fewer hit points die instantly). At 2nd level, this manifests as a +2 enhancement bonus to Constitution. At 6th level, the bonus increases to +4, and at 9th level, the bonus increases to +6. The Constitution bonus lasts a number of rounds equal to the glaive of Azharadian's class level. This ability does not function if the wound that brings the glaive between 0 and -9 hit points is self-inflicted or inflicted by an ally.

**Bolt of Glory (Sp):** By yelling an oath to the Archpaladin, a glaive wielding a battleaxe or longsword can cast the spell searing light as though cast by a cleric equal to the glaive's character level. A glaive can use this ability once per day.

**Presence of Azharadian (Su):** The mere presence of the glaive is enough to bolster the courage of his allies and keep their minds focused on the task at hand. Any ally within 60 feet gains a +2 morale bonus to saving throws against fear or charm effects.

**Valorous Axe (Su):** Once per day, when employing a battleaxe or longsword in combat, the glaive can treat the weapon as if it has the keen weapon quality. The glaive can do this for a number of rounds equal to the glaive of Azharadian's class level. If the weapon is already keen, this power has no effect.

**Wisdom of Azharadian (Ex):** The glaive embodies Azharadian's natural talent for the martial life and thus selects a number of glaive of Azharadian class skills equal to 3 + his Intelligence modifier. When making a skill check with one of these skills, the glaive can take 10 even if stress and distractions would normally prevent him from doing so.

**Virtuous Axe (Su):** Once per day, when employing a battleaxe or longsword in combat, the glaive can treat the
This for a number of rounds equal to the glaive of Azharadian's class level. If the weapon is already holy, this power has no effect.

Sight of Azharadian (Ex): The supreme embodiment of the virtues of Azharadian, the glaive also embodies Azharadian's intuitive knowledge of his enemies. Therefore the glaive is never surprised and thus can always take a partial action during a surprise round (unless otherwise prevented from doing so).

Code of Conduct: Should a glaive ever willingly betray the tenets of his order, he immediately loses all glaive of Azharadian special class abilities. To regain those abilities, the glaive must renew his oaths with the leaders of the order; they must be aware of all the circumstances of the betrayal and willing to allow the glaive to return to the fold.

Each rank enjoys its own characteristic rituals and observances, and prospective knights must apply for and successfully test into each of the branches. Such tests generally take place at knightly conclaves. At the end of such meetings, those who have successfully tested are elevated to their new rank. The specifics of each branch's test follows:

The Trial Martial: Over the years, the order's entrance trials have become increasingly ritualized. The Order of the Golden Sun holds a trial by combat annually at the Pavilion of the Order (near Azharadian's Pillar). There, candidates who have garnered a sponsorship from a serving glaive in good standing that is seconded by any member of the order endure a battle against an active Glaive Martial attending the conclave. While the candidate humbles himself in obeisance to Heironeous, the glaive dons ornamental black full plate and ceremonial robes, clothing his horse in onyx barding. The supplicant is not told the identity of his helmed opponent, who is meant to represent the Ebon Knight, Azharadian's final opponent and a nearly mythical figure who is said to usher the greatest Oeridian heroes into the afterlife.

The supplicant and the Ebon Knight fight a duel from horseback with axes or longswords until one or the other asks for quarter. Such combats occasionally escalate to battles on foot, and throughout the history of the order, several obstinate knights or would-be glaives have been killed rather than dishonor themselves in surrender. While the hierarchy of the order frowns upon such lethality, the spirits of those who have fallen in the Trial Martial loom large over the proceedings, and all take the combats extremely seriously.

If the supplicant proves victorious, he is said to have died and been reborn as a Glaive Martial, "unvanquished even in death." (Defeating the Ebon Knight is one of several requirements for choosing the glaive of Azharadian prestige class.) Only after he has been defeated is the identity of the mysterious Ebon Knight revealed, an event usually greeted with congratulations or commiserations from the "vanquished" foe.

The Trial Valorous: Few know the details of this intensely secret trial, in which a prospective journeyman knight is subjected not to a test of his martial ability, but of the mettle of his spirit and soul. Candidates fast and meditate within the shadow of Azharadian's Pillar, reportedly struggling with a vision of their own inner turmoil and the darkest aspects of their soul. Those who manage to overcome their personal weaknesses without being defeated by them are elevated to the ranks of the Glaives Valorous, but the specifics of how the contest is judged remain occluded to all who have not undergone the ordeal.

The Trial Virtuous: Like the trial that precedes it, the test to enter the Glaives Virtuous involves a meditative spiritual journey into the darkness of the knight's own heart. The trial begins when the knight is ushered to a secret cave beneath the Pillar of Azharadian. There, spirits from the serried ranks of Azharadian's fallen allies assail the knight in visions, testing his compassion, honor, valor, humility, and sense of justice. It is said that the final test is given by the spirit of Azharadian himself, in the company of Heironeous—Glaives who ultimately prove unworthy often quit the test in shame, their minds wholly broken by the terrible ordeal. Those who succeed, however, join the highest echelons of the Glaives of Azharadian and can claim the title Glaive Virtuous.

The Glaives of Azharadian can be divided into three specific branches, each technically subservient to those above it. When a candidate becomes a glaive, he is counted among the ranks of the Glaives Martial, which generally consists of knights of levels 1-4. More experienced knights often are elevated into the ranks of the Glaives Valorous. Around the time a knight achieves 7th level in the glaive of Azharadian prestige class, he is invited to test for the most honored rank within the knighthood, that of the Glaives Virtuous.

Weapon as if it has the holy weapon quality. The glaive can do this for a number of rounds equal to the glaive of Azharadian's class level. If the weapon is already holy, this power has no effect.
The Free States

In previous installments of this column (issue #285-292) we discussed the history of the different factions of the Sundered Empire, the setting for Dungeons & Dragons Chainmail. If you read those articles, then you already know that the elven Empire of Ravilla suffered a series of disastrous setbacks: First the elves were invaded by barbaric nomads, then they fought a long and costly war with the dwarves, and finally, they lost a chunk of territory to their ancient foes, the gnolls. The Elven Peace was shattered, and Ravilla slipped into decline.

A Buffer Zone
The Oligarchs of Ravilla were keenly aware of their increasingly precarious hold over the empire. To free resources and reduce their borders, they created a human puppet state named Govis in 852. Govis was populated by the descendants of human tribes that the elves had conquered hundreds of years ago, but it also included smaller enclaves of gnomes and halflings. Situated in the western territories of Ravilla, Govis provided a buffer between the empire and Thalos.

Govis thrived for nearly a century. Since all of its leaders had an elven education, it was no surprise that Govis mirrored Ravilla in many ways. Their Council of Seven was very similar to Ravilla's Oligarchs, and their military trained and fought in the elven style and used classic Ravillian tactical tactics. They only lacked felldrakes to complete the package.

If the Oligarchs hoped that Thalos would avoid attacking Govis because of its predominantly human population, they thought wrong. In 944, Queen Almira XIX ordered the invasion of Govis. Led by Godfrey, a mighty paladin of Stratis, the armies of Thalos attacked Govis to "liberate it from the elven yoke." The Council of Seven immediately realized that their military was outclassed, and they appealed for elven aid. The Oligarchs debated the matter hotly but ultimately decided they could not afford to weaken their position by deploying precious troops. In less than a year, Govis was conquered.

At last, Thalos had a foothold on a continent, a fact it would later exploit in the Godwar. For the time being, however, Thalos's armies advanced no further. The period of 950-1005 was characterized by constant border skirmishes between all the nations of the Sundered Empire. These clashes are now generally referred to as the Petty Wars. Little of consequence came out of the Petty Wars, but they kept tensions high and made war a fact of daily life.

After years of fighting and no gain, Govilla decided to cut its losses and retreat. The original city-states had remained exclusively elven, despite the diverse nature of the empire. In an unprecedented maneuver, the Oligarchs decided to pull back to the city-states, leaving behind the humans, gnomes, and other races that lived within the empire. Many of these areas were overrun in short order by rampaging humanoids, creating a lawless buffer zone between Ravilla and its nearest enemies.

The First Free States
Those left behind quickly realized that they had to band together if they wanted to survive. Adventurers also flocked to the region, because it was easy to make a name for oneself there. The interaction between the original residents, the adventurers, and the humanoids created a group of small political entities known as the Free States. The names and borders of these states change frequently, since many of them are only held together by the charisma of one powerful leader. When a leader such as this dies in battle or falls prey to an assassin, the work of years can be undone in an instant.

The area of the Free States was initially quite large, and several warlords tried to set up kingdoms to rival Thalos. All of them failed. Once the Godwar started, things got even worse for the people of the Free States. Thalos mounted a sea-borne invasion, while troops also poured out of Govis. From the south came Drazen's Horde, tearing into the underbelly of the Free States with unbridled savagery. Ironically, it was only when the forces of Thalos and Drazen's Horde met that borders solidified to any degree.

Now the Free States are trying to survive, while titans clash around them. Many who live in the Free States have become mercenaries in the Godwar, hoping to profit in some small way from the carnage around them.

Some of the more stable Free States include:

Ironfist: This state was founded by a particularly clever ogre mage named Gallo, who realized that he could make more money protecting humans than killing them. Originally, he was the captain of a mercenary band, but he tired of cheap nobles trying to cheat him and his boys out of their pay. Gallo and his mercenaries drifted into the Free States looking for an opportunity. They found it in a town called Garrison.

A largely human settlement, Garrison had suffered since the elves withdrew. Gallo offered to protect the town in return for food and pay, and the humans readily agreed. The experiment was a rousing success, leading other neighboring towns to also ask for the ogres' protection. Gallo recruited more ogre warriors and spread his influence year by year. Within a decade, he found himself running an area the size of a small kingdom. It was only a matter of formalization at this point, so
Gallo christened the land Ironfist and has ruled as its Lord General ever since.

Fivestar: A successful adventuring band started this Free State, using the money they'd plundered in dungeons to fund the construction of a castle on an old elven site. People were attracted by the reputation of the adventurers and the safety the castle offered. The five heroes—a human, a dwarf, an elf, a half-orc, and a gnome—formed a council that rules by consensus. They have succeeded in expanding Fivestar and now control seven castles and forts in the surrounding area.

The biggest threat to Fivestar is Drazen's Horde. The Free State has repulsed several small attacks, but if a major army ever moves through their territory, it could be all over for these former adventurers. They maintain good relations with several Thalish captains and have offered their help to Almira's forces on several occasions. They hope that Thalos will return the favor if Drazen's eye ever falls on Fivestar.

Cult of the Return: A strange cult has taken over a string of monasteries in the southern mountains. The so-called Cult of the Return does not believe that the God of War is really dead. How could mortals slay a god after all? Rather, they believe that the god is testing the young races. Those who dedicate themselves to the teachings of the god will become the elite of the new order when the god returns, while the rest of the young races will be washed away in a tide of blood.

The cult members are not clerics and do not pray for spells in the traditional way. Instead, they are dedicated to physical and mental perfection, studying martial arts and their own philosophy. To prove their worth, these warrior monks sally forth from their monasteries to fight humanoids and other threats to the Free States. Despite the cult's strange teachings, their help is usually gladly accepted.
Most Mordengard warbands rely on high armor, melee prowess, and lots of command. Here's an entirely different type of Mordengard warband that might make you rethink some non-Mordengard strategies as well.

### Infinite Shock

**Models**
- Dwarf Cleric (Commander) 14
- 9 Dwarf Shock Troopers 54
- Human Warrior (reserve) 2

**Total: 70**

**Terrain**
4 Sacred Circles

#### The Set Up (Skirmish)

Use your entire set up area—in a skirmish use the full 8 inches on your edge of the table. Don't clump any of your units together. In fact, deploy each Dwarf Shock Trooper as far from the rest of your Shock Troopers as you can! In chemistry, they call the look you're going for a homogeneously saturated solution.

#### The Plan

If you've played against a Shock Trooper even once, you know that their one-time 3 damage ranged attack can scare the bejeebies out of people. Played properly, Infinite Shock scares your opponent all game long. Instead of throwing your troops into melee as fast as possible, like most Mordengard armies, Infinite Shock tries to keep its distance, maximizing each Shock Trooper's chance to make its one Elemental Weapon blast count.

The purpose of the wide deployment is that you don't want the enemy to be able to rush you all at once. You don't have enough Command Points to maneuver your warband into perfect firing positions. If you spread your models out from the very start of the game, even your uncommanded troops who move toward the nearest enemy model or toward the center of the board will be able to maintain some distance from your other troops.

You don't want too much distance from your targets. Your Elemental Weapon attacks only have a range of 6 inches, and your Shock Troopers can move 4 inches and fire. Your best options are to stand and receive a fast moving enemy, or, against an enemy who plays coy, to make steady rolling progress toward a distance which will enable you to move and shoot.

The key to the warband's success is to get clear shots with every one of the Dwarf Shock Trooper's ranged attacks. The key to getting clear shots is to never, no matter how tempted you are, fire into melee.

Under normal circumstances, the Shock Trooper's ranged attack is +4 to hit. Firing into melee, it's effectively +0, even worse if there are other models in between the ranged attacker and the target.

Consequently, if the initiative rolls fail to go your way, and a more powerful enemy model manages to rush one of your Shock Trooper's before you've been able to start firing Elemental Weapons, here's the shocking trick you've got to pull: Spend a command point and move your Shock Trooper away from the enemy. Take the morale save for leaving melee contact, and take the attack of opportunity the enemy will get against you. Even if you lose the Shock Trooper, here's the enemy's reward: They're looking down the barrels of the rest of your Shock Troopers, and you still have two models to move this turn!

Obviously you don't want to pull this stunt if the enemy who has rushed you is someone puny who your Shock Trooper can handle in melee. But if the enemy is using models that cost more than 6 points—and in the Blood & Darkness underground combat environment that's likely—trading in one of your Dwarven Shock Troopers for a couple free shots is a bargain.

The good news is that this is a worst-case
scenario. Because you are moving three models at a time, you'll usually be able to get your shots when you want them. Stay patient, accept casualties, and retreat if you have to in order to wait for a better shot. You'll be surprised at how well this warband can hold its own with warbands that appear more powerful.

And best of all, the Dwarven Shock Troopers don't just dry up and blow away once they've fired their Elemental Weapon. In sections of the battlefield where you’re not expecting to do any more ranged attacks, your Shock Troopers can mix it up with the enemy in melee. If your opponent is concentrating on the Troopers who have not yet fired their i-shot attacks, you might even be able to maneuver a Shock Trooper against an enemy commander.

What Type of Fun Have We Got Here?
This warband is a joy to play. It’s quirky, it’s capable of great things, and it’s even fun to play against. In our experience, games against high-save dwarves armed with i-shot weapons yield dramatic moments, drastic turnarounds, and exhilarating finishes . . . no matter who wins.

Notes & Options
The cross-faction Human Warrior isn’t really necessary, but if you keep him on the back line until the game settles into the Ragnarok melee phase, he can waddle in and provide a timely gang-up bonus or a final hit or two. Alternatively, stick him in front of the Shock Troopers and let him run away from the first melee, taking the hit that might otherwise cost you a Shock Trooper.

Using the Strategy with Other Warbands
If you are playing non-Mordengard ranged attack warbands, are you in the habit of clumping all your ranged attackers together? Try something different, especially when you outnumber your enemy. Try deploying your models widely spread instead of clumped together. This way you get ranged attacks for more turns than if you’ve put all your archers together.

This might sound counter-intuitive for many “archer-armies,” particularly for Ravilla. The Gray Elf Warsinger encourages you to clump your ranged attack elves together in order to get the +2 attack and morale bonus from the Warsinger. But against fast enemies like Abyssal Ravagers or Skeletal Wardogs, grouping together can allow the enemy to catch all your ranged attackers quickly.

So try a Ravilla warband that does not include a Warsinger, and spread it out across as much space as you can find on the battlefield. Try something like this:

**All Arrows**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Models</th>
<th>Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Wood Elf Ranger (Commander)</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 Wood Elf Scouts</td>
<td>54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Human Warrior</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total: 70

Terrain
4 Quagmires

Your +28 Scouting Bonus should give you the ten point Scouting check margin you need to change Gloom into normal lighting conditions. Your opponent will try to screw you up by setting up terrain to block as many lines of sight as possible, but choosing quagmires ensures that you can leave central pieces of the battlefield with clear line of sight.

Your warband has only one command point, just enough to let you maneuver one Wood Elf Scout a turn. Therefore your chance for victory is likely to pivot on the terrain your opponent brings to the table and your patience in doing just enough to avoid losing while setting yourself up for eventual clear shots. Aboveground, of course, the conditions would be much more in your favor.

Unlike Infinite Shock, All Arrows strongly prefers the Standard Skirmish scenario. All Arrows might be able to succeed at Pincer Move, and there’s no reason to think that it can’t fight more or less adequately in Kill the Leader games, but neither Capture and Hold nor Blood Harvest are winning situations for a warband that wants to do nothing but stand as far away as possible and shoot.
This month the Sage turns his attention to questions about the Oriental Adventures book for the D&D game.

The Oriental Adventures book says, on page 58 and 59, that ordinary damage is halved as well as the bonus damage from the skill when you use the laijutsu Focus skill to attack an object. What is the corresponding rule in the Player's Handbook?

Is there a limit on the number of times the Falling Star Strike feat can be used?

Handbook? Is unarmed damage against objects always halved?

As stated in the FAQ (check out www.wizards.com/dnd for the latest FAQ), ignore the line that refers to half damage on page 58 and 59—it's an error. Objects take normal damage from melee attacks (although many objects have hardness ratings that reduce such damage). Note that objects are immune to subdual damage (see page 135 in the Player's Handbook). To deal damage to an object, you either have to take a -4 to your attack roll (which is how you deal normal damage with an unarmed strike), or have the Improved Unarmed Strike feat, or be a monk.

If a character with the sneak attack ability and the laijutsu Focus skill enters into a duel and wins the laijutsu Focus check, does the damage from laijutsu Focus stack with the sneak attack damage?

Yes. Note, however, that you probably won't get a sneak attack in a duel. If there's an iaijutsu duel, the foe will be aware and not caught flat-footed (both characters in the duel have effectively "acted" during the stance and focus phases and are not flat-footed even if they lose initiative in the strike phase), and your foe probably won't be flanked, either.

Is there a limit on the number of times per round or per day that the Falling Star Strike feat can be used? For example, my monk uses a flurry of blows against a humanoid opponent and makes three attacks. Could I force three saves against blindness if all three of my attacks were hits? Do I still cause normal damage on a hit as well? (I notice that you inflict no damage when you use the Freezing The Lifeblood feat.)

As mentioned in the FAQ, you can use Falling Star Strike once a round, and each use expends one of your day's allotment of stunning attacks. Unlike Freezing The Lifeblood, a hit with Falling Star Strike inflicts damage.

Does the Improved Grapple feat allow you the opportunity for additional damage on an attack? In other words, if I first strike with an unarmed attack for d6 points of damage and then get a grapple check as a free action, can I then deal another d6 points of damage if I win the grapple check? Can I start a pin? What about multiple attacks? For example, if I make three melee attacks could I potentially strike with the first blow for d8, win a grapple for d8 damage, strike with the next blow for d8, win another grapple for d8, and then strike with the last blow for d8 and win the grapple for a pin? If I won the last grapple check could I instead choose to end the grapple?

As stated in the FAQ, the Improved Grapple feat does not allow you to cause damage when you initially establish a grapple using the feat. The benefit of the feat is that you don't take an opportunity attack for initiating a grapple, and you can choose to use the feat any time you hit for damage with an unarmed strike. The Improved Grapple feat is not meant to allow you to deal damage twice with one attack.

When using the Improved Grapple feat, you automatically grab an opponent after hitting for damage, and then you attempt to establish a hold with a grapple check. You do not inflict damage with this grapple check, but once you have established the hold, any further grapple checks you make can make you more difficult to hit.

Pinning works the same way as damage. You must first have a hold on your opponent before you can make a grapple check to pin.

When you have multiple attacks and you establish a hold, you can either continue grappling or continue striking. If you choose the latter, any additional damage could be dealt.

POWER PLAY
Once, Tiwce, Thrice by Stephen Schubert

The Rapid Shot feat grants an extra ranged attack each round, with a -2 penalty to all attacks. But not all attacks in the round have to be ranged. A 1st-level human ranger with 18 Strength and 18 Dexterity could take the Point Blank Shot and Rapid Shot feats, then fight with two daggers and have three attacks in a round: Primary melee attack at +1 (+1 base, +4 Strength) for d4+4 points of damage (dagger + Strength), secondary melee attack at +1 (as primary attack) for d4+2 points of damage (dagger, +4 Strength, +1 Point Blank Shot), and thrown attack from Rapid Shot with first dagger at +2 (+1 base, +4 Dexterity, +1 Point Blank Shot, +2 two weapons, +2 Rapid Shot) for d4+5 points of damage (dagger, +4 Strength, +1 Point Blank Shot).
**POWER PLAY**

**Medic! by Stephen Schubert**

An inevitable side effect of combat is injury. For those parties that tend to get beat up frequently, a *wand of cure light wounds* is much more economical than potions of the same. At standard prices, a charge from a wand is 15 gp (750 gp divided by 50 charges) versus 50 gp for a *potion of cure light wounds*. Even with no cleric in the party, the wand can still be useful, as rangers, paladins, druids, and bards all have the ability to use it. Even a 1st-level rogue could chip in—with 4 ranks in Use Magic Device and a 12+ Charisma a 1st-level rogue has a +5 to Use Magic Device skill checks to activate the wand (DC 20).

An Isawa shugenja can choose any spell of her favored element from the shugenja spell list as her school spell at each level. She cannot choose spells that appear on other school’s spell lists but not on the shugenja spell list (such as fireball, soul bind, or horse’s nose).

All the hengeyokai in the *Oriental Adventures* book have animal forms that are size Small or smaller. Can a hengeyokai assume a larger size? Can they assume different animal forms?

No, a hengeyokai’s animal form and the animal form’s size is fixed, as is its hybrid form (see next question).

A hengeyokai in hybrid form has hands (at least after a fashion). What happens when a crane or sparrow hengeyokai assumes a hybrid form? Can they still fly if their wings become pairs of hands? Can they fly as if they had the *fly* spell cast upon them? Do they add an extra pair of limbs to use while still retaining the use of their wings? What size can the hybrid form be?

**THE UNSPEAKABLE OAF**

by John Kovalic

The *Oriental Adventures* book has a list of the shugenja schools and the spells belonging to each school, starting on page 91. I can find no such list for the Isawa school. Can an Isawa shugenja choose another shugenja’s school? Is there an Isawa school spell list somewhere else?

Shugenjas of the Isawa school can specialize in any of the four elements, as mentioned on page 27 and page 222. (Shugenjas of the Phoenix clan’s Agasha school specialize in fire, and use the school spell list on page 91.)

Hold you might establish through the Improved Grapple feat has no effect. If you choose the former, you can progress though the normal grappling sequence (hold to damage or hold to pin). Note that once you pin your foe, there’s no point in making any further grapple checks unless you want to inflict damage through grappling.

The example character could strike once, dealing id8 points of damage, and then establish a hold with the same attack. The character’s next attack could be a normal strike, or it could be a grapple check. If the later, a success could damage the opponent or establish a pin. The third and final attack could be a normal strike, it could establish a pin (if a pin had not been established earlier), or it could be another grapple check that inflicts damage. If you win a grapple check, you can end the grapple.

The *Oriental Adventures* book refers to a feat called Great Throw several times, but there is no feat called Great Throw described anywhere. What does this feat do?

Here’s the feat description:

**Great Throw** [General]

You can throw your opponents to the ground, choosing where they land and dealing damage in the process.

**Prerequisites:** Improved Unarmed Strike, Dexterity 13+, Dodge, Improved Trip, Combat Reflexes.

**Benefit:** When you make a successful unarmed trip attack against a creature no larger than your own size, you can choose where the creature lands, within the area you threaten. In addition, you deal your normal unarmed strike damage to the opponent. When you use this option, however, you may not make a follow-up melee attack using the Improved Trip feat.

"NOT TO WORRY. AS LUCK WOULD HAVE IT, ONE OF MY SPELLS IS INFlict MINER WOUNDS..."
A crane or sparrow hengeyokai in hybrid form has "hands" at the ends of its wings. They can fly at speed 20 (average maneuverability). When flying, the hengeyokai cannot hold a buckler or shield in either hand and can hold only light weapons or objects weighing 6 pounds or less.

All the hengeyokai listed in the Oriental Adventures book have Medium-sized hybrid forms.

If a hengeyokai character were to reach one of the levels where an ability score can be increased and were to add that increase to one of his physical ability scores, would the ability score increase also affect his hybrid form ability modifiers to the character's current ability scores, whatever they might happen to be at the time the character assumes the form.

A hengeyokai in human form uses his normal ability scores.

Is it possible for my nezumi character to swing his sword and also make a bite attack if he uses the full attack action? If so, what would the attack modifiers be?

A nezumi can make one natural unarmored attack once per round. This attack can be a bite or a claw attack. An unarmed nezumi can't make two claw attacks and a bite attack with a full-attack action nor a single claw attack and a bite attack. A nezumi could, however, make a normal unarmed attack (as a monk, for instance) and then make an additional bite or claw attack with a full-attack action.

If your nezumi character is using a weapon but has one free hand, he could use a single bite or claw attack as a natural secondary attack. The character's weapon attack would be unaffected, and the bite or claw would suffer a -5 penalty (or -2 if the character had the Multiattack feat). Also, the nezumi could wield a weapon two-handed or carry a weapon and a shield and make a bite attack as a natural secondary attack. The lizardfolk's weapon attack would be unaffected, and the bite or claw would suffer a -5 penalty (or -2 if the character had the Multiattack feat).

The dastana and chahar-aina each have an armor check penalty of 1. What armor check penalties do masterwork versions of these items have? What armor check penalty would mithral versions of these items have?

The armor check penalty for any item of masterwork armor is reduced by 1 (see page 113 in the Player's Handbook). A masterwork dastana or chahar-aina has an armor check penalty of 0.

On the other hand, apply hybrid form ability modifiers to the character's current ability scores, whatever they might happen to be at the time the character assumes the form.

Mithral reduces armor check penalties by 3 (see page 243 in the Dungeon Master's Guide). The minimum armor check penalty is 0. The reduction for mithral and for masterwork stacks.

Elven chainmail is very light. Can a player combine a dastana and chahar-aina with elven chainmail?

No. You can use dastana or chahar-aina (or both) only over padded, leather, or chain shirt armor (see page 75 in the Oriental Adventures book).

Is a kappa shell really the shell of a kappa? Is it just a stylized tower shield?

physical score in his animal form? For example, a dog hengeyokai character advances to 3rd level during a campaign and gains an effective character level of 4. He decides to put the ability score increase into his Constitution. In his human form his Constitution score goes up by 1, while in his hybrid form it goes up by 3 (one for the ability score increase and two for the +2 Constitution bonus his subrace receives). But when the character is in animal form does he have a Constitution score of 15 (the value listed on page 12 of the Oriental Adventures book) or does the increase boost it up now to a 16 whenever he is in his animal form?

How do the ability score increases affect a hengeyokai in all three forms?

First, the character has to have 4 class levels to get the ability boost, not 3. ECL affects the XP you need to earn your next level, but it does not increase your actual character level (you do get a bonus feat for reaching level 3 though). The example hengeyokai can change form 4 times per day (+1 his character level of 3). The Sage examined ECL in some detail back in issue #290.

The physical ability scores for an animal form are fixed—you get the same ability scores no matter what yours are. These scores are shown on Table 1-3 of Oriental Adventures.
As stated in the FAQ, a kappa shell is really a shell from a kappa, and it really weighs 45 pounds. The kappa is actually larger than described. It should be 3 feet tall and weigh 65 pounds (most of that being its shell).

Say a monk has two tonfas and has 2 unarmed attacks per round, would the second tonfa give a third attack if the monk had the Ambidexterity and Two Weapon Fighting feats? Or would that extra tonfa be included in the base unarmed attacks of 2 per round?

A tonfa is a martial arts weapon, so a monk using one can attack at his unarmed rate. A second tonfa doesn't add any extra attacks, but the monk can use a flurry of blows if armed with two martial arts weapons (see page 39 of the Player's Handbook) making the extra attack from the flurry with the second weapon.

Suppose I'm a multiclassed shugenja/wu jen. Does my shugenja's element focus bonus to spell saving throw DCs stack with my wu jen's elemental mastery bonus?

No. As the Sage pointed out back in issue #27, you keep your spell lists and daily spells separate when you're a multiclassed spellcaster. Apply the shugenja's element focus bonus only to the spells the character casts as a shugenja. Apply the wu jen's elemental mastery bonus only to the spells the character casts as a wu jen.

If I'm a multiclassed shugenja/wu jen, do the limitations for my shugenja class extend to my wu jen class? For example, I'm a Unicorn shugenja who specializes in water, so I cannot cast shugenja fire spells. Can I learn melt as a wu jen?

As noted in the previous question, the character's two spellcasting classes are completely separate. The shugenja's elemental limits don't extend to other spellcasting classes the shugenja might have.

Can a wizard learn wu jen spells? I understand that a wizard cannot simply choose wu jen spells to learn for free at a new level, but if a wizard found a scroll of snake darts written by a wu jen, could that wizard copy it into her spellbook? Could she cast it from the scroll? The scroll descrip-

A wizard cannot learn any spell not on the wu jen spell list. Note that there are a few exceptions to this rule.

Note that sorcerer characters can use either the sorcerer/wizard spell list from the Player's Handbook or the wu jen spell list from the Oriental Adventures book, not both. A sorcerer who uses wu jen spells can read any wu jen spell from a scroll (subject to the limits noted on page 203 of the Dungeon Master's Guide), but cannot use scrolls from the sorcerer/wizard list in the Player's Handbook.

The description of the water to poison spell specifically says the poison DC is tied to the caster's Intelligence, even though a maho-tsukai (who casts spells according to his taint score) casts it. Should all stat-related DCs throughout the Oriental Adventures book use the caster's relevant ability score?

In general, a spell's saving throw DC depends on the relevant ability for the caster's class. However, if a spell description specifically says what ability to use (for example kiss of the toad specifies Intelligence), use that score instead. On the other hand, a maho-tsukai always uses taint instead of the relevant ability score, even when a spell description specifies an ability.

I have started building a sorcerer/eunuch warlock, level 11/7. It seems that the extra spell level he gains as a 5th-level eunuch warlock is useless, because he should be able to cast 6th-level spells but as an 11th-level sorcerer he doesn't know any. What happens, do I have to lose the extra slot?

If you're a sorcerer, bard, or a member of another class that works with a personal repertoire of spells, you get one spell known (if you need it) when you reach 5th or 10th level. Note that you still can't cast the spell unless you also put one of your bonus spells there or unless you have an ability score high enough to get a bonus spell of that level.
Campaign Websites

Building and maintaining a simple campaign website is a fun and rewarding project with a wealth of potential benefits for your group. For starters, your players can browse any information that you prepare, which is currently filling all of those binders and notebooks you’ve got, as often as they wish, at any time, and not just on game days. Also, you can multitask by doing website updates and game preparation at the same time. And because the Web is a visual medium, there is unlimited potential for pictures, maps, and graphics to bring your stories and settings to full-color life.

Websites are inexpensive to create and maintain. Free hosting is easily available, there are no copying costs involved when adding new pages, it only takes a minute to change something if it’s wrong, and you can personalize your site to your heart’s content so that it suits your campaign’s mood, the group’s aesthetics, and your DMing style to perfection.

Know Your Goals
Before diving into all the neat things you can do with a website, let’s consider briefly who your site is for and what you want it to accomplish. First, there are three potential audiences for your site: the Dungeon Master, the players, and other Internet users. Would you prefer to build a DM-only tool to help track and plan things better, or do you want a resource for your players to turn to for research, help, and entertainment? Perhaps both? Also keep in mind that other Internet users could access the site—decide whether to make things user-friendly for them as well or to keep the group’s inside jokes to yourselves.

Your decision boils down to this: a site for your sole use can be plain, simple, and organized exactly the way you think and work, whereas a site that is a resource for your players or the public needs to be easy to navigate, easy to understand, and updated often to keep interest high.

Also, consider that a website can be used as a great tool during sessions if you have a net-enabled computer near the gaming table. This will affect the content you post and how it gets organized for fast access while playing.

By deciding who and what your site is for before you step up to the keyboard and start building, you can avoid wasting your valuable time.

A Tool for the Dungeon Master
One of the most powerful features of a campaign website is the hyperlink. A hyperlink lets you click on a word or phrase that you’ve specially prepared and takes you to wherever you’ve planned for it to go. Have you ever shuffled through mounds of papers looking for an NPC’s name or tried to find that napkin where you wrote down those cool magic item ideas? Maybe you’re trying to flip back and forth between four different places in your notes, piecing related bits together. A link lets you instantly zoom to a Web page of information and return to where you were with the click of a button. That makes finding and using information a whole lot easier and faster—and D&D campaigns certainly tend to accumulate a lot of information!

This is just the tip of the iceberg because you can use links to build valuable directories of instantly accessible information to help you find things more quickly than ever before. For example:

• An NPC list that links to NPC descriptions and statistics
• Map directories that lead to all the maps you’ve scanned in and uploaded
• Linked directories to all the game world information that you’ve prepared, like deities, cities, and kingdoms information

Another thing you can do with HTML (HyperText Mark-up Language)—the easy-to-learn programming language that Web pages are constructed with—is quickly build tables and charts. Now you can create all the encounter, magic item, and critical hit charts that you can think of, keep them organized with a simple hyperlink index page, and print them out for use at the game table. It’s also fast, fun, and easy to make changes and updates.

A Tool for the Players
Players are busy people just like yourself, but if they get some value from
Session Logs
Whether you annotate session events, write a regular campaign newsletter (see “DM’s Toolbox” DRAGON #292), or have one of your players do all of this for you, a session log is a fantastic tool to add to your site. It will help everyone keep events and chronologies straight, and players can return periodically to scour for loose ends, clues, and ideas. Give each session’s log a title, like a chapter in a book, to create a special feel.

Rogue’s Gallery
This is another fantastic tool that will help players and Dungeon Masters alike. For every NPC heard about or met during play, post some information about them and add their name to a master link list, perhaps divided into “friend,” “foe,” and “other” sections for fast navigation. Include a picture, game date and session date first met, last known location, a brief biography, and a description. Ask players for their speculations about various NPCs, and add those comments as well. Don’t forget to update this section often.

The Grand Tour
Scour the Web for pictures, graphics, and information, and add your own descriptions to create a tour of the PCs’ home base, be it a village, castle, or kingdom. Create a series of hyperlinked pages, with linked references to important NPCs, legends, buildings, and so on for players to explore over time as the campaign winds on. Be sure to include lots of mysterious places, interesting NPCs, and strange lore, and hint at many things without giving away any secrets to draw the players in and compel them to initiate their own side-treks and adventures.

Top Three Tips
1. Keeping Information Secret
If you want a shared website with sections that you don’t wish the players to see, you can easily create secret pages that only you can find. Unless you link directly to a page from a Web page, your players will never know about or find your secret caches of information. So, only link to pages you want to give players access to, and create and record the names of the other pages for your private use. It often helps to come up with a secret table of contents page for yourself so you can quickly find all of your hidden pages.

You can also come up with a secret Web page naming code. For example, you might create a player’s and a DM’s version of every NPC, but you name the DM versions with an “xx” added to each page’s name. That’s easy to remember and use.

2. Update Frequently
Be sure to maintain your website and put up new information all the time. It’s better to constantly add small tidbits than to make one big update every few weeks. It’s also handy to make a “What’s New” page to help everyone quickly find out what’s been added recently. If you don’t update your site often, your players will stop visiting, and you might find that your new Webmastering skills get rusty.

3. Keep it Simple
Focus first on posting great content and making finding information as easy as possible before worrying about graphics and other bells and whistles. Keeping your site simple makes it easy for you to update and maintain, and if you want to add flavor and style, use interesting words and other writers’ techniques rather than slow-loading graphics and hard-to-read fancy fonts. A simple site full of great information and simple text links beats a half-finished, buggy, and complicated website any day.

10 Content Ideas for a DM Only Website

1. Campaign and world maps
2. Campaign or adventure back ground information and history
3. Game rules management: updates, house rules
4. Encounter tables
5. Notes, reminders, to-do lists
6. Character statistics and bios for planning
7. Links to your favorite research and inspirational sites
8. Towns and cities information
9. NPC statistics and information
10. Custom monster statistics and information

Your site, they’ll be sure to visit often, and your campaign will benefit greatly if you plan things right. In addition to the list of ideas in the sidebars, here are a few special projects that might thrill your players and make your campaign website a guaranteed hit.

Character Creation Guide
Have you seen the Hero Builder’s Guidebook? It’s a great D&D supplement that helps flesh characters out and make them into three dimensional roles for players to get excited about and enjoy playing. Why not create your own? Before your campaign starts, or when a new PC is needed, players can go to the site and read your custom guidelines, such as races allowed, classes allowed, religion information, magic information, official supplements allowed, area maps, political information, and random tables. Feel free to include charts, character questionnaires, bonus tasks, and anything else you can think of to make character creation entertaining and relevant to your campaign.

Research and Clues
Do you cringe when the PCs enter libraries or chat with bards? Save the boring monologue, and post the campaign’s histories, legends, and current events to the website instead. Then tell your players to visit the website between sessions. Not only will the players learn and remember more, but they can return again and again, which makes this a perfect opportunity to plant long-term campaign clues, hooks, and goals!

10 Content Ideas for a Players’ Website

1. Special or custom character creation information
2. Campaign background information
3. Game world information the PCs would know or could learn
4. Session logs or campaign newsletter
5. NPC summaries, descriptions, and pictures
6. Character development assignments and rewards
7. Campaign current events, news, and rumors
8. Magic item lore and legends
9. Maps of places the characters have explored
10. Gaming fiction and art created by the players

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ALL IS IN READINESS.

O DREAD MISSION!
AT YOUR COMMAND,
WE WILL EXTINGUISH
THE HATED SUN.

EX-CELLENT! I
ALWAYS LOOK
BETTER IN
MOONLIGHT!

WHAT?
THE INEPTLY EVIL
THING WAS CUTE
FOR A WHILE—AND
THE OUTFITS ARE
GREAT—BUT IT'S
GETTING TIRED.

QUIT?
THAT'S RIGHT,
AND I'M
STARTING A
WHOLE NEW
GAMING STRIP.

ALRIGHT—
THAT'S IT!
I'VE HAD IT!

WHAT DO
YOU MEAN
INEPT?
I QUIT.

IN THIS STRIP, I'M JUST
A NORMAL GUY, LIVING A
NORMAL LIFE, WITH A
NORMAL SOLAR-POWERED
DICE BUSINESS.

I'VE GOT SOME HAPPY,
NORMAL EMPLOYEES...

A NORMAL GIRL FRIEND

SO- HOW IS
THE SOLAR
POWERED DICE
BUSINESS?

...COULD BE
BETTER.

HA! LET'S
SEE 'MISS
NORMAL' FIX
THIS!